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FIRST EDITION.

PHILADELPHIA.

Few Delegates Yet Arrived—Greeley to be Nominated at Baltimore—Buckalew's Nomination Creating Dissatisfaction—A Split in the Party Probable—Forney Reconciled to the State Ticket—Dedication of the Wigwam—The Business Interests of the Country for Grant.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
PHILADELPHIA, June 2, 1872.

Few Delegates on the Ground.

Very few delegates have arrived. Gen. Hawley, of Connecticut; Gov. Noyes, of Ohio, and Gen. Burnside are among the arrivals to-day.

Greeley to be the Democratic Nominee.

The opinion is general that Greeley will be the Baltimore nominee, and among Republicans the wish is no less general. It is claimed by his friends that Pennsylvania will be for him is the Convention. The Democratic leaders admit that while many of the people are "going back on" Greeley, they cannot help themselves, and few expect anything else than a split in the party.

A Split in Pennsylvania.

Buckalew's nomination creates much dissatisfaction here, and there is a prospect of a serious split. The *Sunday Transcript*, which is influential in the party, has taken decided grounds against him.

Forney Again in the Traces.

Col. Forney, who has returned from Washington to-day, is understood to be reconciled to the Republican State ticket, and will hereafter throw all his influence for it.

The Great Republican Wigwam

Will be dedicated Tuesday evening, when General Logan will speak. Gov. Morton is also announced.

The Business Interests Solid for Grant.

Reports from every quarter are that the great business interests of the country are wheeling in for Grant, and view the possibility of a change with alarm.

By Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, June 2.—The *Tribune* special from Philadelphia says: The New York delegation will be here entire Monday, and Tuesday morning will elect a chairman, select committeemen and come to some determination as to the Vice President. There appears some division of sentiment among the delegates as to this, and it is thought Henry Wilson will have a large vote among them. Colfax also has strength, and will probably receive barely half on the first ballot.

William D. Bickham, of the Ohio delegation, has arrived, and announces that Craighead has a letter from Governor Dennison withdrawing as a candidate, and that Colfax will receive the vote of nearly the whole of this delegation. The Vice Presidency is dubious, and although just now the contest lies between Colfax and Wilson, it is difficult to say who will be chosen. The Connecticut delegation has determined to bring forward General Hawley, and he may be a compromise candidate.

POLITICAL.

B. Gratz Brown's Letter of Acceptance of the "Liberal" Nomination for Vice President.

ST. LOUIS, June 1.—In reply to the notification of his nomination as Vice President by the Cincinnati Convention, Governor Brown makes the following response:

Executive Office, Jefferson City, May 31, 1872.—Gentlemen: Your letter advising me of the action of the Liberal Republican Convention at Cincinnati has been received, and I return through you my acknowledgment of the honor which has been conferred upon me. I accept the nomination as a candidate for Vice President, and indorse most cordially the resolutions setting forth the principles on which appeal is made to the whole of the United States. A century is closing upon our experience of republican government, and while that lapse of time has witnessed the great expansion of our free institutions, yet it has not been without illustrations also of grave dangers to the stability of such a system. Of those successfully encountered it is needless to speak. Of those which remain to menace us the most threatening are provided against, as I firmly believe, in the wise and pacific measures proposed by your platform. It has come to be the practice of those elevated to positions of national authority to regard public service not as a public trust, but only means to retain power. This results in substituting mere party organization for government itself, constitutes a control amenable to no laws or moralities, impairs all independent thought, enables the few to rule the many, and makes personal allegiance the road to favor. It requires little forecast to perceive this will wreck our liberties unless there be interposed a timely reform of administration from its highest to lowest station, which shall not only forbid abuses but likewise take away the incentive to their practice. Wearied with the contentions that are carried on in avarice of spoils, the country demands repose, resents the effort of officials to dragoon it again into partisan hostilities, and will zealously sustain any movement promising a sure deliverance of the perils which have been connected with the war. It is safe to say that only those are now to be feared which come of an abuse of victory into permanent estrangement. The Union is fortified by more power than ever before, and it remains as an imperative duty to cement our nationality by a perfect reconciliation. At the North a widespread sympathy is aroused on behalf of those States of the South which, long after the termination of resistance to rightful federal authority, are still plundered under the guise of loyalty and tyrannized over in the name of freedom. Along with this feeling is present, too, the recognition that on complete amnesty alone can be founded a hope of any return to constitutional government as of old, or any development of a more enduring unity and broader national life in future. Amnesty, however, to be efficacious must be real, not nominal; genuine, not evasive. It must carry along with it equal rights as well as equal protection to all, for removal of disabilities to some with enforcement as to others leaves room for suspicions that pardon is measured by political gain, and especially will proferred clemency be futile in the presence of renewed attempts at prolonging a suspension of the *habeas corpus*, in persistent resort to martial rather than civil law, in upholding those agencies used to alienate the races when concord is most essential, and in preparing another elaborate campaign on a basis of dead issues and arbitrary interventions; all will rightly credit such conduct as but a mockery of amnesty, and demand an administration which can give better warrant of honesty in the great work of reconstruction and reform. The array of sectional interests in a republic so wide-spread as ours is never entirely safe from serious conflict. These become still more dangerous when complicated with questions of taxation, where unequal burdens are believed to be imposed on one part at the expense of another part. It was a bold as well as admirable policy in the interest of present as well as future tranquility to withdraw the decision of industrial and revenue matters from the virtual arbitration of an electoral college, chosen with a single animating purpose of party ascendancy, and refer them for a more direct popular expression to each Congressional district. Instead of being muzzled by some evasive declaration, the country is thereby invited to its frankest utterance, and sections which would revolt at being denied a voice, out of deference to others' success would be content to acquiesce in a general judgment honestly elicited. If local government be, as it undoubtedly is, the most wise principle of our institutions, much advance will be made towards re-establishing it by enabling the people to pass upon questions so nearly affecting their well being dispassionately through their local representatives. The precipitancy which would force a controlling declaration on tax or tariff through a Presidential candidacy is only a disguised form of centralization, involving hazardous reaches of executive influence. A conclusion would be much more impartially determined, and with less disturbance to trade and finance, by appealing to the most truthful and diversified local expression. Industrial issues can be thus likewise emancipated from the power of great monopolies, each canvass made to determine its own instruction, and each representative held to fidelity toward his immediate constituents. These are the most prominent features of that general concert of action which proposes to replace the present administration by one now in sympathy with the aspirants of the masses of our countrymen. Of course such concert cannot be attained by thrusting every minor or past difference into the foreground, and it will be for the people therefore to determine whether these objections are of such magnitude and present urgency as to justify them in differing on other adjustments until the country shall be first restored to a free suffrage, uninfluenced by official dictation, and ours becomes in fact a free republic, released from apprehension of a central domination. Without referring in detail to the various other propositions embraced in the resolutions of the Convention, but seeing how they contemplate a restoration of power to the people, peace to the nation, purity to the Government, that they condemn the attempt to establish an ascendancy of military over civil rule, and affirm with explicitness the maintenance of equal freedom to all citizens irrespective of race, previous condition or pending disabilities, I have only to pledge again my sincere co-operation. I have the honor to remain, very respectfully, yours.

B. GRATZ BROWN.

Gathering for Philadelphia Convention.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—But few delegates to the National Republican Convention have arrived and they are the advanced guard of different delegations. Among those in town to-night are ex-Governor Hawley, of Connecticut; William Vandever, of Iowa; B. Harrington, of Mississippi; Joseph McIntosh, of Indiana, and S. B. Andrews, of Washington territory. A large number of newspaper men are already quartered here.

XLII CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1, 1872.

SENATE.

Mr. COLE called up the resolution rescinding the order for final adjournment on the 3d.

Mr. BAYARD offered as a substitute the resolution of the House, adopted to-day, to adjourn on the 4th.

Mr. EDMONDS opposed the substitute.

Mr. WINDOM offered an amendment to adjourn on the 10th.

A motion to non-concur in the conference report on the steamboat bill, after a short debate, went over.

The sundry appropriation bill was informally laid aside and discussion on adjournment resumed.

Mr. FLANAGAN said the session would probably be prolonged by political speeches, but the responsibility was upon the enemies of the administration. Messrs. Sumner and Schurz thought the Senate must adjourn on Monday, and that there would be no time to answer them; but they were mistaken, for they would be answered, and answered successfully. Mr. Flanagan then proceeded to review the history of political parties.

Mr. COLE—I wish to appeal to my friend from Texas to let us proceed with public business. The House has just taken a recess, having nothing to do.

Mr. FLANAGAN—I wish my friend every prosperity in the world, but I am talking now. [Laughter.] Mr. Flanagan continued, censuring severely the Liberal Republicans, particularly Schurz.

Mr. CHANDLER moved to lay the adjournment resolution on the table and proceed with the conference report on the steamboat bill.

Mr. COLE said Mr. Chandler evidently wished to have Congress adjourn on Monday so as to make an extra session necessary. He questioned the wisdom of the course.

Mr. Chandler's motion was lost—yeas 14, nays 36.

Mr. Windom's amendment was also lost—yeas 16; nays 31.

Mr. MORTON was in favor of adjourning as soon as possible after disposing of the public business, but not before.

Mr. BAYARD said if an extra session should become necessary, it would not be the fault of the minority, because they had thrown no obstacle in the way.

Mr. MORTON said it was true that the Democrats had worked faithfully, had not obstructed business, but it was not true that the administration party will be responsible for the extra session, should one be called. The speeches made yesterday were not in the interest of the administration. The majority had worked to dispose of public business, but they were not responsible for the extraordinary interruption yesterday.

Mr. CASSERLY said the minority believed an extra session would be a great evil.

Mr. CONKLING advocated rescinding the resolution to adjourn Monday, leaving the end of the session open so as not to put it in the power of anybody to again embarrass public business, as was done yesterday. The Senator from Massachusetts (Sumner), said Mr. Conkling, having given notice that he found himself assaulted in the report of the Committee on Sales of Arms, interposed yesterday, moved to postpone the great appropriation bill, on which the movements of the government depend, and then launched on the Senate a printed essay which required four hours to pass his lips in which was made no reference to any vindication that he needed against the report of the Committee; touching the sale of arms. When five o'clock had come, and we had sat there weary with want of sleep and exhausting labor, the Senator from Missouri (Schurz) rose with a portentous pile of manuscript, and we were reminded that courtesy required us then to take a recess in order that Senators who were unaccustomed to go without food might refresh themselves, in order that the interval might command a more showy and imposing audience than was at that moment waiting on the Senator from Missouri. Mr. Conkling thought Mr. Sumner would live long enough to regret his speech—a speech aimed at another, but which the honorable Senator will find a boomerang, returning now and in the far future with a deadly blow. The other side voted for a recess, the evening was wasted, and now we are determining on the question as to throwing on the President the responsibility of calling an extra session. He hoped the Senate would pass only on the question of what was necessary in the exigency before it.

Mr. LOGAN was not surprised at the anxiety of Democrats to adjourn, after the malignant, cruel attack put forth in their interest. Democratic Senators had their case better presented by Senators claiming to be on his side of the chamber, and had done it better than either one of them is capable. If a called session results, it cannot now be laid at the door of the friends of the administration, but it can be laid at the door of two Senators who have been so studiously attacking the administration. If the session is extended, he (Logan) will attempt a defense against one of the most malignant assaults ever made against an honest man. The assault made yesterday against the President was fitted for no deliberative body on earth. It was fit only for the hustings, and it should have been uttered only from the lips of some stump orator, who knew not the courtesy or decencies of the Senate chamber. He proposed to defend the President on the stump, not because he indorsed everything that has been done by this administration, but because he believed an attack of this kind is intended to destroy the President with the people, whose liberties had been saved by his own strong arm, which, in the van of the loyalists of the land, severed the chains of slavery and preserved the Union: a thing that all the silvery words uttered by the tongue of the Senator from Massachusetts (Sumner) never effected, and never could effect. This attack has been made on a man to whom the country is more indebted than any other. He has shortcomings, perhaps, like other men, but he is entitled to the gratitude of the people. He is entitled to be secure from aspersion, from villification, from falsification, and from slander. [Subdued applause in the galleries.]

I tell the Senator from Massachusetts now, that he will find a response to that malignant speech in every crutch that aids a wounded soldier to wend his way through the world, in every wooden arm, in the grieved heart of every widowed mother mourning for her patriot son, that will overwhelm him and all his oratory. These will speak in thunder tones in defense of one of the most gallant soldiers that ever lived in any nation on earth. [Loud applause in the galleries, which was with difficulty suppressed.] This is all I shall say now on the subject, because I did not intend to occupy much time of the Senate on this occasion. He regretted that the speech of the Senator from Massachusetts was not in the *Globe* this morning, so that he might make a reply to it.

Mr. SUMNER—The Senator knows I am not responsible for that. My desire was to have it appear.

Mr. LOGAN—I am very sorry your desire was not accommodated. I am only stating the fact. The same is true of the speech of the Senator from Missouri, Schurz, last evening attacking the Arms Committee. Mr. Logan thought the purpose of these Senators would be understood by the people. They know that the road out of the Philadelphia Convention is the road right into the arms of the Democratic party; they understand that the attack on the man who is certain to be nominated at Philadelphia is in the interest of the Democratic party, everybody understands that. The course of these gentlemen reminds me of war times. There were plenty of men very loyal, but they were opposed to war. All the lifetime of the Senator from Massachusetts, his learning, statesmanship, he is now attempting to undo. He fell yesterday from his high estate. I know the Senator will not receive advice from me; I know I am not capable of giving it. But in conclusion I will say this: He spoke yesterday of the life boat of the nation. I tell him that the true lifeboat of the nation is the Republican party. When you attack the pilot, sow dissension among the crew, you do what the Democratic party has never been able to do. You sink the old Republican ship.

The amendments to Mr. Cole's resolution were voted down, and the Senate rescinded the order to adjourn *sine die* Monday, June 3d, by a vote of yeas 40, nays 16.

The sundry civil appropriation bill was resumed. Mr. Carpenter is entitled to the floor, but he is ill and will hardly dare reply to the speech made yesterday on Committee on Arms.

The President sent in his veto of the bill for the relief of Milton Best.

At 4:30 the Senate took a recess until 7:30.

EVENING SESSION.

The sundry civil appropriation bill was taken up and amendments adopted appropriating $150,000 to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to collect abandoned property of the United States, and $15,000 to introduce shad and other food fishes into the Gulf States and Mississippi Valley.

The resolution in reference to adjournment, from the House, with amendment fixing the time for adjournment on Wednesday, June 10th, was taken up.

Mr. SHERMAN moved the Senate concur in the House amendment.

Mr. CHANDLER opposed concurrence and advocated the appointment of a Committee of Coference.

Mr. CONKLING was willing to accept the House amendment, and referring to it said: If this amendment is not concurred in, it most probably will necessitate another session.

Mr. CHANDLER—Very well. One of the main reasons why I want no concurrence is that there may be an extra session. What have we to lose by that? We have nothing to lose and everything to gain, while the enemy is demoralized and absolutely routed before the fight begins. These brutal assaults, made here yesterday upon a man who could not answer because he was debarred this body, these brutal assaults upon one of the most honored men that this nation ever saw, will react with terrific force upon their authors.

Mr. POOLE moved an amendment fixing the time of adjournment Thursday, June 20.

Mr. CONKLING said he would vote for this amendment, because since he had spoken he had been informed there was a disposition on the part of the House to grant a further extension if the Senate desired, and further that by reason of the Convention next week many members of both Houses would be absent.

Mr. WILSON thought it best to take now then ten days the House had given and endeavor to finish up business, and if it could not, ask the House for a further extension. The Senate had made great a mistake in fixing so early a day of adjournment. He had advised his political associates not to engage in any more political debates, for they were utterly profitless. The people cared nothing about them, and all the speeches that had been made in the Senate since last December had not changed five votes.

The amendment of Mr. Poole was rejected.

Mr. POMEROY moved to insert Saturday June 15, as the time of adjournment.

Mr. HOWE was willing to vote for the time time fixed by the House, although he thought there was enough business to keep Congress four weeks. He might not feel satisfied to go away without hearing replies to the speeches made yesterday, but would be consoled with the knowledge that the people had answered them; they had in fact answered them a year ago.

Mr. CAMERON had for fifty years seen parties rise, culminate and fall in this country, and had never seen an instance in which men who abandoned party did not claim still to be members of it, but because the people would no more trust a traitor to his party than they would trust a traitor to his country.

The amendment of Mr. Pomeroy was rejected.

Mr. POOLE moved the Senate adjourn, his object being to compel adjournment on Monday, which would necessitate an extra session. The motion to adjourn was lost by a large majority.

The Senate then concurred in the amendment of the House, extending the time to Monday, June 10th—ayes 42, nays 13.

Mr. LOGAN called up the bill appropriating ten thousand dollars for the equestrian statue of General Rawlins, and it was passed.

The Senate then, at 11:15, adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. GARFIELD, a concurrent resolution was passed extending the session until Tuesday evening next at seven o'clock.

Motions to take recess and adjourn were offered, as there was no business pressing, but were rejected. A motion for recess until seven o'clock was agreed to by the casting vote of the Speaker.

EVENING SESSION.

On motion of Mr. SHANKS, the investigation into Indian frauds was ordered to be continued during the vacation, with power to send a sub-committee to the Indian territory.

A message was received from the Senate announcing that it had rescinded the concurrent resolution for adjournment on the 3d of June.

Mr. BUTLER, Massachusetts, called up and moved to concur with the Senate in that action, stating that the public business rendered that course necessary. He argued that the session should be brought to a close, leaving the responsibility of an extra session on the Executive or Senate.

Mr. BROOKS asked whether the President desired to call an extra session?

Mr. BUTLER—I really do not know. I have never asked him. I do not propose to. If I did, I should not be like some men, who come forward and retail his opinions here to carry their point. What has made the necessity for the extension of time? It is because in one branch of a certain parliamentary body a speech of four hours long was interjected in public business, intended to destroy the Republican party. That was followed by another speech two hours long on the same proposition.

Mr. HOLMAN objected that it was not in order to refer to what had occurred in the Senate.

Mr. BUTLER protested that he had not said a word about the Senate.

The SPEAKER sustained the point of order.

Mr. BUTLER said he did not think that Congress would get off in a fortnight.

After a little episode between the Speaker and Mr. Eldridge, in which each spoke of the other as having been grossly disrespectful, but which ended in mutual compliments and expressions of respect,

Mr. DAWES offered a resolution to adjourn Monday, June 10, expressing his belief that the Senate would agree to that.

Under some dilatory motions Mr. RANDALL made the proposition that no business be done during the days of the Philadelphia Convention.

Mr. DAWES said he intended to move to adjourn from Tuesday next till Thursday or Friday.

Mr. STEVENSON said there was no such agreement in the case of the Cincinnati Convention. [Laughter.]

Mr. DICKEY—It had no representatives here.

Mr. BINGHAM made some remarks in reference to public bills pending, meaning Ku Klux enforcement and civil rights bill, but Mr. BECK objected.

Finally, after considerable colloquy and opposition by Messrs. Bingham, Stevenson and Perce, Republicans, the resolution fixing Monday, 10th June, as the day of final adjournment, was adopted—125 to 60. Then, at 9:45, a recess was taken until Monday morning.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

Vote on the Subscription to the Wheeling and Lake Erie Road.

WHEELING, VA., June 1.—The returns are not sufficiently reported as yet to give the definite majority of the vote on the subscription to the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad and railroad bridge at this point to-day, but the returns as far as received will give a majority for the subscription by the city, and it is believed the city majority will carry the county on the county subscription.

LATER—The majority by the city in favor of the subscription to the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad is 1,115. The county has gone in favor of the subscription, but the exact majority is not ascertained.

The Eight-Hour Movement.

BOSTON, June 1.—The workingmen's meeting held last night in Faneuil Hall was presided over by Nathaniel E. Chase, President of the Trades Union. The object was to congratulate their fellow workmen in New York on the success of their recent movement. Mr. Chase advised mechanics to strike at once and asked the co-operation of every trade represented. The resolutions, while expressing the opinion that strikes were ordinarily unnecessary and inexpedient, recommended the measure in emergencies like the present; applauded the quiet, dignified manner in which the New York strike was conducted; advised workingmen to combine to crush tyranny when occasion required, and demanded of the city of Boston eight hours as a measure of daily work. William J. Falls, Dennis Griffin, S. B. Rumsdell, Charles T. Crane, John Caruthers and others addressed the meeting. Conrad Weir and Randolf Gratz, of New York, spoke to the Germans. An eight-hour petition to the City Council was circulated and trade signatures for organization asked for. The painters reported three hundred members in their Union, which was growing stronger. The audience was large and enthusiastic at first, but dwindled away at ten o'clock. Provision was made for the organization of a proposed delegate assembly and the meeting adjourned.

NEW YORK, June 1.—A meeting of varnishers, pianomakers and other striking trades was held this morning. One piano firm conceded the demands of their employees. The workingmen are confident the strike will end in a week. There are reports that the strikes will extend to Philadelphia and Baltimore next week.

Death of James Gordon Bennett.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The *Herald*, in announcing the death of Mr. Bennett, says: "Five years ago Mr. Bennett entirely withdrew from the active management of the *Herald*, but although feeble in frame his general health had been remarkably good, while his fine intellect remained unimpaired, and his interest in the events of the day continued unabated up to the moment of his fatal illness. About half past five o'clock last Saturday afternoon Mr. Bennett suffered a slight convulsive attack, accompanied by epileptic symptoms, but not sufficiently marked or violent to excite apprehension of immediate danger. At 10:30 last Sunday morning the attack was repeated with greater severity, and from that time the end became evident, although the constant attendance of Doctors Ceccarini, Hammond and Lusk insured the exhaustion of all within the reach of human effort to avert a fatal result. On Tuesday last, at the request of Mr. Bennett, Archbishop McCloskey visited his bedside and administered the sacraments of the Church. When his last hour arrived he sank to sleep in death calmly and peacefully, and his soul passed away without a struggle. Mr. Bennett was in the seventy-seventh year of his age."

Fire in Anderson, Ind.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
ANDERSON, IND., June 1, 1872.

The stave and heading factory of C. T. Doxey & Co., with a large amount of heading, was burned this morning at three o'clock. Loss estimated at $10,000; no insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The steamers Spain and Batavia, from Liverpool, arrived at New York on Saturday. The steamer Moravian arrived at Halifax Saturday morning and was quarantined, with one case of small-pox on board.

The bill authorizing the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway passed the Dominion House of Commons on Saturday.

Twenty-two piano manufacturers in New York have resolved to adhere to the ten hours rule.

The Methodist General Conference will adjourn to-morrow.

The provision store of W. G. Bell & Co., Commercial street, Boston, was destroyed by fire last evening. Loss $25,000; insured.

Bumstead and Vreland, members of the Jersey City Board of Works, were on Saturday found guilty of conspiracy to defraud the city. They will be sentenced to-day.

Hon. John Sandfield McDonald, late Premier of Ontario, Canada, died on Saturday.

A reduction of price by the Boston *Journal* to three cents has been followed by the *Traveller* and *Transcript*.

The Supreme Court of Florida has decided that W. D. Bloshall, Conservative, was elected Lieutenant Governor of the State in 1870. He has been sworn in.

Dr. Wm. Pitcher, of Hudson, N. Y., died Friday night last, from poison introduced into his system while attending an erysipelatous patient.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

The Supplemental Article Dead.

Aims of the English Cabinet.

THE SESSION EXTENDED TO THE 10th

Bitter Debate Expected in the Senate.

A FURIOUS ONSLAUGHT ON SUMNER.

Senator Wilson's Political Prospects

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 2, 1872.

The Supplemental Treaty Dead.

The President and Cabinet consider the supplemental article dead. No notice of its absolute rejection has arrived, but the propositions for explanation and changes are such as will not be accepted here. There is further a strong impression that the apparent desire to continue the negotiaitons is prompted solely by a desire not to precipitate action concerning the ministry at home. Still further than this, it has become the almost settled conviction of some of our highest officials that the English Cabinet has intended for some time that the Geneva Conference should not pass upon the Alabama claims. The steamer of Saturday was the last that could take the text of a supplemental article to Geneva by the 15th of June.

Extension of the Session.

The extension of the session till the tenth will give ample time to finish all the important public business. The army appropriation bill is virtually finished by the striking from the appropriation of $200,000 for Fort Leavenworth. The sundry civil bill will probably be ready for conference by Tuesday night. The river and harbor bill has yet to pass the Senate, but no trouble is expected over it. All the other appropriation bills are out of the way. The tariff can be completed without trouble. A struggle is anticipated over the steamboat bill in the Senate, but not in the House. The Steamboat Committee complain greatly of opposition from the Treasury, and the course of several Senators. The above comprise all the important bills still pending, except the civil rights enforcement bill and the extension of the Ku-Klux acts. The opposition to the extension of the session in the House on Saturday night came from those who are determined to force those measures through, and either desired the session prolonged indefinitely, or to have it end with the business in such shape that the President would be obliged to call an extra session. The same reasons operated in the Senate, added thereto the desire to make time to answer Sumner and Schurz. In each house the Southern Republicans were active workers to secure an extra session, and in the House were backed by Butler, Maynard, Stevenson and Bingham, and in the Senate by Anthony, Chandler and Pomeroy. There is one feature of the proposition to extend the time within which the President can suspend the writ of *habeas corpus* which has just been ascertained. The only part of the Ku Klux law which does not remain in force without further legislation is that clause authorizing the suspension of this writ. The Supreme Court at the last term decided that no State Court could discharge any one held under Federal authority, and so the proposed extension of the Ku Klux law would only restrain the Judges of United States Courts in the South, who are not supposed to need such restraint to secure justice.

A Very Bitter and Exciting Debate

Is expected in the Senate. Carpenter has a long speech prepared. Morton, Conkling and Edmunds are preparing, and Chandler has announced his intention to make an assault at length upon Sumner. The prospects are for the freest fight of late years. There has been an earnest attempt made by a number of Senators to prevent any further notice being taken of Sumner or Schurz as by far the wisest course, but to night it seems to be understood that the peace policy has failed.

Senator Wilson's Chances.

Many delegates for Philadelphia are in the city to-night, including a number from Ohio. The chances for Henry Wilson as Vice President are still regarded by his friends as quite flattering.

The Veto.

The President's veto of the bill for the relief of J. Milton Best will dispose of a large class of claims pending before Congress, including the Wallace bill, over which the House spent a whole night last week.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1, 1872.

WITHDRAWAL OF THREE PER CENTS.

The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to withdraw $1,300,000 of three per cents; $5,000 numbering from 3,811 to 3,856, inclusive; $1,000 numbering from 3,962 to 4,150, inclusive; dated from August 1, 1868, to August 15, 1868, interest to cease July 31, 1872.

BILL APPROVED.

The President approved the bill providing for the issue of bonds in place of destroyed or defaced bonds.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

The civil service regulations as to clerkships are now completed. The necessary preliminary steps for applicants will be furnished by writing to heads of departments.

PRACTICAL AMNESTY.

The United States District Court has ordered payment to three parties here of the proceeds of the sale of their property by the government under the confiscation act. This ruling accords with the amnesty act.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 2, 1872.

TREASURY PROGRAMME FOR JUNE.

The Secretary of the Treasury has authorized the Assistant Treasurer at New York to buy $2,000,000 in bonds on each Wednesday, and sell $2,000,000 in coin on each Thursday during the month of June. In all to buy $8,000,000 in bonds and sell $8,000,000 in gold.

LATEST PHASE OF THE TREATY BUSINESS.

Our government is in receipt of frequent telegrams from London, but up to a late hour to-night nothing had come to hand showing definite action on the part of the British government concerning the proposed additional article to the treaty of Washington. It is known that the Ministry desire modifications, but of such a character as to be inadmissable by our government, and of this they have been informed. According to official utterances it remains for England to accept the article as modified as the extent to which the President and his advisers are willing to go. The President has, as he remarked to inquirers, surrendered his personal views to what he considered a proper concession in order to save the treaty, in behalf of the financial and commercial interests of the United States, and to maintain peace between the two countries. There was a point, he said, beyond which further concessions would be a sacrifice of national honor, and as we had reached that stage it remained for England to decide whether or not the treaty would be abandoned. Last Friday there was hope of British acquiescence. If such had been the case a treaty would have been immediately negotiated between Secretary Fish and Minister Thornton, ratified by the Senate the same day, forwarded to London for further official action, and thence dispatched to Geneva in time for the meeting of the tribunal of arbitrators on the 15th; but it is now too late to accomplish the object by that time, as the treaty could be transmitted only by mail. The agent of each party is required to deliver in duplicate to each of the arbitrators and the agent of the other party a written or printed argument, showing the points and referring to the evidence upon which his government relies, and this will be done by our agent irrespective of the unsettled question between the two governments. It remains to be seen whether there will be any interruption of the proceedings before the Tribunal by the British Ministry. The arbitrators have power to adjourn on the 15th to such a day as they may think proper, in order to accommodate themselves to the circumstances of the business before them, or to await further action on the part of the two governments, should there be a prospect of reconciling the present difference. It is the opinion of prominent gentlemen that a new treaty is not absolutely necessary to adjust the difficulties, as this may be done by instructions to their respective agents and consuls. While there is no present prospect of coming to a satisfactory understanding on the proposed new article, it cannot be said it has failed, as negotiations are still pending.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 2, 1872, 7 P. M.

PROBABILITIES.

The low barometer in the lower Ohio Valley and Northwest will probably move eastward, with continued cloudiness, occasional light rain and northerly to easterly winds till Monday morning in these sections; cloudy weather, fresh to brisk northeasterly winds and light rain on Lake Michigan and the lower lakes on Monday; a rising barometer, diminished pressure, northerly to easterly winds and increased cloudiness in the Middle States and New England; clear and partially cloudy weather for the South Atlantic and Gulf States; clear and clearing in the lower Mississippi Valley, Northwest and Lake Superior. No high winds are expected.

No tickets for the Boston jubilee are to be sent to editors. But every well accredited press representative will have a ticket given him on presenting himself to the press headquarters.

THE TARIFF BILL.

Action of Conference Committee.

Numerous Important Changes Made

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 2, 1872.

The Much Tinkered Tariff.

The Conference Committee on the tariff have nearly completed the tariff portion of the bill, and expect to finish the whole to-morrow. One of the most important changes is substituting the first of August as the date for the new tariff to take effect, instead of July first. For the internal revenue portion July will be retained as the date for taking effect. The conference has agreed to the Senate amendments on coal, oat meal, potatoes, leather, lumber, lead, ginger, chocolate, wire rope, iron, steel, glass and glassware, quinine, strychine, saltpetre, tin plates; quicksilver is struck off the free list; licorice is taken off the free list and the present duty reduced ten per cent. Tin in pigs is retained on the free list. In general the Senate free list is unchanged. Instead of hides of cattle alone, all hides are placed on the free list; freestone and sandstone are left as under the present law. Duty paid goods in bond are to be entitled to refund. The one-third greenback clause is struck out. Salt used for curing fish is to be free. Books are left as under the present law, instead of the House proposition for a specific duty. Unsized printing paper is reduced ten per cent. from the present rates. All the Senate amendments regarding books are adopted. The House amendments on copper are all rejected, and the copper left under the general ten per cent. reduction. The Senate amendments discriminating against goods imported indirectly from east of Good Hope are adopted. This will impose a duty of ten per cent. on tea and coffee from east of that meridian, unless imported directly. Jute is taken off the free list, but jute butts remain. The House amendment increasing jute bagging and other manufactures of jute are adopted. The expectation is that when the revenue portion of the bill is reached, the uniform tax on tobacco will be fixed at twenty cents.

THE PUBLIC DEBT

Official Statement for May.

A REDUCTION OF $4,226,061.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The following is an abstract of the public debt statement for May:

Six per cent. bonds	$1,380,816,600
Five per cent. bonds	414,567,300
Total coin bonds	$1,795,383,900
Lawful money debt	26,763,000
Matured debt	12,407,787
Legal tender notes	357,590,356
Fractional currency	42,310,767
Coin certificates	25,834,600
Total without interest	$2,260,290,351
Total debt	$2,295,833,523
Total interest	35,543,172
Cash in Treasury, coin	91,108,331
Currency	11,207,813
Total in Treasury	102,316,144
Debt less cash in Treasury	2,193,517,378
Decrease during the month	4,226,061
Bonds issued to the Pacific Railroad Company, interest payable in lawful money, principal outstanding	64,623,512
Interest accrued and not yet paid	1,615,587
Interest paid by the United States	14,631,870
Interest repaid by transportation of mails, &c.	3,642,997
Balance of interest paid by the United States	10,988,872

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

The British Cabinet Unable to Come to an Agreement on the Treaty.

LONDON, June 2.—The London *Observer* states that the cabinet yesterday had under consideration the treaty of Washington and the last communication from the American Government concerning the supplemental article. No conclusion, says the *Observer*, has been reached which is likely to reconcile the differences of the two governments with regard to the article. The final decision of the American government is expected here within twenty-four hours.

Miscellaneous Dispatches.

PARIS, June 2.—The Lucas cotton mills, one of the largest establishments of the kind in the vicinity of Rouen, were totally destroyed by fire yesterday. The loss is estimated at a million francs. Nearly one thousand operatives are thrown out of employment.

M. Paul De Cassagnac fought a duel yesterday with M. Lecroy, editor of the *Rappel*. The latter was slightly wounded.

The preliminary examinations, seven in number, of Marshal Bazaine, have been completed under the direction of General Larivière.

MADRID, June 2.—Marshal Serrano has arrived in this city. His explanation of his conduct of affairs at the close of the insurrection in Nevarre and Biscay, and of the lenient treatment of the rebels, are entirely satisfactory to the Government. The radicals in the Cortes have elected Cordova their leader, in place of Zorrilla.

The Markets.

LONDON, June 1.—Consols 93¼; money 92¾ account, extra dividend. American securities quiet and steady: 5-20s, of '62, 90¾; do of '65, 91½; do of '67, 92½; 10-40s, 89⅝.

PARIS, June 1.—Rentes 55f 35c.

LIVERPOOL, June 1.—Cotton strong; middling upland 11¼@11½d. Breadstuffs quiet; red western wheat 11s 10d; red winter wheat 12s 7d. Corn 28s @28s 3d.

STATE POLITICS.

Following is a list of the electors and delegates to the Baltimore Convention chosen at Reading:

1. Elector—Thos. J. Barger. Delegates—Wm. McMullin, Samuel Josephs.
1. Elector—S. D. Anderson. Delegates—Thos. D. Fierce, Wm. M. Reilley.
3. Elector—John Moffet. Delegates—L. D. Ladner, D. M. Fox.
4. Elector—George R. Berrell. Delegates—Isaac Leech, John Campbell.
5. Elector——————, Delegates—Lewis C. Cassidy, Herman Yerkes.
6. Elector—Isaiah P. Haupt. Delegates—Ephriam Jacker, Ed. J. Albright.
7. Elector—Samuel A. Dyer. Delegates—R. E. Monaghan, George H. Armstrong.
8. Elector—Jesse G. Hawley. Delegates—Hon. J. Lawrence Getz, B. Frank Boyer.
9. Elector—Hiram B. Swarr. Delegates—Henry Carpenter, M. D., Robert Crane.
10. Elector—B. Reilley. Delegates—Wm. M. Randall, C. D. Gloninger.
11. Elector—John Knecht. Delegates—Isaac S. Case, Charles Kleinz.
12. Elector—F. W. Gunster. Delegates—C. L. Lamberton, A. R. Brundage.
13. Elector—David Lowenbery. Delegates—V. E. Piolett, Wm. Platt.
14. Elector—James McKnight. Delegates—Jacob Leisenring, M. K. Wilson.
15. Elector—Henry Welsh. Delegates—John H. Criswell, Joseph R. Dunbar.
16. Elector—Henry J. Stahle. Delegates—Aug. Duncan, A. H. Coffroth.
17. Elector—R. W. Christy. Delegates—Gen. James Burns, R. Milton Speer.
18. Elector—William M. Logan. Delegates—Edwin Berks, M. F. Elliott.
19. Elector—Rasselas Brown. Delegates—Herman Kretz, D. W. Hutchinson.
20. Elector—F. M. Robinson. Delegates—P. I. Pierce, William Hasson.
21. Elector—John R. Wilson. Delegates—W. H. Playford, John Latta.
22. Elector—Philip H. Stevenson. Delegates—James P. Barr, John H. Bailey.
23. Elector—John T. Bard. Delegates—David Campbell, P. H. Wilson.
24. Elector—George W. Miller. Delegates—James A. J. Buchanan, D. S. Morris.

The following ticket for the delegates-at large to the Constitutional Convention was elected: Hon. Jeremiah S. Black, Hon. Geo. W. Woodward, Hon. William Bigler, Hon. Robert A. Lamberton, Hon. A. A. Purman, Franklin B. Gowen, James Ellis, George M. Dallas, John H. Campbell, William L. Corbit, Wm. H. Smith, William J. Baer, S. H. Reynolds and S. C. T. Dodd.

At a meeting of the State Central Committee of the Labor Reform party, in Reading, on Friday, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That as the representatives of the Labor Reform party of Pennsylvania, we announce our determination to enter into a vigorous canvass for the election of our whole ticket, and that we confidently expect to elect our candidates, and will battle for that result unitedly and unflinchingly to the end.

The Republican primaries in Crawford county take place next Thursday.

John A. Magee, editor of the Perry county *Democrat*, is said to have the inside track in the race for the Democratic nomination for Congress in the Fifteenth district. Cumberland and York counties have had the place for eight years past, and Perry now claims it.

Among the candidates for Congress announced in the Twenty-fourth district is Wm. S. Moore, Esq., editor of the Washington *Reporter*. With excellent natural abilities and a comprehensive education, no one would fill the position with more honor to himself, or greater acceptability to his constituents.

The Boston *Traveller* says: "It is not known that a single active Republican of Massachusetts, outside of the delegation to Cincinnati, now supports the nomination of Greeley for President. No political movement ever fell so dead in Massachusetts as the one which culminated at Cincinnati. It would be impossible to make up a Greeley electorial ticket outside of the Democratic party."

The Philadelphia *Press*, of Thursday, says: "Last evening the colored citizens of Philadelphia met to organize for convention week and to join the 'Grant Men.' The meeting was large and enthusiastic, and there will be two thousand Grant colored men on parade next week. This organization is progressing rapidly among all classes, and promises to turn out in immense numbers. All citizens desirous of making the display next week worthy of the occasion and the city, should visit the headquarters, at No. 270 South Fourth street, and enroll themselves."

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Collision on the Pittsburgh, Washington & Baltimore R. R.—One Man Killed—Others Seriously Injured—The Particulars.

Yesterday morning about eight o'clock express train No. 2, west, of the Pittsburgh, Washington & Baltimore Railroad, collided with No. 3, construction train, east, near Bidwell station, five miles west of Confluence, and eighty miles from this city. The express train consisted of two passenger coaches, baggage car, and engine No. 730, driven by Patrick Kane. The construction train was drawn by engine No. 154, engineer John McMichael. The two locomotives came together with a terrific crash, and were almost completely wrecked. Strange to say, none of the passenger cars were injured, nor, indeed, did they leave the track. As soon as the shock was over, the passengers and others began an examination of the wreck. John Mc. Michael, the engineer of the construction train was found in a dying condition between the engine and tender. He survived but a few moments after being rescued from the position in which he was found. Henry Blume, forward brakeman on the passenger train had both legs broken. Dr. Phillips, Surgeon of the road was subsequently sent for and had to amputate one of the members. The unfortunate young man lies in a precarious condition. A. J. Jeffries another brakeman on the passenger train had one leg broken and sustained other slight injuries. Four laborers on the construction train was slightly injured. Alex. Boulton, conductor of the express train had one of the bones of his right arm broken, yet did not know it until he reached this city and was examined by Dr. Phillips. The injured were all taken to Confluence where the company promptly sent surgeons, and did everything possible to relieve their sufferings. One or two passengers received injuries but they are very slight. The removal of the wreck caused a delay of about four hours. The accident, it is said, was caused by a misinterpretation of orders on the part of the conductor of the construction train. The matter will be fully investigated to-day.

The Gounod Club.

This association of amateur vocal talent gave its initial concert on Friday evening in the Chapel of the Pittsburgh Female College, under the direction of Mr. Clement Tetedoux. There was a very large and particularly fashionable audience present. Although the invitations called for those attending to be attired in evening dress, yet but very few obeyed the requirement, preferring to adopt such costume as fancy, or a free American taste, dictated. At the fashionable hour of eight the programme arranged for the evening was inaugurated with Gounod's tenor solo and chorus "Night," sung by Mr. D. Thompson and the members of the club. Mr. Thompson is possessed of a good tenor voice, and rendered the solo in a pleasant though not any too powerful manner. The "Angels' Serenade" (with violin obligato) followed, Miss May Hyde and Mr. John Manning being the performers. Mrs. Woodward, Mrs. McLain and Mrs. N. Smith next rendered Wallace's trio "Come to the festal hour," making a fine impression. Donizetti's "M'odi, ah M'odi," from "Lucrezia Borgia," sung by Miss Sallie Smith, was favorably received. The young lady has a clear, ringing voice, yet did she not emphasize the words quite so palpably her vocalization would be much more pleasing and not half so monotonous. Paul Zimmerman followed, in a gem from "Trovatore." The solo was artistically rendered, yet Mr. Zimmerman has, on former occasions, done himself much more justice. The "Fortune Teller," a duet, ensued. In its rendition Mrs. Woodward and Miss Annie Miller did themselves great credit. Miss Inez Kennedy, a favorite at the College concerts, sung a selection from "Sonnambula" in her usual correct manner. Part first concluded with a concerted piece of Mendelssohn's which gave Miss Henne an opportunity to delight the audience, and one in which she was ably assisted by the chorus. Part second was opened with Bellini's "D'un Pensiero," from "Sonnambula," in which Mrs. Woodward and the chorus took part. The chorus, although very difficult, and nearly all eighth notes, was passably rendered, considering that the music leaves the choristers but little opportunity to display their strength. Miss Miller and Mr. Thompson sang a favorite duet from "Trovatore," which evidently gave as much satisfaction as anything attempted during the evening. Mrs. Woodward and Mr. Manning gave some of Artot's variations for the voice and violin in truly artistic style—indeed many thought the rendition the gem of the evening. The concert concluded with a selection from Flotow's (not Balfe's as the programmes had it) "Martha"—Miss Craig, Miss Henne, Miss Naumberg, Mr. Zimmerman, Mr. Boehme, Mr. Everson and others of the club did the piece very fair justice.

While the selections on Friday night were a little lighter than we have been accustomed to under the same auspices, yet had they been much lighter, with a familiar air here and there and considerable less Italian and other foreign music, the general satisfaction of those present would have been much greater.

Death of Mrs. Clarissa Herron.

The sad announcement is made of the death of Mrs. Clarissa Herron, which event took place on Saturday morning, June 1st. She was the widow of the late John Herron, who was in his day one of the most enterprising and conspicuous citizens of this city. Mrs. Herron was in her seventy-sixth year, and had lived in Pittsburgh since 1797. She leaves seven of nine children to mourn her loss, all of whom are prominent and respected citizens. Deceased was a life-long member of the Presbyterian Church, known to all old citizens, and noted for great Christian worth and excellencies. Her death was caused by an apoplectic fit and was a shock to her friends, although she had of late been in poor health. Many friends will join the relatives of this good old lady in mourning her demise. The funeral will take place from her residence, on Herron's Hill, at two o'clock to-morrow afternoon.

Letter Carriers' Report.

The report of the letter carriers of Pittsburgh for the month of May just closed is as follows:

	Delivered.	Collected.
Mail letters	149,429	96,836
Drop letters	13,825	12,987
Papers	51,704	3,801
Total	214,958	113,624

Below is the report of the letter carriers of Allegheny for the same month:

	Delivered.	Collected.
Letters	59,189	25,334
Drops	5,528	2,088
Papers	41,446	17,726
Total	106,163	45,148

The last collections are made at 7 P. M.

That Stolen Ring.

A few days ago, as will be remembered, a young girl named Tennie Hornbruck, was arrested by Chief Clark on a charge of stealing a diamond ring valued at $300. She was employed as a domestic in the house of Mr. J. B. Barrett on Sherman avenue Allegheny, and stole the ring from a bureau drawer. She, however, secured bail for her appearance, and was released, but when the time for the hearing arrived, she was not to be found. Detectives have been in search for her, but they did not succeed in arresting her until Saturday evening. She had a hearing before Mayor Callow, and in default of $1000 bail was committed for trial. The girl gave contradictory accounts of the affair, acknowledging to one party that she had stolen the ring, but had lost it. She also denied to another party having any participation in the theft.

The Lincoln Club.

The arrangements for the Lincoln club to visit Philadelphia are all completed and reflect great credit on those having the matter in hand. The club, nearly one hundred and fifty strong, will leave at eight o'clock this evening. There is still room for about twenty-five or thirty gentlemen to go with the club. The low price asked for an excursion ticket puts it within the reach of all to visit Philadelphia on this occasion. The tickets will be a passport to a dozen prominent places in Philadelphia, where, as a private citizen, it would be difficult to gain admission. The committee will be at the club room all of to-day, and those desirous of attending the Convention should call early this morning and enroll their names.

Correspondence.

PITTSBURGH, May 29, 1872.

To Messrs. Ellsler & Gotthold, Managers Pittsburgh Opera House:

GENTLEMEN—The undersigned, having witnessed and heard of the personation of Mr. Sydney Marlowe, in his representation of *Richelieu*, would most respectfully solicit you to reproduce the same, with the identical cast of the 13th inst., at your theater, in order to give numbers who have not yet witnessed, but are anxious to do so, an opportunity to listen to his rendition of a character in which he is said to excel:

James Blackmore,
Joseph Ross,
C. D. Brigham,
W. A. Collins,
W. D. Moore,
Josiah Cohen,
A. H. English,
Wm. Van DeMark,
Jno. E. Parke,
John H. Stewart,
A. L. Pearson,
Jas. P. Barr,
H. M. Long,
John C. Harper,
H. W. Weir,
T. B. Swearingen,
W. H. McGary,
Wm. B. McCallery,
And many others.

NEW PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE,
Fifth avenue,
JOHN A. ELLSLER, Lessee and Manager,
PITTSBURGH, PA., June 1, 1872.

Hon. James Blackmore and Others: GENTLEMEN—Your communication desiring a night for Mr. Sidney Marlowe to repeat his performance of *Richelieu* was duly received. Unfortunately, our nights were so disposed of, in consequence of the number of benefits following in nightly succession, that we were unable to devote any nights to the purpose in question. But, gentlemen, we have not been idle in the meantime. Feeling it a duty, as well as a pleasure, to comply with a desire emanating from our most discriminating and distinguished citizens, we have this day arranged matters with the Walnut street Theater star company, who commence an engagement here on Monday evening, June 3. This first class organization immediately tendered one of their nights and propose to fill the cast of the play with the excellent resources they possess, thus affording the citizens of Pittsburgh an opportunity of not only witnessing Mr. Marlowe's excellent rendition of *Richelieu* for the second time, but with the advantage of an entire new cast of characters, embracing the strength and excellence of one of the finest theaters in the country. Thursday evening, June 6th, will be the night on which the performance will take place, and we feel warranted in prognosticating that it will be one of the most enjoyable performances Pittsburgh has known since the palmy days of its favorite stars.

Trusting that our efforts in consummating this much desired object may meet with your approval and encouragement, permit us to subscribe ourselves as your most obedient servants,
JOHN A. ELLSLER, JR.,
Per Ellsler & Gotthold.

Sir Knights.

A meeting of Pittsburgh Commandery No. 1, Knights Templar, will be held at the Asylum, Fifth avenue, this evening, at half-past seven o'clock, to make arrangements to attend the funeral of late Sir Knight Charles F. Porter.
By order of
WILLIAM LITTLE, E. C.
C. C. BARR, Recorder.

DURYEA's Satin Gloss Starch gives a clearer finish, and is the most economical starch made.

The White River Flour.

For sale only at the Checkered Front, the great flour and grocery house. T. C. Jenkins.

THE COMMERCIAL is printed with the ink manufactured by the Diamond Ink Company of Pittsburgh. tf

Try White River Flour.
Best flour for the money in the country.

☞ *Advertisements on this page under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—GIRLS—FOR CITY AND country. Men wanting Farm work, Gardening, Driving, &c. Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth st.

WANTED—PARTNER—IN THE MILLINERY business, doing a good trade and good location. Address Milliner, Parker's Landing, Pa., care Box 49.

WANTED—WATCHMAKER—A COMPETENT Watchmaker to go the country. Inquire of G. B. BARRETT & CO., Wholesale Jewelers, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—EVERYBODY—ANNOYED with Rats, Mice or Roaches to try Abel's Vermin Exterminator. Prepared and sold by CHAS. ABEL & CO., Druggists, 172 Wylie avenue.

WANTED—SITUATION—BY AN EXPERIENCED man as Bookkeeper or Teller in a Bank. Good references given. Address J. J. STURGEON, Erie, Pa.

WANTED—MORTGAGES—SEVERAL first-class Mortgages. Principals only need apply. Call at or address Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co. Office 106 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh. tf

WANTED—CARTMAN, WITH HEAVY Draft Horse and Good Sized Cart or Wagon, to haul coal. Steady work the year around at $3 50 per day. Address ALEX., Pittsburgh Postoffice.

WANTED—BLACKSMITH—IMMEDIATELY, a Blacksmith for Iron Hames. To one that understands his business a steady job and good wages. Address AKRON HAME COMPANY, Akron, Ohio.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—A NUMBER OF first-class Men, who can give good references as to character and industry, to sell the American Button-Hole Over Seaming and Complete Sewing Machine in city and country. Liberal inducements offered. JAMES ESPY, General Agent, 178 Liberty street.

BOARDING.

BOARDING — A FRONT OR BACK Room, with Board, can be had at No. 25 Union avenue, Allegheny, fronting the Park. References exchanged.

LOST.

LOST—A BLACK CLASP POCKET Book, at Union Depot, Pittsburgh, on Thursday evening, May 30, 1872, containing $103 in currency. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at this office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—PARTNER—IN A SPLENDID Hotel in a city of 6,000 inhabitants. Must be a man who can give unexceptionable references, is energetic and willing to apply himself to the business, and command some ready money. Apply to G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, No. 104 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—ONE SECOND hand Scroll Saw and two second hand Wood Lathes. M. B. COCHRAN, 143 Liberty street. tf

FOR SALE—ONE SECOND HAND 75 Horse Power Poppet Valve Engine. For sale low. Inquire at 138 South Canal street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—TWENTY EIGHT WHEEL Ten Ton Gondola Cars, Compromise Gauge. For particulars apply to Mansfield Machine Works, Mansfield, Ohio.

FOR SALE—FIFTY SECOND-HAND Boilers of all sizes, Flue, Cylinder and Tubular. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and Railroad, Allegheny city, Pa. MThstf

FOR SALE—RUBBER BELTING AND HOSE—India Rubber Belting and Hose of all sizes and descriptions. Also, Gum Packing at Eastern Prices. HARTLEY, McKEE & CO., 58 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE—A JEWELRY STORE, IN a good place, doing a profitable business. This is a rare chance for any person desiring to enter into this business. For particulars address Box 60, Allegheny Postoffice.

FOR SALE—GOLDEN WEDDING AND Family Circle Whisky, free or in bond; all ages, to suit the trade. Each barrel shows by Government stamp its age. JOSEPH FINCH & CO., 189 First avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60 horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—A FIRST-CLASS Drug and Prescription Store, doing a good business. Fixtures the best in the city. Apply for further information to CHAS. ABEL & CO., 172 Wylie avenue.

FOR SALE — 50,000 POUNDS S. C. Hams, 30,000 pounds S. C. Shoulders, 50,000 pounds Bacon Shoulders. Also, Dried Beef, Breakfast Bacon, Ribbed and Clear Sides, all fresh from smoke house, and for sale by REESE OWENS, 21 Seventh avenue.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE RESIDENCE AT Marion Station, Pittsburgh Washington and Baltimore Railway, two minutes' walk from Station, and three miles from Court House. House built last year. One Acre of Ground. Hot and cold Water in both stories. Inquire of F. W. SMITH, on the premises.

FOR SALE—THE VALUABLE STOCK, Lease, Good Will and Fixtures of the Wholesale Grocery and Liquor Business lately conducted by William Miller & Co., and formerly by Miller & Ricketson, at No. 221 and 223 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. Apply upon the premises, or by letter, to FRANKLIN B. GOWEN, Administrator of Estate of Wm. Miller, deceased, 227 South Fourth street, Philadelphia.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—DWELLING House, with Lot of about 1 Acre, or more if required, in the borough of Bellevue, 4 miles from Allegheny city, on P., Ft. W. and C. R. R., and only 5 minutes walk from Bellevue Station. The Dwelling has 8 Rooms, Bath Room and 3 Attic Rooms, Boston Range and good, soft Spring Water in Kitchen and Bath Room. The House is in excellent repair and nearly new, the Lot is covered with choice Fruit Trees and Shrubbery, and commands a fine view of the Ohio river and surrounding country. For further particulars inquire of A. McINTOSH, on the premises, or at 147 Federal street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE — AT SEWICKLEY — TEN Acres of choice building ground, a few minutes walk from Quaker Valley Station, and convenient to Churches, Schools and Stores. The place is planted with 200 standard Seckel Pear Trees, about seven years old, 50 standard Pear Trees of other varieties and same age; a choice assortment of Apple, Peach and Cherry Trees, and a large number of Evergreens. Land well adapted for dividing into small Lots, having streets on three sides. Also, near the above, 6 Acres with fine never-failing Springs, so situated that water may be carried into the upper stories of buildings placed on the 10 acre lot. Few such places can be found in the neighborhood of Pittsburgh possessing so much of beauty and convenience. For full particulars inquire of C. BERINGER, 116 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—ROLLING MILL AND NAIL FACTORY—To close a Joint Purchase Account. This property, known as the CAMDEN ROLLING MILL, is situated immediately opposite Philadelphia, on the Delaware river. It has a dock front on the river of 340 feet, and extends back 580 feet. The improvements consist of a Rolling Mill, Cut Nail Factory, Machine Shop, Blacksmith Shop, Store House, Offices, &c.: all in good condition. The Mill was entirely rebuilt a few years ago. It contains seven Double Puddling Furnaces and four Heating Furnaces, and has a capacity of 40 tons of Bar Iron per day and 1,500 kegs of Nails per week. The location is one of the very best in the country for manufacturing, the advantages for shipment by water direct from Mill being unsurpassed. For terms and other particulars apply to J. M. MAYS, No. 28 South Seventh street, Philadelphia, Pa. MWF

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS ON SECOND Floor, No. 1 Sixth street, first door from Suspension Bridge. Good business location. tf

FOR RENT—DESK ROOM—IN CENTRAL Ticket Office, First National Bank Building, Fifth avenue. Apply, with reference, to W. B. BROSS, Agent. MWF

FOR RENT—ON THIRD FLOOR, TWO Rooms suitable for Offices or Sleeping Rooms in M. and M. Insurance Co.'s Building, No. 87 Wood street. Inquire of M. and M. Insurance Co. tf

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—THAT large, substantial Four-story Brick Warehouse, No. 119, Second avenue; convenient to the Connellsville Railroad; suitable for manufacturing purposes. Apply to ATTERBURY & CO., Carson and Tenth streets, Birmingham.

FOR RENT—A VERY DESIRABLE Dwelling, No. 162 Sheffield street, Allegheny, containing Nine Rooms, Bath Room, Stationary Wash Stands, Marble Mantles, Hot and Cold Water, with all other modern improvements. Inquire of Frazier Brothers, 158 Pennsylvania avenue, Ohio avenue, Allegheny.

NOTICES.

☞ NOTICE—A REGULAR MEETING of Western Pennsylvania Polytechnic Association will be held THIS (Monday) EVENING, June 3, at 7½ o'clock, in the Young Men's Christian Association Rooms, corner of Sixth and Penn streets, Pittsburgh. All are cordially invited.
W. W. ALEXANDER, Secretary.

☞ MEETING OF THE A. C. C. T. A.—There will be a Public Meeting at the Room of the Central Alliance, corner Penn and Sixth streets, over Y. M. C. A. Rooms, on MONDAY, June 3d, at 11 o'clock A. M. The object of the meeting is to make preparations for extending the work throughout the county. All interested in this work are earnestly requested to be present.

☞ PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY—OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Company and Election of Directors, will be held at the office of the Company, in this city, on TUESDAY, the 11th instant, at 10 o'clock A. M.
By order of the Board.
W. H. BARNES, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, Pa., June 1, 1872.

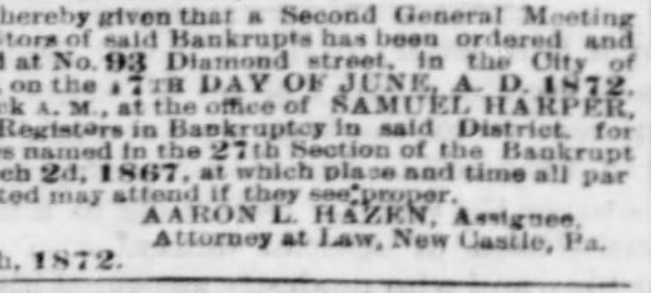
☞ ELECTION OF OFFICERS OF THE GETTYSBURG BATTLE FIELD MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION.—The Annual Election for a President and Thirteen Directors will be held at the office of the Association, in Gettysburg, on MONDAY, the 10th day of June, 1872, at 1 o'clock P. M.
JOHN W. GEARY, President.
D. McCONAUGHY, Secretary.

JAS. A. BRADLEY. W. H. BRADLEY.
DISSOLUTION.
The firm of S. BRADLEY & SONS, Woolen Manufacturers, is this day dissolved, S. BRADLEY retiring. The business will be carried on by his sons, JAMES and WILLIAM, under the old name, S. BRADLEY & SONS.

In retiring from a business with which I have been connected for a period of over 44 years, it is only proper that I should return thanks to my numerous customers and friends, and solicit for my successors the same liberal patronage that has been extended to me. The firm will continue to manufacture from pure American wool the same quality of Flannels, Yarns, Jeans, &c., as heretofore. Buyers may rely on the same good article, the plain, straightforward way of dealing that established and sustained my business will be continued by my successors.
SAMUEL BRADLEY.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.
In re. JOHN K. KENNEDY, WILLIAM A. CAMPBELL and IRVINE BLAIR, partners as KENNEDY, CAMPBELL & CO., Bankrupts. No. 1,148 in Bankruptcy.
Western District of Pennsylvania, SS:
Notice is hereby given that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupts has been ordered and will be held at No. 93 Diamond street, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the 17th DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1872, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of SAMUEL HARPER, one of the Registers in Bankruptcy in said District, for the purposes named in the 27th Section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2d, 1867, at which place and time all parties interested may attend if they see proper.
AARON L. HAZEN, Assignee,
Attorney at Law, New Castle, Pa.
May 30th, 1872.

WHO KILLED THEM?



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VERMIN
EXTERMINATOR
IT HAS NO EQUAL FOR BANISHING
Rats, Mice or Roaches.
TRY IT! SOLD EVERYWHERE! TRY IT!
MANUFACTURED BY
C. ABEL & CO.,
Office: 116 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh.

ATTENTION!
LINCOLN CLUB
EXCURSIONISTS.
Excursionists will meet at the Lincoln Club Rooms, 68 Smithfield street,
THIS, MONDAY, EVENING, JUNE 3,
At 6 o'clock sharp, to proceed to Philadelphia.
THOS. H. PHELPS, Secretary.

LAKE HOUSE,
STONEBORO,
MERCER COUNTY, PA.
This celebrated house, which has recently been entirely refurnished, will be open for the reception of guests on
Monday, June 10th, 1872.
Persons wishing to engage rooms or other information may be made or addressed to
SAMUEL ROSENBURG,
Stoneboro, Pa.
This favorite Summer Resort is delightfully situated a few rods from Sandy Lake, the most beautiful sheet of water in Pennsylvania, and is well stocked with fish and pleasure boats of all kinds. A good Livery is also connected with this favorite resort.
Seekers for health, as well as for recreation and fine Rural Scenery, will find in the Chalybeate Spring, on the grounds, all the virtues of tonic treatment found at the most celebrated watering places. By chemical analysis, one gallon of water was found to contain 10.80 grains of mineral substances, consisting principally of Carbonate of Lime, held in solution by Carbonic Acid Gas, associated with small quantities of Carbonate of Protoxide of Iron, Sulphate of Magnesia, Chloride of Sodium, and traces of Silicia and organic matter.
The analysis was made by the Professor of Chemistry in the Laboratory of the Philadelphia University of Medicine and Surgery.

Bedford Mineral Springs, Pa.
This popular Summer Resort will be open for the reception of visitors on the
10th Day of June.
The Bedford Railroad is completed to the town of Bedford, one and a half miles from the Spring.
EXCURSION TICKETS
Can be had at the Pennsylvania Railroad office, and baggage checked through. Also at the Northern Central Railroad in Baltimore.
Persons will come by Pennsylvania Railroad to Huntingdon, thence by Broad Top Railroad to Bedford.
For analysis of waters, terms of board, &c., address
A. G. ALLEN,
Bedford Springs, Pa.
Price of water in barrels, oak, $4 00.
Price of water in half barrels, oak, $3 00.
Price of water in kegs, oak, $2 00.
Price of water in mulberry barrels, $5 00.
Price of water in mulberry half barrels, $3 00.

LOCKWOOD & CO,
BANKERS,
94 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Transact a General Banking business, including the purchase and sale of Government and State Bonds, Railroad Stocks and Bonds, and other Securities on COMMISSION.

ARANDALE HOUSE,
BEDFORD SPRINGS, PA.
ALSIP & SMITH, PROPRIETORS.
This pleasant Summer Resort is situated between Bedford and the Bedford Mineral Springs, and is open for visitors from the
FIRST OF JUNE TO OCTOBER.
Large Grounds, Fine Walks, a Double Bowling Alley and other Conveniences, make it a desirable stopping place.
Only ten minutes walk to Bedford or the Bedford Springs, to and from both of which first class hacks run hourly.
Guests will come through by Railroad in eight hours.
TERMS MODERATE.

TO BANKERS.
In accordance with an Act of Assembly Sealed Proposals will be received on or before 2 o'clock P. M., of the 11TH INST., by the undersigned, or can be left at the office of the Central Board of Education, High School Building, for the
Deposits of the Funds of the Central Board of Education.
Bidders will state the amount they will pay on daily balances, and also the amount they will charge for funds advanced. The Board will require approved sureties to the amount of $100,000 of the successful bidder.
T. J. CRAIG,
Chairman of Finance Committee.

TIN CAN MANUFACTORY.

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of
Miller's Screw Can,
Patented March, 1868.
The Best and Cheapest Fruit Can ever invented. Requires no sealing wax.
This Can is also extensively used for Color, White Lead, &c. Send for Sample.
All other kinds of Tin Cans made. All orders filled on short notice.
D. MILLER & CO.,
109 and 111 Sandusky Street,
ALLEGHENY.

Lace Curtains,
DRAPERIES,
CORNICES,
Turkish Folding Spring Beds
AND MATTRESSES OF ALL KINDS,
AT
E. EDMUNDSON & SON'S,
55 MARKET STREET.

100 CASES
McMurray's Mountain Corn.
200 cases 3 lbs. Stout's Golden Peaches;
100 cases 3 lbs. Stout's Pie Peaches;
100 cases 3 lbs. Excelsior Pie Peaches
100 cases 3 lbs. Excelsior Tomatoes;
100 cases 3 lbs. Edwards's Tomatoes;
100 boxes Mild N. Y. Goshen Cheese;
10 tierces choice Carolina Rice;
20 bags choice Rangoon Rice.
IN STORE AND FOR SALE LOW BY
Samuel H. Baird,
NO. 112 SECOND AVENUE.

GENERAL
European Steamship Agent,
John J. McCormick,
FOURTH AVE. AND SMITHFIELD ST.,
Cunard Mail Line,
National,
Anchor, &c., &c.
Cabin and Steerage Passengers booked to and from America and Europe on the most reasonable terms.
Parties can serve their interests in obtaining Berths and Tickets from me.
Under Ira B. McVay & Co.'s Banking House, corner Fourth avenue and Smithfield street. MWS

JOS. L. HALL, President and Treasurer.
O. Y. CONE, Vice President and Secretary.
Hall's Safe and Lock Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF HALL'S PATENT
SAFES,
BANK LOCKS AND VAULT WORK.
93 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
Factory and General Office, Cincinnati.

The Leading Fire Insurance Company.
ÆTNA OF HARTFORD.
INCORPORATED 1819.
NO PERPETUAL RISKS.
ASSETS OVER $5,000,000
LOSSES PAID $32,000,000
S. S. CARRIER, Agent,
59 FOURTH AVENUE.
MWF

MONEY TO LOAN
ON MORTGAGE.
$2,000, $3,000, $3,500, $4,500, $5,000, $8,000, $10,000, $15,000.
Any of the above amounts will be loaned from one to three years on liberal terms.
W. E. TUSTIN,
1p 87 Grant street, opposite the Court House.

FRESH TABLE BUTTER—WE ARE receiving regular supplies of Choice Table Butter, put up expressly for family use, from the Eastbrook Dairies, for sale at the lowest market rates, at the Family Grocery Store of JNO. A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

CHECKERED FRONT.
THE GREAT
Flour and Grocery House.
COMPLETE LINE OF
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
T. C. JENKINS.

ANOTHER LARGE LOT
OF THOSE
STRIPED
Seersucker Suits
JUST RECEIVED.
Buff Striped Suits and Drab Striped Lawn Suits, and a very large line of very handsome Brown, Buff and Gray Linen, Buff and Slate Cambric, and Black and White Lawn Suits. We make a specialty of CHILDREN'S SUITS, of which we keep a large variety, in Pique, Linen and Seersucker, and in all sizes.
PERCALE WRAPPERS.—A large line of very handsome patterns.
PARASOLS—Gray Tussore Parasols, fringed, black edged and plain; White Silk Parasols, with and without lace covers. All the new styles received daily.
Straw Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons and Flowers, Lama Lace Sacques, Lama Shawls, Lace Parasol Covers.
New goods received in all Departments.
F. H. EATON,
17 Fifth Avenue.

BARGAINS
IN
PARASOLS.
Parasols at 50c, worth 75c.
Silk Sunshades at $1 25, worth $2 00.
Ladies' Buff Suits at $5 00 and upwards.
Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 12½c.
Lace Parasol Covers at Bargains.
Tourist Parasols at $1 50.
Tourist Parasols at $2 00.
Collar Ruffling, new.
Puffing and Tucking.
Lace Berthas, large lot very cheap.
Gimps and Fringes.
Lace Berthas.
Shirts, Bows and Scarfs.
Gauze Underwear for Misses and Ladies.
Hair Switches.
Ladies' Cotton Underwear, extra bargain.
Lace Collars, Val., Maltese and Point.
Morganstern & Co.,
78 and 80 Market Street.
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ANDERSON
SASH
BALANCE!
Is now being universally adopted by all Architects, Contractors and Builders, and is generally superseding the old style of boxes, cords and weights. It requires no alteration in the Sash and Frame, is adapted to the heaviest as well as ordinary sized Windows—will cost from 10 to 20 per cent. less than the old plan, and can be attached to any Window Frame.
ANDERSON'S
Patent Weather-Boarding, Wainscoating and Inside Lining.
MILL RIGHTS FOR SALE.
SAMPLE AND SALESROOM,
70 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh.
JNO. S. BELL, Agent.
MWF

ILLINOIS LOAN COMPANY
Abell, Dole & Ferguson,
MATTOON, ILL.,
General Bankers,
Dealers in all descriptions of Illinois Bonds, make Loans on long time for Corporations, Capitalists and individual parties on improved farm lands throughout the State. Advance one-third the valuation. Take Trust Mortgages and Deeds of Trust. Interest 10 per cent. per annum, half yearly. Principal and interest payable at any Banking House lender may designate. No better security can be offered for money than the Prairie Lands of Illinois. We look after and see to the prompt payment and remittance of interest and principal as they mature. Correspondence solicited.
REFERENCES:
Hon. W. F. Coolbaugh, President Union National Bank, Chicago; Hon. J. F. D. Lanier, President Third National Bank, N. Y.; Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co., Bankers, New York; Third National Bank, St. Louis, Missouri; Gilmore, Dunlap & Co., Bankers, Cincinnati, Ohio.

AMERICAN
LIFE INSURANCE COMP'Y,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Incorporated 1850. Charter Perpetual.
TRUSTEES.
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HON. JAMES POLLOCK,
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No. 96½ FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh, Pa.
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WE MAKE ONLY STRICTLY PURE GOODS
White Lead,
Red Lead,
Litharge,
Potters' Lead,
Putty,
Colors,
DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO.
STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Every keg of our White Lead bears the following warrant, and we guarantee a degree of fineness and whiteness unsurpassed:
THIS PACKAGE CONTAINS
Pure White Lead 91 parts
Linseed Oil 9
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$25 IN GOLD will be paid to any one finding the contents of this keg different from the above analysis.
DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO.
SOLD BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

Printing Presses,
Of all the Best Manufactures,
AND
PRINTERS' SUPPLIES,
CONSISTING IN PART OF
Cases, Cabinets, Stands,
Lead Cutters, Mitre Machines,
Riglets and Wooden Furniture, all sizes,
Blankets, Tapes, Roller Felt, &c., &c.
ORDERS RECEIVED FOR TYPE.
All For Sale at Factory Prices,
BY
A. C. BAKEWELL & CO.,
75 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

The Daily Commercial.

MONDAY, MAY 3, 1872.

CONGRESS has reconsidered its resolution to adjourn to-day, and prolongs the session until the tenth instant. A temporary adjournment from Tuesday until Friday will probably, in view of the Philadelphia Convention, be had.

THE Lincoln Club of this city will leave for Philadelphia to-night, where a grand reception awaits them. Mr. MACKEY has made the necessary arrangements, and the members of the club will receive a most cordial welcome. Mayor STOKELY has tendered them the freedom of the city.

THE "Liberal" movement in this county showed the first symptom of life yesterday, when a call was issued in response to the request of the Liberal State Central Committee, for a meeting to be held this evening at the Board of Trade rooms, for the purpose of forming a Liberal Executive Committee for Allegheny. Forty-four names are signed to the call, "BENTON" KERR heading the list. Of those who are known in politics at all, the majority are Democrats; but the most of the signers have no standing or influence in either party.

WE have been requested to mention that during the latter part of July there will be a meeting of the National Teachers' Association at Boston, and directly thereafter a meeting of the teachers connected with the German-American Schools of the United States, at Hoboken. Taking into consideration the importance of the subject of education, and the great benefit thereto that will in all probability be derived from the discussions and comparisons of views and methods which will take place during these Conventions, it would seem that as many teachers as possible should be in attendance at them. The press will advance the educational interests of the country by calling attention to this matter.

AND now, after a still longer and more modest interval of silence than that observed by his illustrious chief, the Vice Presidential nominee of the Cincinnati Convention steps, hat in hand, to the front, and makes obeisance for the honor conferred upon him. The only notable feature of Governor BROWN's letter of acceptance is that which states that amnesty, to be effective, must be made general; a most commendable but curious change of opinion since the recent date when he so strenuously urged the enactment of a constitutional provision disfranchising all who, whether openly or covertly, had been engaged in the rebellion, on the ground that, to admit rebels and traitors to the ballot box, would be to make them more dangerous than they were in the field, and "tend directly to the subversion and destruction of the Goverment."

A CONGRESSIONAL Committee for the revision of the rules governing the conduct of that body has been appointed and will sit during adjournment. There is certainly room for a number of improvements. The course of the Democratic minority in the House with reference to the civil rights bill, embodying substantially the principles of the measure passed by the Senate, shows how a factious few may under the present regulations prevent the passage of important laws and obstruct the whole course of legislation, in complete disregard of the requirements of the country and the wishes of the majority of Congress. Of course minorities have their rights, and these should always be jealously guarded; but the proceedings of Congress during the present session alone furnish sufficient proof that modification of the rules is needed. If the opportunities for "fillibustering" were curtailed, the public business would be likely to suffer a good deal less from neglect.

A NUMBER of important changes are about to be made in the English patent system. A select Parliamentary Committee, who have had the subject under consideration for some time, have recommended that the present practice of patenting anything and everything at the option of the proprietor shall be abandoned, and that no patent shall hereafter be granted except upon the report of a competent authority that the invention is new, and a manufacture within the scope and meaning of the law, and also upon condition that the manufacture shall be carried on in the United Kingdom, so as to fully supply the demand on reasonable terms and with due regard to existing interests. There are also a number of other changes, one of the most important of which provides that no article manufactured in a foreign country shall be patented in England unless a patent has previously been granted in the country in which it originated, and the patent be applied for by the inventor or his legal assigns.

IN the death of JAMES GORDON BENNETT, founder and proprietor of the New York *Herald*, of which mention will be found in our telegraphic columns, the profession of journalism in this country loses its oldest, and in some respects its most remarkable member. Younger in age by a year than the venerable editor of the New York *Evening Post*, he became connected with the press six years earlier, and for upwards of half a century continued to be practically identified with it. In 1835 he issued the first number of the *Herald*, with which his name has ever since been associated, although he retired from the active management of its concerns several years ago. Mr. BENNETT was born in Scotland, but came to this country at an early age. He was destined by his parents for the priesthood of the Catholic Church, but the bent of his genius was toward journalism. A man of great versatility rather than great powers, his career furnishes a striking example of what may be accomplished by tact, energy, and patient persistence of purpose.

WHICH of the two namesakes is right? The New York *Tribune*, Liberal Republican, avers that the Democratic party has "virtually surrendered its hostility to equal rights, regardless of color"—in consequence whereof its candidate considers that he can accept a nomination from the hands of that party without in any degree repudiating his past principles; while the Chicago *Tribune*, also Liberal Republican, declares that "so long as every Democratic magistrate, policeman or ruffian knows that the black man's vote tallies one every time against him, he will get no justice at their hands, and only oppression and insult from them all"—for which reason it intimates that they should vote for the nominee of the Philadelphia Convention, in order to put a stop to this "oppression" and "insult." The New York *Tribune* commends the Democracy to the support of the colored race because it has outgrown its prejudices toward them, and the Chicago *Tribune* calls upon them to sustain it for the reason that until they do they will get no justice at its hands. This looks like a distinction with a difference, which the papers in question are respectfully invited to ponder at their leisure.

LATEST advices from England state that the movement of the agricultural classes for the amelioration of their condition, which commenced in Warwickshire some weeks ago, is extending all over the country. The most notable feature of the movement is the moderation, sagacity and self-restraint with which it has been conducted. There seems to have all along been an entire abstinence from overbearing or violent methods; which, considering the privations and sufferings of the class embraced, and their low standard of intellectual cultivation, is perhaps one of the most striking instances of temperance and judiciousness which the history of such combinations affords. It is at present difficult to forecast the economical or social consequences of this movement. There is almost a moral certainty, however, that whatever may be its final outcome, the future relations of farmers to their laborers will be different from those which have heretofore existed. It is quite evident that a great change is impending over the agricultural interests of that country, and it is sincerely to be hoped that the new life which seems to have been kindled in the lowest order of its industrial classes may progressively develop itself in forms which, however inconvenient their immediate effect, will be ultimately beneficial to the whole country.

GENERAL HOWARD, who was recently sent out to Arizona to study the Indian question, to consult with citizens and officials as to the best course to be pursued to avert a threatened outbreak of Apache hostilities, and if found practicable, to take a delegation of the chiefs of that tribe to Washington for conference, and to impress them with the hopelessness of contending against the United States, has come to the conclusion that the policy of moral suasion will not answer the requirements of the case, and that the proper measures to employ toward the Apache "robbers and murderers who will not be conciliated," are those of rigorous military force, and has accordingly advised General CROOK to employ all the resources of his command in bringing them to punishment. General HOWARD is a believer in peace, but only in that peace which insures security and justice. Now let the government act promptly on his recommendation. What is to be done should be done at once and in a proper way. If necessary, let troops enough be sent out there to run a skirmish line across the entire territory, and comb out every crawling, skulking savage who refuses to come under the influences of civilization, to go upon a reservation, and to accept the protection of the government. If there is to be an Indian war, let it be prosecuted with vigor and brought to an end as soon as possible.

SENATOR SUMNER'S SPEECH.

"Is this the great ACHILLES whom we knew?" Progress is so superior to personality, and the principles involved in the continued ascendancy of the Republican party—which now, as in the past, is still the embodiment of justice, of humanity, of national advancement and genuine, practical reform—are so great and important that we had hoped those who, having been among its founders and leaders, had from the operation of whatever offense or grievance broken away from their accustomed course of action, would have the wisdom and patriotism, before the lines of battle were ranged and set, to sink their private dissatisfactions, and win still further the respect and confidence of the country, by showing how superior they were to the influence of mere personal animosity, however great might have been the original provocation to resentment. Chiefest of all had we looked to the example of Senator SUMNER for an illustration of the power and beneficence of this political concord.

This hope has been destined to disappointment. That Senator has not been able to rise to the height of his opportunity. He has permitted his personal grievances to become magnified in his mind and heart into the semblance of a national grievance, and allowed his disappointment and irritation not only to get the better of his judgment, but also to warp his conscience, and to interfere with his conduct and duty as a true member of the political organization to which he professes to belong.

Fortunately, however, the speech carries its own antidote with it. Distilled of the very essence of rancour, coarse and vituperative to an almost incredible degree, its author will find that in his fury he has overshot the mark, and that the poisoned arrow aimed at another will return to wound his own breast. Senator SUMNER overestimates his own importance and underrates alike the intelligence and the courage of the masses of the Republican party. President GRANT is responsible, not to the Senator, but to the country, which will judge him at Philadelphia both as to his fitness for a second term and as to the expediency of putting him again on the track; and while the right of free criticism of any President in office, and of all measures of his administration, is at all times and under all circumstances to be inflexibly maintained, Senator SUMNER will probably learn from the action of the forthcoming National Nominating Convention that, great as he is, and distinguished as his services have been, he is neither the center of the solar system nor the keystone of the Republican party, and that the people of the country will not only cordially indorse the work which President GRANT has already performed, but will bid him carry it on for another period of four years.

The first thing which strikes the reader, after a perusal of the speech, is, that it does not contain a single accusation that has not already been repeatedly brought by the Bedouins and Ishmaelites of the hustings and the press; and the next, the immeasurable disparity between the nature of the alleged shortcomings and the degree of reprobation heaped upon them by the Senator. Granted that the President has received gifts: they were tendered as manifestations of the people's gratitude for services that could not be sufficiently rewarded—tributes of respect perfectly proper for the people to offer and for him to accept—none having been received since he became President. Neither does it follow that if, in his selection of persons for public office, he has chosen some from among the men whom he knew and trusted, the position must have been conferred as a *quid pro quo*—as one consideration for another; and such an imputation is in nowise compatible with the dignity and candor which the country had a right to expect from the Massachusetts Senator, even in his most hostile moods. With regard to his charges of nepotism, whilst we are by no means an admirer of the practice of appointing relatives to office, it should be remembered that it has been followed to a greater or less extent by almost every President since the organization of the Government, while the constant and exaggerated references of the Senator to this part of his indictment, as if he feared it would else be forgotten by those whom it was intended to affect, show how little confidence he himself had in its power to inflict injury. With respect to the annexation of San Domingo, it is sufficient to reply that as soon as the President discovered the sentiment of the country to be averse to its acquisition he promptly relinquished the project, "having no policy to enforce against the will of the people."

In short, from beginning to end of his tirade, Mr. SUMNER was flagrantly unjust to the President, guilty alike of suppressing the truth and suggesting that which was not true. Not only did he grossly exaggerate his supposed defects of character, but he sedulously concealed his known and admitted excellencies. No reference was made to the unprecedented prosperity of the nation under his administration, to his maintenance of the public faith, his impartial execution of the laws, his protection of the rights of all without distinction of class or color, the reduction of the public debt, the appreciation of our bonds and securities in the money markets of the world, his recommendations respecting amnesty, or his strenuous endeavors to elevate and purify the civil service of the country. Respecting all these things the Senator was as dumb as an oyster.

And therefore the people, who do not hold positions of trust and power, yet who are proud to labor for the success of the cause they love, will indignantly refuse to accept the Senator's malicious caricature as a faithful portrait of their President. Neither ignoring nor justifying the mistakes of his administration, they have confidence in his rectitude and patriotism, and feel sure of his ability to carry on the work of pacification and purification until the principles established by the war shall everywhere have hardened into practices.

The motives which prompted Mr. SUMNER's phillipic will perhaps be better understood by recalling to mind the fact that, just before the re-nomination of President LINCOLN, he prepared a similar acrimonious pasquinade against him, which he was subsequently induced to withhold. Portions of that suppressed jeremiad may possibly have been pressed into service in this.

FRENCH ELEMENT IN AMERICAN POLITICS.

Among the French population of the United States there is a decided movement in the direction of a more active participation than heretofore in American politics. Two reasons may be assigned for the movement. One is the prevalent belief, no matter whether well or ill founded, that American sympathy for Germany in the late war was largely due to the political influence of the American Germans, and the other reason is derived from the republican form of the present Government of France. Whatever differences of opinion exist among Frenchmen at home, Frenchmen settled in the United States seem to be in favor of the republic. While the Empire flourished imperialism was strong among them, because its forms and glory were intimately associated with all their thoughts of France, to which they continually looked as their home, and whither they hoped, some day, to return. At present the democratic influences around them are not thus counteracted; France being a republic, Franco-Americans, without ceasing to be loyal to "the great nation," are able without prejudice to look at our republican institutions, and to strive to become practically familiar with their operation. A year ago or more their leading newspaper organs urged upon them the duty of paying attention to American politics and of forming clubs or societies for political discussion and for making their influence felt in our elections. These appeals have produced the effect which was desired.

Four Frenchmen of Chicago having gone to Cincinnati to attend the late Convention, and wishing to combine the force of their nationality for political purposes, called upon their compatriots then present in the city to meet together the next day, when it was found that twenty-seven States were represented. Sixty-six delegates speaking the French language, and coming from all parts of the Union, assembled at the time and place indicated in the call. These, be it understood, were, for the most part, delegates to one or other of the two conventions then meeting in Cincinnati. A president and secretary having been appointed, this French assembly proceeded to adopt a preamble and resolutions expressive of their views concerning the political principles which should rule in national affairs, and which they desired to see incorporated in the platform to be adopted at Cincinnati. The resolutions were most moderate in tone and most sound and rational in tenor, recommending the best interests of all citizens of the Republic without respect to birth or section, and the cessation of those internal discords from which no good can come. For President they declared in favor of a man of the North, proved a statesman by acts as well as words, and for vice-President they favored a man of the South having the same qualifications, "thus preserving the laws and rights of each State of the Union, formed by the combined efforts of WASHINGTON and LAFAYETTE." The Louisiana delegation was appointed a Central National Committee to organize the French speaking population in all the States with reference to the next electoral campaign. In consequence of this action it is expected that a complete organization of the French population will be effected in each State with appropriate committees and other agencies for bringing out the French vote.

As the French population of the United States amounts to little more than somewhere about a hundred and fifteen thousand, this movement cannot at present be said to have great practical importance. It is, however, interesting, and promises to be ultimately important. It is undoubtedly desirable that all the elements which make up our heterogeneous population should take a lively interest and a real part in working out the problem of popular self-government. An incidental advantage of the French movement may not at once occur to every reader. As one result of the American-German activity in our politics, is that their newspapers read in Germany are the means of diffusing American ideas and information concerning American institutions in that country, it may be reasonably expected that in future the French papers published among us will perform a similar useful office in France. One reason why America is better understood in Germany than elsewhere on the continent of Europe is that the German newspapers here published are simply "American papers in the German language." In France ignorance dense and profound concerning this country prevails, even the ablest Paris journals habitually publishing the most absurd mistakes about us, because the French papers of the United States up until lately filled their columns for the most part with French news and foreign gossip, while their treatment of American affairs, and especially of American politics, was exceedingly slight and unsatisfactory.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

The culture of raw silk in the United States, which some years ago promised well, seems to have been almost abandoned outside of California, the entire product in 1870, according to the census, having been but 3,937 pounds against 11,944 pounds in 1860. And of the production of 1870, California is credited with no less than 3,587 pounds. The decline has resulted from the general abandonment of the business in the States east of the Mississippi.

The New York *Independent* suggests penny postage as one of the planks of the Philadelphia Convention. It calls attention to the fact that the Free Soil Convention at Buffalo, in 1848, inserted a demand for cheap postage, and thinks that had it been accepted when it was first proposed, "there never would have arisen a thought of disunion, and the civil war would have been impossible."

Some idea of the labor devolving on the six revenue vessels on active duty in the great lakes, whose business it is to examine clearances, prevent smuggling and assist vessels in distress, may be gained from the fact that last year upwards of a thousand vessels were boarded, a hundred and twelve seized and reported, assistance rendered to forty-one vessels in distress, and seven men saved from drowning.

It has recently been ascertained that iron sand, which is found abundantly on the beaches of New Zealand, can be converted into excellent steel by a simple and economical process. It is mixed with an equal quantity of clay, and of the ordinary sea sand, which contains a large admixture of shells. The mixture is worked up into bricks, which are hardened in a kiln, then broken and smelted in an ordinary cupola furnace.

After more than a century's labor in Labrador the Moravian brethren have just completed a translation of the scriptures into the Esquimaux language.

There is said to be a remarkable increase in the number of sufferers from paralysis in San Francisco, which is attributed to mental anxiety, caused by speculation or the desire to obtain wealth rapidly.

In New Orleans a process has been discovered whereby the fibre of the ramie plant can, by means of a chemical solution, be bleached to a pure and pearly white, and without any other machinery than that used in rolling mills.

George A. Sala made a curious contract for writing the "Thanksgiving Number" of the London *Graphic*. He was to put together thirty-seven thousand words, and to be paid for his task at the rate of a cent a word. It was a catch penny affair.

A newspaper has just been started in London, called "The American Settler." It is devoted exclusively to the interests of settlers in America. The advantages of immigration are set forth, and a fair representation made of the different parts of the country.

A thousand dollar Kentucky bull recently undertook to stop a locomotive. The horns, hide and tallow are for sale. Kentucky Democracy take notice.

The money has been raised and the editorial staff is now being organized for a new illustrated daily paper in New York. Such a sheet, if conducted with ability, will no doubt furnish a lively entertainment during the coming canvass. As a pecuniary venture, however, it can hardly meet with success.

The Agricultural Congress now in session at St. Louis, will memorialize Congress to retain six sections of forest lands in each township of the public demesne, for the purpose of producing the necessary rainfall.

West Boylston, Massachusetts, has adopted the plan of setting up tasteful tablets inscribed with the names of its fallen heroes, in the school houses, where they may be looked upon by the rising generation, and serve as a continual reminder of the suffering and heroism of the great struggle for the Union. Every school house in the country should copy this example.

"*Arma virumque cano.*" Engagement bracelets are the latest novelty. They are placed on the ladies' arms as soon as papa has given his consent, and then locked on by a small gold key.

Official reports show that of an average of 2,450 enlisted men stationed in the Department of the East, the army lost 899 by desertion last year—more than one-third of the whole number.

We learn from a Liberal Republican newspaper that "wild geese fly at the rate of ninety miles an hour." Now let it estimate the progress of a journal that starts off on a wild goose chase. An answer is not requested until November.

Electricity is said to be developed in metallic wires by merely bending them, and the development appears to be independent of any thermic action.

A Louisville paper says that a snake, five feet long, was killed near that city a few days ago. Two protuberances, resembling feet or hoofs, were attached to its body. It was probably a copperhead in the first stage of Liberal Republican development.

The army worm is said to be doing serious damage in Tennessee. Millions of them, covering a space some three thousand yards in width, are moving northwardly, destroying all the crops of grass, corn, rye, barley, wheat and vegetables in their course, and sweeping the fields clean of all verdure.

The numerical addition to the strength of the Northern States from immigration, since the census of 1800, is estimated at 17,500,000, and the value in wealth at $5,000,000,000. The immigration as between the late slave and free States is over 10,000,000 in favor of the latter.

Cheap coffee houses for laboring men are to established in various parts of Chicago. Practical Christianity.

The next annual convention of the American Society of Civil Engineers will be held in Chicago, commencing on Wednesday, 4th instant. Eastern members of the society propose on their return trip to spend a day in this city. Proper arrangements should be made for their reception.

It is said that sunstroke is [illegible] to the action of light upon the brain, exerted through the eye, and not, as generally believed, to an elevation of temperature; and it is asserted that if the eye be properly shaded from the glare of the sun, any extra or unusual precaution in the way of protecting the head or back may be dispensed with.

Composite ships with an iron frame and wooden planking are coming into favor on the lakes.

The establishment of a Botanical Garden in New York similar to the Jardin des Plantes in Paris is proposed.

The Centennial Commission suggests that another census should be taken in 1876. The great object sought is an exact statement of our progress as a country during the first one hundred years of our existence. The matter will be brought before Congress for consideration.

In a late letter to the Missouri *Democrat* 'Mack' relates a story of an unsophisticated gentleman from the West who recently dropped into the hall of the House of Representatives to see the sights. Beckoning to a neatly attired citizen of African descent who stood near him, and who modestly answered his call, he said to him, "Jim, will you show me to the barber's shop; I want to get shaved and have my boots blacked." This was a little too much for "Jim," who was none other than one of the honorable members from South Carolina—Mr. Elliott. "Scuse me, sah," said Elliott, "I'se not a waitah; I'se a membah." Unfortunately for the truth of this recital it so happens that Mr. Elliott—who by the way is as black as the ace of spades—is a highly educated and accomplished gentleman, possessing the culture and polish of some of the best European schools. We are quite certain that the purity of his English would not suffer from comparison with the language of a majority of his white colleagues.

PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Governor.
JOHN F. HARTRANFT

For Supreme Judge.
ULYSSES MERCUR.

For Auditor General.
HARRISON ALLEN,

For Congressmen at Large.
HARRY WHITE,
LEMUEL TODD.

For Presidential Electors at Large.
ADOLPH E. BORIE.
JOHN M. THOMPSON.

For Delegates at Large to the Constitutional Convention. William M. Meredith, Philadelphia; J. Gillingham Fell, Philadelphia; Harry White, Indiana; William Lilly, Carbon; Linn Bartholomew, Schuylkill; H. N. McCallister, Center; William H. Armstrong, Lycoming; William Davis, Luzerne; James L. Reynolds, Lancaster; Samuel E. Dimmock, Wayne; George V. Lawrence, Washington; David N. White, Allegheny; W. H. Ainey, Lehigh; John H. Walker, Erie.

COUNTY REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

TWENTY-SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.
JAMES S. NEGLEY.

JUDICIARY.
President Judge Common Pleas Court.
JAMES P. STERRETT.
Associate Judge.
EDWIN H. STOWE.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.
THOS. EWING, MATHEW EDWARDS, THOS. MACCONNELL, SAMUEL A. PURVIANCE, J. W. F WHITE, THOMAS HOWARD.

ASSEMBLY.
First City District.—HENRY H. McCORMICK.
Second City District.—S. J. WAINWRIGHT.

COUNTY DISTRICTS.
JAMES W. BALLANTINE, HYDE K. SAMPLE, J. DUNCAN RAMSEY, A. B. YOUNG, JOHN C. NEWMEYER.

SHERIFF.
JOHN H. HARE.

CLERK OF COURTS.
WILLIAM H. McCLEARY.

RECORDER.
RALPH J. RICHARDSON.

CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT.
ALEXANDER HILANDS.

REGISTER.
JOHN H. GRAY.

COMMISSIONER.
JAMES McGUNNEGLE.

DIRECTOR OF POOR.
JAMES W. BELL.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Fanny Hyde, will be again placed on trial in Brooklyn to-day, for the murder of George W. Watson.

The divorced wife of an English nobleman who disappeared from society a number of years ago, was lately heard of in command of a large band of Bedouin Arabs, convoying several Englishmen through a dangerous part of the Nubian desert, armed with gun and spear like an Arab chief.

On the 30th of May, the bi-centenary of the birth of Peter the Great of Russia was celebrated with immense splendor at St. Petersburg, and at many other points besides the great city which he founded and made the capital of the empire. In the thirty-six years of his reign from 1689 to 1725 he raised Russia to the rank of a great European power and started on the path to civilization.

Miss Kate Field, who went across the water, last May, to tell the English what an American thought of Charles Dickens, is about to return home. A letter from London says of her: Miss Field has been chiefly known in London society, where she has been markedly observed as a brilliant, graceful and tasteful, but uncompromising American woman. Her rabid Republicanism has shot out at random, indifferent to whom it hit or where it fell. In spite of this, her very frankness, matched with English tolerance, has won her many friends where one might have expected enemies.

The Methodist Episcopal Book Concern has got up a handsome copy of Dr. Butler's "Land of the Veda" for presentation to Queen Victoria. This work is said to be the most interesting volume concerning the Anglo-Indian Empire that has been published on either side of the Atlantic.

The Paducah *Kentuckian* says that Dr. J. Milton Best's house, for the destruction of which Congress has just awarded twenty-five thousand dollars, was not worth over five thousand dollars. Who has been engineering this bill, and how much of the money went in the way of fees? Some inquisitive Congressman should look into the matter. A small and inexpensive investigating committee would perhaps be in order.

George Alfred Townsend says: "I have never got over the fresh country boy's surprise at seeing the world, and all real news affects me as phenomena." One would suppose so, indeed, judging from his astonishing antics since he received intelligence of Mr. Greeley's nomination.

In his ovation at the recent unveiling of Shakspeare's statue, Mr. Bryant said the great poet would have made an admirable superintendent of a lunatic asylum. Or—he might have added—a doorkeeper in Congress.

The young lady to whom the Emperor of China is shortly to be married is named Alute, a Mongol by descent, and the daughter of Chung Chi, an officer of the Hanlin College, whose father was a Mandarian of high rank. She is called "the daughter of the Moon," and is said to be quite a Venus.

A Dead Delusion.

The theory that human beings whose strength has been exhausted by pain and sickness can be restored by depleting medicines and water gruel, if not absolutely a dead delusion, is in the last agonies of dissolution. At length it is understood that strength cannot be purged into a debilitated frame, though life may easily be purged out of it, and that it is about as wise to withold a healthful stimulant from the weak, in the expectation that they will rally without one, as it would be to deprive a lamp of oil and expect it to burn the brighter for it.

The immense and uniform success which has attended the use of that wonderful combination of a pure stimulant with the finest medicinal herbs, known as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, has largely assisted in dispelling the absurd chimera. Frantic attempts are made to revive it, but in vain. When the sick feel that their strength is departing, and that unless invigorated they must utterly break down, it is in vain to tender them feculent slops in the place of genuine restoratives. They may be imposed upon in this way once, but the imposition cannot be repeated. They desire to be refreshed, comforted, braced up, and decline to be griped a second time.

Under the operation of the Bitters, on the other hand, all the processes necessary to physical restoration go on simultaneously. The system is stimulated and toned, the bowels regulated, the appetite cultivated, the nerves composed and the condition of the blood improved at one and the same time by a single medicine. Common sense tells us that such a preparation must be invaluable.

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Varnishes, Varnishes.
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HORSFORD'S ACID PHOS.,
ROBINSON'S CORN PENCILS,
HOLMES'S EXT. BUCHU,
HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT,
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By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, sitting in Admiralty, and to me directed, I will sell at

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On Saturday, the 8th day of June, 1872,

At 9 o'clock A. M., the STEAMBOAT "COAL BLUFF," her Boats, Machinery, Apparel, Furniture, Tackle, &c., &c. The sale will take place on the Boat, at the Monongahela Wharf, in the City of Pittsburgh.

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Black Mourning Shawls,
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Union Trust Company, of New York City,

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CARPETS.
We import directly from the leading Factories of Europe, and have secured many New Styles and Patterns that are strictly private to our house.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.
23 Fifth Avenue.

CARPETS.
I HAVE NOW IN STORE
ALL NEW STYLES OF
WILTONS, AXMINSTERS,
VELVETS, BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRIES.
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN
OIL CLOTHS,
LINOLEUM,
MATTINGS AND MATS.
Henry McCallum,
51 FIFTH AVENUE,
ABOVE WOOD STREET.

D. EINSTEIN. E. FIATKOWSKI.
D. EINSTEIN & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO D. S. ERB & CO.,
Wholesale Jobbers of
Cigars,
Tobaccos and
Smokers' Articles,
348 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.
ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

LORETTO SPRINGS,
CAMBRIA COUNTY, PENNA.,
Will be open the 25TH JUNE, 1872, for the reception of Guests. Coaches will be at and free transportation from Cresson Station, Pennsylvania Railroad on the arrival of Trains. For further particulars apply to
FRANCIS A. GIBBONS,
FMWtf Loretto, Cambria county, Pa.

LOH & COOLEY,
Produce Commission Merchants,
207 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Consignments solicited. Correspondence invited.

DRY GOODS.

SPECIALTIES
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S
AT 25c, ONE CASE
Yosemite Stripes and P. K.'s,
ON COUNTER, A GREAT BARGAIN.
At 28, 31, 33, 40 and 50c,
JAPANESE SILKS
AT 12½ CENTS,
SUMMER DRESS GOODS.
At 12½, 15, 18¾ and 25c,
Striped Grenadines.
At 8 1-3 Cents,
FAST COLORED PRINTS,
BEST QUALITY, SLIGHTLY IMPERFECT.
At 37½ and 50 Cents,
Men's Calico Shirts.
At 58 Cents,
LADIES' KID GLOVES,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S
Nos. 165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny.

AT
HORNE & CO.'S,
RETAIL,
197 and 199 Penn Avenue.
FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.
Now Open Full and Complete Lines of Every Grade and Quality of
GAUZE AND GOSSAMER
UNDERWEAR,
FOR
LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN.
FOR
GENTLEMEN AND YOUTHS.
GAUZE, GOSSAMER, SILK,
Balbriggan, Anglo Cashmere,
ANGOLA FLANNEL,
LINEN, JEAN AND SUMMER MERINO
UNDERWEAR,
Of every description and quality, at
VERY LOWEST PRICES.
CALL AND EXAMINE.

NEW YORK.

HOLLOWAYS
PILLS AND OINTMENT.
EVERY MAN HIS OWN PHYSICIAN!
CAUTION.
The immense demand for HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENT, has tempted unprincipled parties to counterfeit these valuable medicines.
In order to protect the public and ourselves, we have issued a new "Trade Mark," consisting of an Egyptian circle of a serpent, with the letter H in the center. Every box of genuine HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENT will have this Trade Mark on it; none are genuine without it.
N. Y. CHEMICAL CO., Sole Proprietors,
MWF 78 Maiden Lane, New York.

WIRE ROPE.
BRIGHT STEEL AND CHARCOAL IRON of Superior Quality, for Inclined Planes, Mining, Hoisting, Belting and Ferry Purposes. Also, Galvanized Charcoal and B. B. for Ships' Rigging, Suspension Bridges, Guys, Derricks, &c.
A large stock constantly on hand, from which any desired lengths are cut, at
John W. Mason & Co.'s,
43 Broadway, New York.

MORE THAN 800 DIFFERENT STYLES
LIFT AND FORCE PUMPS,
Hydraulic Rams, &c.
Send for Circular and Prices.
RUMSEY & CO.,
SENECA FALLS, N. Y., U. S. A.

PHILADELPHIA.

CRETONNES,
SATEENS,
CASHMERES,
LACE CURTAINS,
AND OTHER NEW GOODS
FOR DRAPERIES
AND
FURNITURE COVERINGS,
THE CHOICEST STOCK YET OFFERED, AT
WALRAVEN'S,
MASONIC HALL,
No. 719 Chesnut Street. Philadelphia.

IRON AND STEEL RAILROAD
AND
STREET RAILS
OF BEST AMERICAN AND ENGLISH MAKES.
Chairs, Spikes, Fish Bars and Railroad Supplies, Muck Bars, Old Rails, Scrap, Blooms. American and Scotch Pig Iron and Metals
CHAS. W. MATTHEWS,
133 Walnut Street, Philadelphia,
(Late RALSTON & MATTHEWS. 133 Walnut.)

B. K. JAMISON & CO.
BANKERS,
PHILADELPHIA,
Transact a general Banking and Exchange Business, including Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds, Gold, etc., on Commission.

F. CHAS. EICHEL,
FASHIONABLE
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,
NO. 504 NORTH EIGHTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
Instructions for self measurement sent on application.

WHEAT—
A FEW CARS
CHOICE WHEAT,
To arrive. For sale by
DANIEL WALLACE,
353 LIBERTY STREET.

DRY GOODS.

AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S
At 10 Cents Per Yard, One Case
REAL HERNANI.
AT 50 CENTS,
BLACK MOHAIR LUSTRE,
A GREAT BARGAIN.
SUITS, SUITS.
LADIES' SUITS,
MISSES' SUITS,
CHILDREN'S SUITS.
SHAWLS, SCARFS.
A LARGE STOCK OF ALL KINDS OF
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
FANS, FANS
AT VERY LOW PRICES, AT
WM. SEMPLE'S
Nos. 165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny.

C. Arbuthnot. W. T. Shannon. J. G. Stephenson
Arbuthnot,
Shannon & Co.
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS,
AND
NOTIONS,
OFFER BEST STOCK IN THE CITY
AT
LOWEST EASTERN PRICES,
AT THEIR NEW STORE,
239 and 241 Liberty Street,
OPPOSITE WOOD STREET,
BUYERS ARE INVITED TO CALL.

SPRING, 1872.
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS.
OUR STOCK COMPLETE.
Haines & Sheibler,
Successors to Carr, McCandless & Co.,
No. 94 Wood Street.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS
FOR
PUMPING ENGINES, BUILDINGS,
RESERVOIR, IRON PIPE, FIRE
HYDRANTS, STOP-VALVES,
Etc., Etc., Etc.,
FOR
Water Works at Oil City, Pa.

Sealed Proposals, properly indorsed, will be received by the "Committee on Water and Light" of the Council of Oil City, Pa., until 4 o'clock P. M. on the 13TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, at the office of the Engineer in said city.

1. For constructing the necessary Buildings to accommodate the Engines and Boilers.
2. For furnishing and placing in operation two Engines each capable of raising 500,000 gallons 310 feet in 12 hours, and two Boilers to generate steam for the same purpose.
3. For constructing a Reservoir capable of containing three million gallons.
4. For furnishing (say) 600 tons of Cast Iron Pipe, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 inches in diameter, and 52,000 pounds of Special Castings.
5. For furnishing (say) 60 Fire Hydrants, 36 Stop Valves for 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 inch Pipes, and 12 Ball and Socket Joints for 12 inch Pipes.
6. For laying 1,200 feet of 12 inch submerged Main
5,800 feet of 12 inch Pumping and Supply Mains.
1,000 feet of 10 inch Distributing Mains.
3,360 feet of 8 inch Distributing Mains.
8,680 feet of 6 inch Distributing Mains.
23,750 feet of 4 inch Distributing Mains.
And for setting 60 Fire Hydrants.

Proposals may be made for any or all of the above specified parts, in accordance with Specifications prepared, and which will form a part of all contracts. All Proposals are to state the time required to complete the part bid upon.

Each bid must be accompanied with certificate of a deposit of $100 made with the City Treasurer of Oil City, said deposit to be retained from successful bidders until the work or material bid for is completed.

The Committee on Water and Light reserves the right to reject any or all bids, and satisfactory security will be required of all contractors.

General specifications and bills of quantities can now be seen at the office of the undersigned, in Oil City, and at the office of H. P. M. BIRKINBINE, Engineer, No. 152 South Fourth street, Philadelphia.

Plans can be seen at the office of the Engineer in Philadelphia and at the office of the Engineer in Oil City after June 7th.

Contractors of parts of work are to furnish material and do work as the Engineer may direct, so as not to interfere with the operations of other contractors.

JOSEPH BATES,
JOHN MAWHINNEY,
JOHN FINLEY,
T. H. WILLIAMS,
Water and Light Committee.

FOR SALE.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
PITTSBURGH, May 28, 1872.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until MONDAY, June 3, at 5 P. M., for the purchase of a

Large Sized Burke & Barnes Safe,

Which can be seen at the foot of the stairs leading to the old Council Rooms, in the Diamond.
By order of the Street Commission.
A. ARTHURS, Chairman.

Southwest Pennsylvania Railway.

To Contractors.

PROPOSALS will be received until JUNE 7th, 12 M., for the Graduation, Masonry and Bridging of Sections Nos. 25 to 32, both inclusive, being eight Sections, and extending from the Youghiogheny River at Connellsville to Mount Braddock Summit, this includes the Bridge across said river.

Blank Forms can be obtained on application to the Secretary, and Profiles of the work may be inspected at the office in Greensburg.

Proposals should be addressed to
GEO. W. LEUFFER, Engineer.
Greensburg, May 23d, 1872.

JEWELRY.

Elgin Watches.
(The Most Accurate Time-keepers Made.)
A FULL STOCK OF ALL GRADES,
In Gold and Silver Cases,
Open Face Railroad Cases,
Ladies' Gold Watches,
All makes of Stem and Key Winders,
At Lowest Cash Prices.
E. P. ROBERTS,
NO. 22 FIFTH AVENUE.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

NOTICE—
The Copartnership heretofore existing between WILLIAM MILLER, WILLIAM BRUFF, JOHN M THORP JEROME S. BONNETT, under the firm name of
WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,
Has been dissolved by the death of William Miller. tf

DRY GOODS.

Attractive Stock
OF
NEW GOODS
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S
New Hats,
New Bonnets,
New Ribbons,
New Flowers.
TRIMMED HATS,
VERY CHEAP.
AT 25 CENTS,
MISSES' SCHOOL HATS,
IN BROWN AND WHITE.
Gent's Furnishing Goods.
Ladies' and Gent's Hose, Gloves and Neck Ties.
Collars and Handkerchiefs of all kinds.
GREAT BARGAINS IN
LADIES' WHITE SKIRTS,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S
Nos. 165, 167 and 169
Federal Street, Allegheny.

JOHN AUDAY. J. F. J. ALLISON
AUDAY
& ALLISON,
WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN
DRY GOODS
AND
Notions,
No. 43 WOOD STREET,
Opposite St. Charles Hotel.
A LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE STOCK OF GOODS WILL BE KEPT ON HAND THROUGHOUT THE SEASON.
BUYERS WILL FIND IT TO THEIR INTEREST TO CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK BEFORE MAKING THEIR PURCHASES.

MERINO AND MUSLIN
UNDERWEAR,
FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN,
FOR SALE BY
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH AVENUE.

INSURANCE.

Western Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED APRIL, 1849.
CAPITAL ... $225,000,
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
Office—First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.
DIRECTORS:
[illegible]

People's Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, N. E. Corner Wood street and Fifth avenue.
[illegible]
DIRECTORS:
[illegible]

Monongahela Insurance Co.,
OF PITTSBURGH,
INCORPORATED 1854.
CASH CAPITAL ... $175,000
[illegible]

Citizen's Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
[illegible]
DIRECTORS:
[illegible]
Capt. J. ATKINSON, General Agent.

BALTIMORE.

CIDER
"New York State Reserve."
(Trade Mark.)
VINEGAR.
GITTINGER, DERR & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS AND
Commission Merchants
For the sale of Foreign and Domestic Liquors, Cigars, Breadstuffs and Country Produce.
Nos. 13 and 15 Cheapside, Baltimore.

WM. H. ROGERS. JOS. O. DUNLOP.
WM. H. ROGERS & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
SEGARS AND DEALERS IN TOBACCO.
Also, Manufacturers of SODA and MINERAL WATERS
28 SECOND ST., Opposite Postoffice,
BALTIMORE, Md.

RENNERT HOUSE,
ON EUROPEAN PLAN.
Fayette Street, near Monument Square,
BALTIMORE.

BLIGH'S FOLDING DESK,
Or Table for Chairs.

Patented October 24, 1871.
[illegible]

CHOICE FRENCH PRUNES 5 CASES
[illegible]

James T. Brady & Co

Corner Wood and Fourth Avenue,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Money Loaned on Government Bonds at Lowest Market Rates.

☞ Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.

Commercial Banking Company, ALLIANCE, OHIO.

The undersigned have formed a Copartnership under the above name to transact

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,

AT ALLIANCE, OHIO, and will give careful and prompt attention to all business entrusted to them.

Special attention will be given to Collections in ALLIANCE, CANTON, MASSILLON, SALEM, LEETONIA, COLUMBIANA, NEW LISBON, and all other points in this part of Ohio.

Remittances made at Lowest Rates of Exchange.

Reference—Tradesmen's National Bank.

DAVID MORGAN, W. D. REES,
C. C. MANFULL, H. P. McINTOSH,
R. W. TEETERS, Cashier.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

BANKERS.

We offer for sale the following Local Securities at Par and Accrued Interest:

Pittsburgh City Water Bonds, 7 per cent. Interest;
Pittsburgh Penn Avenue Bonds, 7 per cent. Interest;
Ormsby Borough Bonds, 7 per cent. Interest;
Birmingham Market Bonds, 8 per cent. Interest.
Connellsville Railroad First Mortgage 6s at 86 and accrued interest.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,
Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Streets.

FINANCE AND TRADE

SATURDAY EVENING, June 1, 1872.

The closing month has been one of transition, when the stringent market of the spring months gives away to the easier feeling of summer trade, when the hard chrysalis of impecuniousness bursts into bright winged plenty.

The uncertain month of May, on which so much depends the future success of farms and gardens, has closed more favorably than was anticipated, although fears of blighting frosts are not yet wholly allayed, and June, the pearl of all the year, "with one great gush of blossom storms the world."

We are now fully entered in the season of summer when trade slackens her pace to a walk and the drivers go off by turns for their rest and recreation. A general quiet is felt, when money moves slowly, the pressure for loans being diminished and the number and amount of checks is lessened. Yet the experience of last year is not likely to be repeated, and we look for a healthy demand for money throughout the summer. The only movement of importance during this and the coming month will be the wool clip. Last season the price started off at 40 cents and ran up rapidly to 50 and 55, and the whole clip was marketed in two weeks; the farmers, although realizing a high price, were chagrined to see the rates go up to 60 and 75 cents a pound during the fall and winter. Anticipating something of the same sort this season, there is a disposition on their part hold on for higher prices. But the situation is entirely changed, and the market, starting as it has at 75c a pound for wool, is now so high that manufacturers cannot afford to turn out goods without a large mixture of cotton, as the prices of foreign stuffs are such that our manufacturers cannot advance rates of cloths and cassimeres, and they are now making every effort to prevent an advance in the price of wool. The market is apparently at the top notch, with the margin and chances largely in favor of steady prices, if not a decline, rather than in favor of an advance.

We anticipate, then, that the wool season will be lengthened out for most of the summer, and that the spasmodic demand for currency, which so severely deranged our exchange market a year ago, will not be felt.

—Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co. report the following quotations of Government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cooke & Co, their correspondents:

	Noon.	Evening.
U. S. Bonds of 1881	119⅝	119⅝
U. S. Bonds of 1862	113⅞	114
U. S. Bonds of 1864	113¾	114
U. S. Bonds of 1865	115	115
U. S. Bonds of 1865 (new)	116⅛	116⅛
U. S. Bonds of 1867	117¼	117⅜
U. S. Bonds of 1868	117	117⅜
10-40s	112	112
New 5s	112⅜	112⅜
Gold	114⅛	114⅛
Currency 6s	114	114⅛

*Ex-dividend.

—James T. Brady & Co, corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street, quote United States securities in New York to-day as follows:

Gold	114⅛
United States 6s of 1881	119⅝
United States 5-20s of 1862	113⅞
United States 5-20s of 1864	113⅞
United States 5-20s of 1865	115
United States 10-40s	112
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1865	116⅛
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1867	117⅜
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1868	117⅜
Union Pacific Railroad	
Central Pacific Railroad	
Currency Pacifics	114

—Those of the Philadelphia banks having their semi-annual dividend periods in May and November of each year have just announced their respective dividends for the last half year. The amount of capital declared on is $14,680,000—the same as in November last—the Fourth National with $200,000 capital, being omitted, and the Tradesmen's with a like amount of capital, being added. The amount of dividends declared is $803,300, against $782,500 at the last semi-annual period. All the banks make their usual dividends except the West Philadelphia, which increases its dividend ½ per cent., and the Kensington 1 per cent., and the Manufacturers' and Bank of Commerce, each of which drops 1 per cent., and the Commonwealth passes its dividend, carrying profits to surplus, with the view of strengthening its position.

—The following table shows the prices of railway stocks, gold, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day:

June 1, 1872.	10:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:30 A. M.	1:30 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Gold	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛	114¼	114⅛	114⅛
Canton	....	92	....	93⅛	....	....
Western Union Tel	75⅝	77⅛	75⅝	76⅛	76⅛	....
Quicksilver	....	32⅛	....	34⅛	....	....
Pacific Mail	75⅜	75⅝	....	75⅞	75⅞	75⅞
Adams Express	....	96⅜	....	96⅜	....	....
Wells Fargo Express	....	86⅛	....	87	....	....
American Express	....	76¾	....	77¼	....	....
United States Express	....	82	....	84	....	....
New York Central	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜
New York Central Scrip	93⅞	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛
Erie	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛	63⅛	63⅜	63⅛
Reading	....	....	....	....	....	....
Michigan Central	....	118⅛	....	118⅛	....	....
Michigan Southern	....	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	96¼	96¼
Illinois Central	....	....	....	136	....	....
Cleveland and Pitts	....	90⅛	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞
Chicago and Northwest	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛	74⅜	74⅜
Do. preferred	....	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛
Rock Island	110⅝	110⅞	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛
St. Paul	57⅛	57⅛	57½	57½	57⅛	....
Do. preferred	....	78¼	78½	78½	78¼	....
Wabash	....	75⅜	....	75⅜	....	....
Do. preferred	....	87	....	87	....	....
Fort Wayne	....	98	98	98	98	....
Ohio and Mississippi	....	47	47½	47⅛	47¼	47⅛
Chicago and Alton	116	....	....	116	....	....
Boston, Hartford & Erie	....	11⅛	....	....	....	....
Do. preferred	....	8	....	8	....	....
Harlem	....	120⅛	....	120½	....	....
New Jersey Central	....	108¼	....	109	....	....
Union Pacific	39	38⅞	39¼	39⅛	39	39

Messrs. Bowen & Fox, brokers and members of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, furnishes the following quotations of the closing prices to day of the most active stocks:

Penn'a Central	58⅛	Lehigh Valley R. R.	59⅛
Phila. and Erie	28⅛	North Penn'a R. R.	50⅜
Lehigh Navigation	44	Camden and Amboy	126⅜
Catawissa	45⅛	Schuylkill Navigat'n	15⅛
Oil Creek & Alle'y R.	38⅜	Reading	60⅛

HOP MARKET.

NEW YORK.

June 1.—In the absence of desirable stock there is less business. Prices remain very firm. The sales embrace about 100 bales 1870's at 25a50c, and about 30 packets English, 1871's, 62½c. A parcel of 800 bales, 1869's, is reported to have been taken on speculation on private terms. The scarcity of good to prime grades domestic causes more attention to be given to English and Bavarian, but prime grades of these, too, are now scarce. English may be quoted 60a65c, and Bavarian 65a75c. The crop accounts from the interior are conflicting, but, upon the whole, continue to be rather unfavorable.

The following is from the circular of 30th ult. of Mr. Emmet Wells:

	Bales.
Receipts for the week	150
Receipts for the corresponding week in 1871	460
Total receipts since September 1st, 1871	26,835
Total receipts for same period in 1870	50,665
Total receipts for same period in 1869	28,573
Exports for the week	200
Total exports since September 1, 1871	4,311
Imports for the week	84
Total imports since September 1, 1871	4,532

Printing Cloths.

The Providence *Journal* says: Markets very dull and tending downwards. The commission houses say that 11½c per yard, 5 per cent. off, 30 days, will be as much as they can obtain for the best dark madder prints this fall. If this should be the case 7c per yard is as much as printers can afford to pay for gray goods. The following are the sales for the week:

3,500 pieces, 64x64, 7⅛c, extra, ten days.
4,000 pieces, 64x64, 7⅜c, thirty days.

7,500 pieces.

Gloucester Fish Market.

For the week ending May 30.

Georges Codfish—Sales the present week at $5½ and $6¾ ₩ qtl.
Mackerel—No change from previous quotations.
Fresh Halibut—Scarce; no arrivals of Bank this week. Sales of Georges a 37 per cwt.
Smoked Do—9c ₩ lb.
Oil—Cod, 60a65c ₩ gal.—*Cape Ann Advertiser.*

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY, June 3, 1872.

REMARKS—The weather at present writing bids fair to enliven the markets somewhat, although since our last there has been no material change in wholesale prices. There are some few exceptions, however, which will be found noted below:

ASHES—We have no change whatever to note in this article, and continue to quote: common, 48 ₩ cent., 4½c; refined, 58 ₩ cent., 6½c; nitrate soda, 5c; arsenic, 3½c ₩ lb; pots, 10c; pearls, 11c ₩ lb.

APPLES—The receipts continue light and prices range from $2 50 to $5 00 per bbl. Receipts 85 bbls.

APPLE BUTTER—The supply is as large as is required for the demand, although saleable at 70a75c per gallon.

BUTTER—There is still a large quantity on hand; the warm weather is making holders somewhat anxious to dispose of their supply. We still quote prime to choice solid packed at 15a17c; prime to choice roll 18a20c ₩ lb. Receipts 78 packages.

BEANS—Market lively on account of scarcity. We quote: $3a3 25a3 50 per bushel, as to quality.

BROOM CORN—Still continues dull; a few sales at 5a7a8c per pound.

BROOMS—The supply is in excess of the demand, and prices rule lower. We quote as follows: Fancy $4 00; No. 1, $3 50; No. 2 $3 00; No. 3, $2 25; common $1 75a2 25 ₩ doz.

BAKING POWDER—Banner ¼ lb cans per doz, $1 75; ½ lb do $3 50; 1 lb do $6 00.

BACON AND HOG PRODUCTS—The market is remarkable dull, and holders are anxious to sell, but not disposed to make concessions. We still quote: Hams, sugar cured, 12c; canvassed 12½c; sugar cured shoulders 8c; plain do 6½c; rib sides 8c; clear rib do 8½c; clear do 9c; breakfast bacon 10½a11½c; dried beef 17½c; mess pork $15 ₩ bbl; ham sausage 10c; lard in tierces 9½c; do half bbls 10½c; do kegs and buckets 11½c.

CANDLES—Stearine, 14 ounces, at 13½c; fullweight, 16c; star, 14 ounces, 18c; full weight 19½c.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Sales Pennsylvania at $5 50 ₩ case.

PICKLES—Eastern ₩ bbl $15 00a17 00; western $10

CHEESE—The market remains steady, with a good jobbing demand. We quote as follows: Dairy 11a12c; Factory 13½a14c; Goshen 14a14½ per lb. The stock in first hands is sufficient for present wants.

COUNTRY CURED BACON—The demand is improving although we have no change to note in prices. We note sales of hams 8a9c ₩ lb; clear sides 6a6½c ₩ lb; shoulders 4½a5c ₩ lb; country lard 7½a8c ₩ lb as per quality.

CARBON OIL—The market was devoid of animation. The supply keeps pace with the demand; round lots of standard brands are held at 19½a20c; store sales were made at the usual advance.

CRANBERRIES—Sackett's Bell berries $18a20 ₩ bbl; cultivated $12a14; boxes $4 25a4 50.

CEMENT—Louisville Hydraulic cement $2 50a2 75 ₩ bbl; Rosedale $4 50; Eagle $3 00; Beeson's Phoenix Hydraulic $3 50a3 75; Johnstown $2 25; calcined plaster $4 50; land plaster $3 50a3 75 ₩ bbl.

CORN MEAL—We have no change to note as relates to prices or demand. A fair business was transacted at $3 25a3 30 ₩ bu.

CANNED GOODS—Most of the leading dealers report a fair business doing at prices that have ruled for some days, viz: Peaches, (3 lb cans) $6 00a6 50a7 00 ₩ case; tomatoes, $4 50a5 00; corn, $5 50a6 00a7 00 ₩ case as per quality and favor of the brand.

DRIED FRUIT—The market has undergone no quotable change. Prices remain as last quoted with a fair trade demand; peaches nominal; apples are scarce in market; other descriptions are the same as last quoted.

EGGS—The market was steady; dealers differ in regard to prices. We quote nominally at 16a17c per dozen.

FEATHERS—The market was steady; we quote sales in a regular way: No 1 78a80c in round lots with the usual advance from stores. Mixed lots ranged from 40a60c ₩ lb.

FLOUR—The market since our last has undergone no quotable change. The demand was local; sales were on a moderate scale; speculations were not indulged in. The receipts since our last were 1,298 barrels. The nominal rates are; Spring wheat $8 75a9 00a9 25 for choice to prime; winter wheat $9 50a9 75a10 00 per bbl for good to choice. Spring wheat is dull and prices too irregular to quote. Mill prices are unchanged; we omit figures.

GROCERIES.—Trade in this line is moderately active. Prices for the most part are without change. Our merchants are expecting a large trade in sweets during the coming month, as fruits are now being brought to market.

Coffee—We quote Rio, choice, 25a25½c; prime 24a24½c; good 23½c; fair 23c; Java 28c; roasted, prime 26c; common grades 25a26c.

Refined Sugars—Crushed, powdered and granulated 13c; A coffee 11¾c; B 11½c; Extra C 11⅜c; C yellow and Circle C 11¼c ₩ lb.

Raw Sugars—New Orleans, 11a11½c; prime 10½c; good 10c; fair 9½c; Porto Rico, choice 10½c; prime 10½c; Demarara, choice 11½c; good 11¼c.

Molasses—New Orleans, choice 80c; prime 75c; good 70c; fair 65c ₩ gallon.

Syrups—Havemeyer & Eldar 65c; H. & E. Extra 70c; White Honey 60c; Extra Silver 55c; Red Head 52c; Lavender 50c; common 40a45c.

Rice—Carolina choice 9½c; Rangoon 8c; Patna 8½c.

Spices—Pepper grain 23c; pure ground 25c; Cassia bark 50c; cloves 22c; nutmegs $1 25.

GRAIN.—The receipts for some days have been large, particularly wheat corn and oats. The former continues the leading article. The receipts since our last issue were:

Corn, sacks	2,536	Wheat, sacks	3,431
Barley, sacks	340	Rye, sacks	180
Oats, sacks	6,031		

Wheat continues the leading article. Prices are weak but no lower at the same time; dealers would have no objection to sell out at present prices. We quote red winter at $1 90a1 95; white $1 98a2 05, extreme prices. Oats are dull and offered at a further decline, at the same time there are dealers that refuse to accept present prices, as they consider them beyond investment—time, of course, will determine whether they are correct in their views. We quote nominally at 61a63c for mixed to prime white. Corn is in moderate demand only; ear is quoted at 64a65c; shelled 67a68c. Rye—The firmness in regard to the article continues; all good parcels offered found purchasers at $1 00a1 05 ₩ bushel. Barley being out of season there was nothing done. We omit figures.

HAY—The supply exceeds the demand. Prices are weak but no lower. Sales were made from depot at $26a28a30 ₩ ton.

HOPS—We note sales at 65a70c ₩ lb for '71s.

HUSKS—The demand is fair at former quotations—2½a3½c.

HEMP—Kentucky rough still sells at $165 ₩ ton; single dressed $240; scutched $190a195.

LARD OIL—We still find this article steady, with a few sales at 80c for extra No 1; 62a65c for No 2 ₩ gallon.

LIME—Cleveland white $2; Easton $1 75 ₩ bbl.

MILL FEED—Middlings $1 80a2 00; seconds $1 45a1 60; shorts $1 15; chopped corn and oats $1 50; chopped corn $1 40; bolted corn meal 75c.

OIL BARRELS—Iron hooped $1 75a1 80.

POULTRY—Live chickens are held at 75a85c ₩ pair, by the coop.

PEA NUTS—Sales at 8½a9c ₩ lb.

POTATOES—Supply in excess of demand and prices drooping. We hear of sales at 50a60c for car lots; choice lots 65a70c.

RAGS—In good supply with sales at 4a4½c.

SALT—We have no change to note. Sales were made by the car load at $1 85; store $2 00 ₩ bbl.

TALLOW—We quote sales of rendered 7½a8c.

WHISKY—Market firmer. We quote high wines at 92a93 ₩ gallon.

IRON MARKETS.

BOSTON.

June 1.—The market has been very dull during the past week, and the consumption is apparently largely restricted. There is a good supply of Scotch pig iron in first hands, and prices show a decidedly downward tendency. Arrivals during the week have not been great, but accummulations have commenced, and a decline may be reasonably expected in spite of the firmness of the English markets. Holders are however not inclined to make concessions in view of the situation on the other side, and late arrivals have been placed in bond and store to await an improvement.

Manufacturers are just now for the most part engaged in taking stock, and after the numerous transactions of the past six months such a course is imperative. The high prices, reached by rapid advances, largely complicated the business and necessitated a vigilance hitherto unprecedented in the trade. While stock is being taken manufacturers are not consuming iron, and as some time will be necessary to complete the work, it is possible that the demand will be thus largely restricted until July. The caution employed by our manufacturers will, we have no doubt, cause them to have made the transactions of the past season more profitable than is generally supposed. The risks have been greater, and the profits should be in fair proportion to them.

While Scotch pig is accumulating, and a decline is noted in the rates, American iron is if anything firmer than when we last wrote, although this is regarded as a final effort on the part of holders to maintain high rates. Some brands of Schuylkill iron in Philadelphia have been sold at considerable concessions. The companies may be holding back supplies until, stocks being generally low, a good demand will be created, but such a policy is questionable, and not in the interest of the iron trade. The high prices restrict consumption in every possible way, and no one can deny that a nation realizing the extravagance of a commodity is, by exercising strict economy, able to restrict its consumption very seriously. High prices aid production and repel consumption.

Manufactured iron continues firm, and there is no change to note. Prices are generally firm, and, as the production is likely to be interfered with during the next month by the taking of stocks, which, at this season of the year, is largely general, an advance may be looked for. Our quotations are largely unchanged.

Scotch pig is now in good supply, and the demand is so light that prices are weak. Only small lots have been disposed of at $52 for Eglinton, $55 for Gartsherrie, and $55a57 for Coltness. The high prices of American prevent sales, but at companies rates supplies cannot be brought forward for less than quotations. We quote yard lots at $50a56 per ton for the different numbers, including No. 2 extra at $53, and good brands No. 1 at $65 per ton. American bar iron is firm, and upward tendency remains to quotations, which are now $107 50a110. Rails are scarce and firm at $85a87 50 per ton, currency. Old rails are firm, with sales at $52 50a55 per ton. Cast steel is selling at 15a17c for English, and 16a18c for American.—*Commercial Bulletin.*

NEW YORK.

June 1.—The arrivals of Scotch pig have again been large, and the market continues depressed, though holders generally prefer to store, rather than accept the offers of buyers. A parcel of Glengarnock recently arrived, is held at $50, and a lot of 300 tons of this description was sold on private terms—we notice besides, 100 tons Clyde, also at a private price—we quote Scotch $48a55, as to brand, but these figures are entirely nominal. American is dull, but firm at our quotations; the only sale we hear of is 400 tons No. 1 X. Allentown, forward delivery, at $50; we quote No. 1 $50a52; No. 2 $49a50, and gray forge $47a48. Rails are quiet, and we hear of no sales of New English; we quote them $73, gold; old are quiet at $50a52, gold, with sales of 1,000 tons at Philadelphia at $49 50 per ton. We quote New American at $82 50a85 00 at the mills. Scrap is in light stock; we quote ex ship $56a58, and from yard $60a61 is asked.—*Commercial List.*

PHILADELPHIA.

June 1.—The market has been inactive since our last, the demand from consumers continue very light. A few sales are reported for small lots for immediate use in making customary mixtures. Prime brands of foundry and forge irons are firmly held at quoted prices, while prices for neutrals and cold shorts are somewhat irregular, and may be said to have a softening tendency. The mills and foundries are working up the stocks of raw irons now on hand, and it is probable that in the course of a couple of weeks there will be an active demand for irons of all kinds. Manufactured iron continues to retain the firmness that has distinguished it for some time. Bar is unchanged. In new rails there is more doing, with a very active inquiry; prices remain as at our last. Old Rails—There is more doing, and at the close a shade firmer than last week. Scrap continues scarce and firm at quotations. Nails and railroad spikes are without any change. Below are the quotations for the week ending May 31, 1872: No 1 foundry $50; No. 2 foundry, $49; grey forge $47; white and mottled, $45 to $46. Mottled grey and No. 2 pig metal, made of all Cornwall ores, is held firmly as follows: Mottled, $47; grey forge, $48; No. 2 $49 at furnace. Manufactured Iron—Bar from mill, 6-10c ₩ lb; rails, American, at works, $87 50 to $90 ₩ ton, as to delivery; old rails, $50 to $51 ₩ ton, gold. Scrap Iron—No. 1 wrought, $58 to $60 ₩ ton. Nails, $5 75 ₩ keg; Railroad spikes, 5½ ₩ lb.—*Enquirer.*

Pig iron is less active. Sales of No. 1 foundry at $49a50; No. 2 at $48; Grey Forge at 46a47; Scotch pig at $45, and mottled at $42a43 ₩ ton. Old rails sell for shipment at $52 ₩ ton, and nails at $5 65 ₩ keg.—*North American.*

BALTIMORE.

May 25.—The market for pig iron is dull, but prices are firm and no concessions are being made by holders. We quote prices as follows: For anthracite—No. 1 $50; No. 2 $49, and No. 3 $48 per ton, and for Scotch $52a53 for Eglinton, and $55 for Gartsherrie per ton ex ship. Charcoal Forge we quote at $55a60 per ton, but there is no stock on the market.—*American.*

COTTON MARKETS.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, June 1.—Cotton strong; good ordinary 22½c; low middlings 23½c; middlings 24c.

Galveston.

GALVESTON, June 1.—Cotton nominal; good ordinary 20½c.

Savannah.

SAVANNAH, June 1.—Cotton firm; middlings 24a24½c.

Charleston.

CHARLESTON, June 1.—Cotton quiet but firm; middlings 24½c.

Mobile.

MOBILE, June 1.—Cotton quiet; middlings 24c.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, June 1.—Cotton active; low middlings 23½c.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, June 1.—Cotton firm; low middling 23½c.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE OIL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, MONDAY, June 3, 1872.

The following are the receipts of crude oil for the past week, with a comparison table with previous years; also, the exports of refined, together with the week's transactions:

	Receipts Crude per River & R.	Exports per Penn. R. R.	Exports per A. V. R. R.
Monday, May 27	6,208	....	....
Tuesday, May 28	2,888	....	3,752
Wednesday, May 29	6,732	1,151	4,472
Thursday, May 30	4,078	....	1,593
Friday, May 31	....	....	....
Saturday, June 1	6,812	450	4,391
Total for week	26,718	1,601	14,208
Since January 1	390,293	22,673	175,961
To June 1, 1872	417,011	24,274	190,169
Same time 1871	406,380	37,343	169,201
Same time 1870	397,128	70,514	171,042
Same time 1869	277,150	39,111	124,847
Same time 1868	539,926	49,276	156,290

BUSINESS.

The market since the date of our last general review has undergone no material change. For certain deliveries there was a decline, whilst for others there was an advance. The latter was no doubt caused by the demand for lots to fill previous engagements. The oil market is certainly in a very unsatisfactory condition, and when there will be an improvement is farther in the future than we have any means of finding out. The supply of both crude and refined is ample for all ordinary purposes. The principal operations in crude are still made in the oil regions, whilst in regard to refined the sales are made nearly altogether by telegraph.

CRUDE RECEIPTS.

The following are the crude receipts by river and rail for the past two weeks from all points:

	Last week.	This week.
Crude received, bbls	27,770	26,718

The following are the crude receipts from all points, by river and rail, for the past eight years:

From January 1st to June 1, 1872	417,011
Same time 1871	406,380
Same time 1870	397,128
Same time 1869	277,150
Same time 1868	539,926
Same time 1867	604,640
Same time 1866	473,318
Same time 1865	135,000

EXPORTS OF REFINED.

The following are the exports of refined oil east for the past two weeks by the Pennsylvania and Allegheny Valley Railroads:

	Last week.	This week.
Pennsylvania Railroad	1,300	1,601
Allegheny Valley Railroad	12,345	14,208
Total	13,645	15,809

The following are the exports of refined oil east by the Pennsylvania and Allegheny Valley Railroads for the past four years, from January 1st to June 1st:

	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.
Pennsylvania Railroad	39,111	70,514	37,343	24,274
Allegheny Valley R.R.	124,847	171,042	169,201	190,169
Total	163,958	241,556	206,244	214,443

Saturday.

CRUDE.

As usual on Saturday, the market was inactive. Buyers were disposed to hold off. The result was we did not hear of any transactions for any delivery. We quote Spot or June, 10c; Parkers $3 92; futures $3 90 ₩ bbl.

REFINED

The asking rates for the various deliveries were: Spot, 23½c; June 23c; July 23¼, for eastern delivery

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

TITUSVILLE, June 1.—The *Courier* says: The market was almost stagnant to-day. Following are the sales:

500 bbls upper road, spot	$3 92½
1,000 bbls upper road, spot	3 95
500 bbls lower road, spot	3 97½

NEW YORK, June 1, closing 31.—Market quoted stronger. Sales of crude in bulk, 5,000 bbls at 13½c; 1,500 at 13½c; refined held at 23½c; cases 28½a29c. Philadelphia quoted firm at 23½c without trade.

ROUSEVILLE, June 1.—Market quiet but firm at at $3 90a3 95.

TITUSVILLE, June 1.—Market quiet; spot $3 92a3 95, nominal.

PETROLEUM CENTER, June 1.—Market dull at $3 90a3 95.

OIL CITY, June 1.—Market quiet and firm; ordinary on lower road $4 00; 47 gravity, at Oil City $4 15.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—Market steady; S. W. 23½c; cases 28½c; July 23½; August 23½c; crude 17½c.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Line.]

TITUSVILLE, June 1.—Market quiet at 27c, with no disposition to do anything; holders asking $3 90a3 95.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Refined—Spot 23½c; B. O. June 23½c, with reported sales of crude at 13½c. Market very quiet.

PARKER'S, June 1.—Market quiet and firm at $3 92½a3 95.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—Refined, June 23½c; July 23c; crude 12½c.

OIL CITY, June 1.—Oil City $4 12½; lower creek $3 92½a3 95; upper creek $3 90 to $3 92½.

PETROLEUM CENTER, June 1.—The market is quiet; spot held at $3 95 to $4 00.

ROUSEVILLE, June 1.—Market quiet at $3 95.

Crude Oil Received by A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Barrels.
J Bushnell	Crystal Oil Works	154
R Jennings	Eagle Oil Works	462
Fisher Bros	Vesta Oil Works	160
Fisher Bros	Vesta Oil Works	148
L P Tack	Citizens Oil Works	296
Wm Stewart	Commercial Oil Works	930
Fisher Bros	Cosmos Oil Works	394
J Bushnell	Lilly Oil Works	74
T Kelly	Lilly Oil Works	296
T P Miller	Kier's Oil Works	228

Crude Oil Received by Rail and River.

	Bbls.		Bbls.
Crystal Oil Works	154	Eagle Oil Works	462
Vesta Oil Works	308	Citizens' Oil Works	296
Commercial Oil W'ks	930	Cosmos Oil Works	394
Lilly Oil Works	370	Kier's Oil Works	228
Total			3,142

Shipments of Refined Oil East via A. V. R. R., W. P. R. R. and P. R. R.

WEST PENN JUNCTION, June 1, 1872.

Citizens Oil Company, 518 bbls to Tack Bros & Co, Philadelphia.
Warden, Frew & Co., 478 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Standard Oil Co, 42 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.
Fawcett, Logan & Co, 250 bbls to Logan Bros & Co, Philadelphia.
Wormser, Meyers & Co, 200 bbls to Logan Bros & Co, Philadelphia.
Kirkpatrick & L, 51 bbls to Logan Bros & Co, Philadelphia.
Vesta Oil Works, 436 bbls to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
Braun & Wagner, 450 bbls to Waring, King & Co Philadelphia.
L. Irwin & Co., 421 bbls to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.
John Spear & co, 53 bbls to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.
Total 2,899

WOOL MARKETS.

BOSTON.

The wool market is without any material change, so far as prices are concerned. But these have at length settled down to a point at which buyers are more willing to operate, and hence transactions are more easily negotiated. In fact, holders are meeting the market quite readily, and any fair offer is pretty certain to be accepted by them. The rates at which old wool is selling are relatively low as compared with the prospective cost of the new clip, while the former is much more desirable, as it is lighter and subject to less shrinkage in cleansing.

Manufacturers, appreciating these facts, and not caring to go into the country at present to compete with professional wool buyers, have about made up their minds to go in and take the balance of last year's clip now remaining in the hands of dealers. They have bought several round lots of both fleece and pulled during the past week, and the prospect now is that very little desirable staple will be left by the time the new clip of western begins to arrive in quantity.

This is now the only Eastern market which can boast of any good, straight lots of old Ohio and Pennsylvania fleece; and if manufacturers are wise, they will make haste to secure these, to carry them through the first two months of the next wool season, and then they can snap their fingers at the speculators who have been making contracts for new wool on the sheep's back, with the idea that consumers, in July, would be forced to pay them any prices which they should see fit to ask.

There is no stock of domestic fleece either in New York or Philadelphia, and the offerings there consist wholly of odds and ends, and mixed grades of unmerchantable character. Hence, remote buyers who require choice lots will have to come here for them, and come quickly into the bargain.

Pulled wools have also been selling more freely during the past week, negotiations for several large lots, which has been pending for some time past, having at length been consummated. These wools have lately accumulated in the hands of receivers, while the large influx and sales of foreign skins have tended to depress the market. Under these circumstances, buyers have had the advantage, and prices of pulled, which during the early part of the year were considerably above, are now below their natural level.

But although growers are somewhat less sanguine as to the future of wool than they were three months ago, they are still disposed to enlarge their flocks, and hence slaughter their natural increase very sparingly. Pelts are more plenty than they were, because the former extreme range of prices checked the business of pullers by leaving them without a margin. But they are still relatively high as compared with wool, and with the usual consumption there is not likely to be any excess during the coming season.

Sales of domestic for the week have been considerable, and foot up about 400,000 lbs. Included are 25,000 lbs choice XX Ohio fleece on private terms; 2,000 lbs mixed Ohio at 75c; 12,000 lbs X Michigan 72½c; 20,000 lbs Wisconsin 70c; 11,000 lbs tub washed western 80c; 1,000 lbs black 40c; 3,500 lbs unwashed delaine 66c; 5,000 lbs noils on private terms; 709 lbs scoured $1 12; 2,000 lbs black do 80c; 1,000 lbs broken wool 59c; 9,200 lbs unmerchantable 59c; 10,000 lbs unwashed Kentucky on privote terms; 2,600 lbs do 55c.

In pulled wool, sales 135,000 lbs extra and super ranging from 75a85c; 15,000 lbs extra 65c; 30,000 lbs do 70a72½c; 6,000 do 80c; 10,000 lbs do 72½c; 4,000 lbs super 75c.

In combing wool, sales 5,000 lbs unwashed Kentucky 65c.—*Commercial Bulletin.*

NEW YORK.

June 1.—The market for foreign is without change. Manufacturers still continue to buy only to meet actual wants; holders, however, do not seem anxious to press sales, as most of the wool that is now being sold at present rates cannot be replaced except at higher prices. The bulk of the foreign has been received (excepting Cape, of which some 8,000 bales are yet to arrive), and, with generally light stocks of all kinds, particularly domestic, holders look for an advance on present prices when the active season opens. South American is quiet and without change. The sales are 55,000 lbs Cape at 42a46c; 15,000 lbs Australian, 60a62c; 10,000 lbs Angora, 50c; 8,000 lbs South American, 40c; 3,000 lbs Mestiza, 37½c; 53,000 lbs pulled, do 75c; 5,000 lbs Montevideo, 50c; 67 bales do sheep skins, 33½c; 33,000 lbs Montevideo and 8,000 lbs washed East India, on terms not made public. Domestic continues in light stock, and only some few lots of the new clip have come forward. Advices from the west state that farmers and dealers are asking high prices for the new clip and show no disposition to give way. Texas arrives slowly, and is held here at 49a50c. Kentucky is nominal at 60a70c. New clip California is also coming forward but quotations are entirely nominal. We note sales of 5,000 lb super at 75c; 21,000 lb pulled, 77a82c; 3,000 lb No. 1 do., 35½c.; 2,000 lb No. 2 do., 22½c; 10,000 lb extra 70a75c; 7,000 lb medium scoured 95ca$4 00; 10,000 lb unwashed Western 57a68c.; small lots tub washed, 80c; 4,500 lb Georgia 55a57c., and 42½c; for burry; 47,000 lb fall California, 30c; 4,000 lb scoured do 95c; 2,000 lb black scoured 98c; 5,000 lb washed Ohio 68c; 15,000 lb XX Ohio 76c; small lots unwashed new combings 58a68c; 3,000 fall California, 10,000 lb pulled, 5,000 lb X Wisconsin, and 4,000 super and extra pulled on private terms.—*Commercial List.*

PHILADELPHIA.

June 1—The market, as we have noticed for some time past, continues dull, but prices are without material change. We quote Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia, fat sheep fine unwashed 48a50c; do medium unwashed 55a57½c; do combing unwashed 62a65c; do fine washed 70a73c; do medium washed 75a80c; X and XX 70a72c; medium and coarse 72a75c; unwashed coarse and medium 55a57½c; unwashed fine 48a50c; washed, combing and delaine medium and coarse 85a87½c; do do very coarse 85c; unwashed combing and delaine medium 63a65c; do do coarse 63a65c. Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan and western, washed fine, 68a72c; do medium coarse 70a73c; do unwashed medium and coarse 55a57½c; do fine 48a50c; do dark and inferior 46a50c; choice tub-washed 80a82½c; good do 75a80c. —*North American.*

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—Flour very weak; superfine $6,00a6,75; extra $7,25a7,50. Wheat dull at $2,10a2,15. Rye $1 10. Corn quiet; yellow 67c; mixed western 67a67½c. Oats steady at 57c. Crude petroleum, 17½c; refined 23c. Provisions steady. Whisky 93c.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, June 1st, 1872.

Cattle.

The receipts of cattle to-day have been light and in quality good. There is not much doing as most of the buyers have left for the east, and some of them with not as much stock as they wanted. The run toward the close of the week was light and the feeling good. Prices advanced a shade and ruled about 10c per hundred pounds higher at the close of the market than at the opening on Tuesday. The run of stock from Chicago to Allegheny it appears is light, and some buyers from the latter place were here to-day endeavoring to purchase. We believe however, only one load was sold to go over, though there are several loads which will be driven over on Monday for retail. At this writing the market is closing firm with a fair prospect ahead. Extra, 1,400 to 1,500 lb steers, $7 00 to $7 25; prime, 1,200 to 1,300 lbs, $6 75 to $6 87; medium, 1,100 lbs, $6 50 to $6 62; fair, 1,000 lb steer, $6 25 to $6 37; common, $5 70 to $6 00; cows, $4 50 to $6 00. The arrivals for the week just closed were as follows: Cattle, 414 cars; hogs, 188 cars; sheep, 50 cars; horses, 32 cars; mules, 3 cars.

Hogs.

The run to-day is fair and the quality about a usual average. There is no change in the trade worth noting. The market is slow and prices about the same as at the time of our last report, which was as follows: Extra Philadelphia $4 50 to $4 55; prime Philadelphia $4 40 to $4 50; Yorkers $4 25 to $4 30.

Sheep.

The receipts of sheep to-day were light. The market has ruled slow with prices inclined downward, but to-day the feeling is somewhat improved, though as yet prices have not advanced any. Prime lambs are in demand and sell much better than sheep. This season the supply of good is limited, and consequently there are not enough to meet the demand, and sales are made of really good about as fast as they arrive. Following are rates current for the different grades of sheep: Extra, 90 lbs, $6 25a6 40; prime, 80 to 85 lbs, $6a6 25; medium, 75 to 80 lbs, $5 75a6 00; fair, 70 to 75 lbs, $5 50a5 75; lambs from $6 to $8 25 per 100 lbs, according to quality.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 114⅛@114¼.

NEW YORK, June 1—P. M.

MONEY.

Money easy at 3 to 5 per cent.

GOLD.

Gold has been strong all day at 114⅛@114¼. Loans were from 1 to 4 ₩ cent. for carrying. Daily clearings $4,000,000. Total specie shipments for the week amount to $4,351,252, the largest of any week since the beginning of the year.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange 109⅜.

THE BANK STATEMENT

Shows a gain in surplus reserve from last week of $1,835,400. It is the strongest statement for months. The following are the changes:

Loans, increase	$1,073,700
Specie, increase	560,200
Legal tenders, increase	2,173,400
Deposits, increase	3,616,100
Circulation, decrease	23,300

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments steady, with advances in 5-20s. The market closed strong on these issues.

Coupons 1881	119⅝	5-20s, 1867	117¼
5-20s, 1862	114	5-20s, 1868	117⅛
5-20s, 1864	114	10-40s	112
5-20s, 1865	115	Currency 6s	114
5-20s, 1865, new	116⅛	New 5s	112⅜

STATE BONDS.

State bonds very dull.

Missouris	96⅛	Virginias, old	48
Tennessees, old	72⅛	North Carolinas, old	30⅛
Tennessees, new	72⅛	North Carolinas, new	20
Virginias, new	54		

THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

Stocks opened firm at an advance of ⅛ to ⅜ per cent. on last night's prices. But little activity outside of Lake Shore, Rock Island and Western Union. They advanced materially. The market closed strong.

Western Union	76	St. Paul	57⅛
Quicksilver	34⅛	do pref	78⅛
Adams Express	96⅜	Toledo & Wabash	75⅜
Wells, Fargo & Co	87	do pref	86
American Express	76⅛	Fort Wayne	98
U. S. Express	84	Terre Haute	22
Pacific Mail	75⅜	do pref	45
N. Y. Central	97⅜	Chicago & Alton	116
N. Y. Central scrip	94⅛	do pref	118
Erie	63⅛	Ohio & Mississippi	47⅛
do pref	83⅛	C. C. & C.	92⅛
Harlem	120⅛	Burlington & Quincy	130
do pref	130	Lake Shore	96⅛
Michigan Central	....	Panama	38⅝
Cleveland & Pitts	90⅛	Illinois Central	136
Northwestern	74⅛	Union Pacific	39
do pref	94	C. P. Bonds	104⅛
Rock Island	111⅛	Union	93⅛
N. J. Central	109	Del. Lack. & Westn	106⅛

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, June 1, 1872.

FLOUR—Very dull and unsaleable.

GRAIN—Wheat excited and higher; No 2 spring sold at $1 46a1 49, and closed at $1 50½a1 50¾, offered and asked; seller June, same as cash; seller July sold at $1 51½, closed at $1 50½; No 3 $1 40. Corn active and advanced; No 2 mixed 44½a44½c, spot or seller June; 46¼a46½c seller July; yellow 44½c; rejected 41½c. Oats active and advanced; No 2 41a41½c, spot; 37½c, seller July. Rye dull; Nos 1 and 2 74a75c. Barley dull and drooping; No 2 fall 55a58c.

WHISKY—Active and advanced to 87c.

PROVISIONS—Pork quiet and firm at $12 00a12 15, spot or seller June; $12 35a12 45, seller July. Lard dull at 8.45c, spot or seller June; 8½c for summer pressed. Bulk meats quiet. Bacon—no sales.

CATTLE—Firm.

HOGS—Quiet at $3 70a4 00.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Cotton firm at 26½c. Flour dull and lower; superfine western and State $6 00a6 35; common to good $6 85a7 40; good to choice $7 45a8 30; St. Louis $8 60a12 00. Rye flour and corn meal unchanged. Whisky firm at 90a91c. Wheat quiet; spring No 1 $1 74a1 76; No 2 $1 68a1 71; winter red western $1 90a2 00; No 2 Chicago spring, in store, $1 69. Barley and malt unchanged. Corn heavy and lower; western mixed 67a68c. Oats dull; western 54a55c; Ohio 55a56c. Eggs firm; western 15a16c. Hay dull. Hops firm. Leather firm at 27½a29c; Orinoco 26a27. Wool unchanged. Coffee steady; Rio 15a18½c. Sugar dull; fair to good refining 8¾a8⅞c; Cuba 8¾a9c. Molasses quiet; Muscovado 34a36c. Rice 8¼a9½c. Crude petroleum 13½c; refined 23½c. Turpentine dull at 60a61c. Pork quiet; new mess $13 15a13 20; July $13 35; August $13 50. Beef and cut meats unchanged. Lard unchanged. Butter dull; western 14a25c. Cheese firm; new 11a14½c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Dry goods—No new feature of importance. The advance in cotton has not affected domestic manufactured goods, but has caused firmness in standard qualities. Agents now see the uselessness of forcing goods on the market, more especially as they may be all required before the full report of the cotton crop for the year comes. Spot printing cloths for extras for 64 by 64, although there are some transactions, remain to be noted at lower figures. Contracts are few, comparatively, owing to the uncertainty of the future, but business has changed somewhat in this respect, and contracts extending into the future are done at a decline as compared with current values and past transactions.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, June 1.—Bagging unchanged. Cotton nominal; middlings held at 25c. Flour dull and depressed; prices unchanged. Corn less active but steady at 66a67c, sacked. Wheat quiet; choice $2 00a2 05. Oats quiet at 50c. Rye quiet at $1 05. Mess pork dull at $12 25 for round lots. Bacon in fair demand, mostly for sides; clear rib shoulders on orders 5½a7½a7¾c. Bulk meats quiet at 4½a6½a6¾c. Hams—Sugar cured 11½a12c. Lard in moderate demand at 9a10c; order lots held ½c higher. Whisky quiet at 86a87c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, June 1.—Cotton firm; low middling 24½c. Flour and grain unchanged; a small lot of new white wheat, from Augusta, Ga., was offered on 'Change to-day by Morris & Read, but not sold; the quality is good. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Pork $11 75a12 00, regular; $15 for city packed. Lard 8½a8⅝a8¾c. Bulk meats 4½a6½a6¾c. Bacon active at 7a7½c. Hogs quiet. Whisky 88c.

New York Metal Market.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Metals quiet; Ingot Lake copper dull at 33a33½c cash. Iron—Scotch pig dull at $48a55 00; American $49a52; refined English and American bar $105. Russia sheet quiet at 19c gold. Nails steady; cut $5,75; clinch $7,25a7,75; horseshoe 21a33c.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, June 1.—Flour dull and nominal; XX spring $7 25a7 75. Wheat dull; No 1, $1 47; No 2, $1 45. Oats dull; No 2 37c. Corn—demand fair and market firm; No 2 mixed 43½c. Rye dull and declined; No 1 72c. Barley quiet; No 2 fall 60c.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, June 1.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet; amber Michigan $1 80a1 80½; No. 2 red $1 75. Corn quiet and unchanged; high mixed 50½c; low mixed 50½a51½c; Michigan 51c; no grade 48½c. Oats quiet; No. 1 42½c; No. 2 40½c. Pork and lard unchanged.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, June 1.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull; nothing done. Corn dull and lower at 53c. Oats dull; No 1 44c. Refined petroleum quiet and unchanged.

Detroit Market.

DETROIT, June 1.—Flour unchanged. Wheat steady; extra $1 90; No 1 $1 85; No 2 $1 86; amber $1 80a1 81. Corn quiet at 52a53c. Oats firm at 41c.

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Corner Penn and 17th Streets, Ninth Ward,
PITTSBURGH.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

Date of Departure from New York.

1872.

Cuba	June 5	Liverpool.
Denmark	June 5	Liverpool.
Nevada	June 5	Liverpool.
Britannia	June 5	Glasgow.
City of Baltimore	June 6	Liverpool.
City of London	June 8	Liverpool.
Spain	June 8	Liverpool.
Baltic	June 8	Liverpool.
Batavia	June 8	Liverpool.
Scotia	June 12	Liverpool.
Olympia	June 12	Glasgow.
Wyoming	June 12	Liverpool.
City of Washington	June 13	Liverpool.
Algeria	June 15	Liverpool.
Atlantic	June 15	Liverpool.
Java	June 19	Liverpool.
Minnesota	June 19	Liverpool.
Idaho	June 19	Liverpool.
Parthia	June 22	Liverpool.
Anglia	June 22	Glasgow.
Great Western	June 25	Bristol.
Idaho	June 26	Liverpool.
India	June 29	Glasgow.
Roussau	June 29	France.
Manhattan	July 3	Liverpool.
Ville de Paris	July 13	France.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, June 2.—River rising; ten feet three inches. Arrived—Edinburgh, New Orleans; Arlington, St. Louis. Warm and cloudy this afternoon.

Cairo.

CAIRO, June 2.—Arrived—Belle of Memphis, St. Louis; City of Helena, Vicksburg; Arkansas Belle, Evansville; Continental, St. Louis; Barksville, Nashville. Departed—Belle of Memphis, Memphis; City of Helena, St. Louis; Petrel, St. Louis; Continental, New Orleans; Arkansas Belle and Bon Accord, St. Louis. The river has fallen twelve inches.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, June 2.—Clear and hot. River falling slowly. Departed—C. B. Church, St. Louis; Colorado, St. Louis; Shannon, New Orleans.

For Latest River Dispatches See Outside.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

E. Bennett	Z. W. Carmack	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Elector	R. R. Abrams	Geneva.
Geneva	Phillips	Geneva.
Carrie Brooks	Darlington	Wheeling.
R. W. Skillinger	Chenoworth	Cincinnati.
Julia, No. 2	Stull	Zanesville.

Departed.

E. Bennett	Z. W. Carmack	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Elector	Abrams	Geneva.
Geneva	Phillips	Geneva.
West Virginia	Donaldson	Brownsville.

Monongahela three feet two inches and falling.

Boats to Leave To-day.

Brownsville and Geneva—8 A. M. and 5 P. M.
Wheeling—Carrie Brooks, Darlington, 12 M.
Cincinnati—Juniata, Brennan, 12 P. M.
Cincinnati and Cairo—R. W. Skillinger, 4 P. M.

THE marks last evening indicated three feet two inches and falling slowly. The weather during the day was warm.

WE are indebted to the officers of the steamer Juniata for a manifest. Thanks.

THE steamer Argosy Capt. Goodwin left Cincinnati for this port on Saturday.

OUR friend Dorsey placed us under obligations for a manifest of the steamer Carrie Brooks.

THE steamer Juniata, Capt. Brennan, is the Cincinnati packet for this day. Call early and secure a stateroom.

THE Zanesville packet Julia No. 2, Capt. Stull, will be found at the landing. She will return to Zanesville at 4 P. M. on Tuesday.

THE work of repairing and extending the lower dam at the Sisters is progression favorably, and will be completed in two weeks.

THE light draught steamer R. W. Skillinger, Capt. Chenoweth, takes her departure this day for Cairo, Memphis and New Orleans. This boat has good accommodations and careful and gentlemanly officers.

OLD Joe Garneau, the well known St. Louis steamboat baker, paid $250 for the first barrel of new flour at St. Louis. It came from Georgia, and Joe made it up into biscuits for a lot of moral agriculturists.

THE numerous friends of Captain Wm. Metcalf, who some time ago received a stroke of paralysis which prostrated him, will be glad to learn that he has so far recovered as to be able to walk our streets again, with the use of a cane.

THE mammoth steamer James Howard arrived at Evansville on Tuesday at noon, having 6,254 bars of railroad iron, equal to 1,357¼ tons. The iron was shipped in bond, and the duties upon it amounted to $19,427 10.

THE Alabama river steamer St. Charles is coming by the sea route from Mobile to New Orleans, and thence on to St. Louis, with the machinery of the John Briggs and Republic. The whole thing has been purchased by Dave Campbell.

A ST. LOUIS dispatch says: Captain John Brooks, formerly clerk of the Richmond, and late of the Fontanelle, has been missing for three weeks, and fears are entertained for his safety. His room was broken open to-day and found in perfect order.

THE splendid side wheel passenger steamer Juniata, Capt. C. L. Brennan, takes her departure this day at 12 M. for Marietta, Parkersburg and Cincinnati. For speed, superior accommodations and attentive officers this boat stands a No. 1.

THE punctual packet Carrie Brooks, Capt. Darlington, takes her departure this day 12 M., for Wheeling and way points. This boat is a favorite with passengers and shippers. The first clerk is Capt. M. Dorsey, who will see that passengers have the best of attention.

THE fine light draught steamer Brill, Capt. M. A. Cox, is announced for Cincinnati, Louisville and Nashville. This boat has the best of accommodations, and is in charge of careful and attentive officers. Captain J. N. Snowden has charge of the office.

THE U. S. Mail packets on the slackwater leave daily at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. These boats are sidewheelers, and were built expressly for the trade, and are in charge of careful and attentive officers. For further information call on Captain A. S. Carlile on the wharfboat.

THE Memphis *Avalanche* says: The reporter of the New Orleans *Republican* played cards all one evening on the Belle Lee with the captain and others; all hands swallowed several lemonades with sticks added, and the next morning the paper excused its sickly columns because the reporter was sick.

MR. JOSEPH GREEN, an old and experienced pilot of Red river, died on board the steamer Gladiola at New Orleans, Monday. Mr. Green took ill at an early hour in the morning, and at 4 P. M. he was a corpse. His ailment was congestion of the brain. He leaves a wife and several children, who are now in Shreveport, to mourn his loss.

CINCINNATI.—Several changes take place to-day in the commanding officers of the Louisville Mail Line steamers. Captain Chas. Dufour retires from the command of the United States to engage in business at Ghent, Kentucky, and will be succeeded by Captain Sam. Hildreth, of the Ben. Franklin. Captain W. F. Fuller succeeds Captain Hildreth on the Franklin.

TWO CUT-OUTS have been made in the Arkansas by the recent rise. The most important is at Hensley's, five miles below Little Rock. That one the Allen came through on Saturday, and found plenty of water. The other is at Rouse's, forty-five miles below Little Rock, and is fifty yards wide, where a week ago was a cotton field. The current in the latter is rapid, and the main river will pour through it if another rise comes soon.

STEAMBOATS complain of the great scarcity of labor. The Rankin came in with only four rousters, having been unable to obtain a larger number. As a matter of course, boats cannot handle much freight, and are therefore compelled to refuse large quantities. It is reported that the crews of several boats have "jumped" on the Lower Ohio, and gone to work by the hour, the price of labor having been advanced to such a tempting figure.

CINCINNATI.—The Local Inspectors here, Messrs. Devenney and Fisher, have made a report of their investigation of the case of collision between the Wild Boy and Kanawha No. 2, near Catlettsburg, in March last. They revoke the licenses of Captain Vinson, Pilot James Welch and Engineer Thos. J. Fortune, all of the Wild Boy, for negligence in the performance of their respective duties as officers of the boat, thereby causing the accident.

A DISPATCH from Evansville says: The death of Captain Dexter has created a profound sensation in the city. A *post mortem* and inquest was held today. Verdict—Died from an overdose of morphine, administered by mistake. All the flags are at halfmast. He has been connected with the Evansville and Cairo trade since 1858, having commanded the Charley Bowen, Courier, Phantom, Quickstep and City of Evansville, and as a steamboatman, stood at the head of his profession. He leaves a wife and five children.

A BILL is now before the Senate for the improvement of the rivers and harbors in the United States. It includes the following: For the improvement of the Mississippi, Missouri, Arkansas, Little Missouri, White, Black, Red, Petit Jean and Ouachita Rivers, in the States of Arkansas, Louisiana and Missouri, $200,000; provided that $50,000 of said amount be expended in improving the Ouachita River, Louisiana, in accordance with a plan submitted by the Chief of Engineers in a report to the Secretary of War, dated April 9, 1872. For the improvement of Tangipahoa River, Louisiana, $2,500. For removing the raft in Red River, in Louisiana, $150,000. For removing the wreck of the gun-boat Oregon, in the Tchefuncta River, Louisiana, $6,000. For the improvement of Calcasieu pass, in the State of Louisiana, $15,000. For the improvement of Tones bayou, Louisiana, $20,000. Section 2. That the Secretary of War is hereby directed to cause examinations or surveys to be made for a ship canal from the Mississippi River, near Fort St. Philip, to a point near Breton Island, in the Gulf of Mexico.

LOUISVILLE.—The *Commercial* says: Mr. J. D. Edwards, of Corry, Pa., representing the Downer Mineral Sperm Oil Company, of Boston, Mass., is in the city for the purpose of urging the use on steamboats of this oil for burning purposes. Section 4 of the act of Congress relating to steamboats, approved February 28, 1871, makes it a penalty to use as stores or carry as freight (among other articles enumerated) coal oil, crude oil, nor refined petroleum. Our local inspectors have arrived at a stopping point, or, in other words, are at a "dead lock" how to designate the mineral sperm oil which many desire to use. Mr. Edwards is here for the purpose of making it evident to the minds of Capts. Reynolds and Houghton that the oil which he represents is neither crude oil or refined potroleum. If he succeeds in this, it will be allowed to be used. We commend the action of our inspectors in this respect, inasmuch as in shows a desire on their part to keep inside the terms of the law, and study well its provisions. We are informed that, until this question is settled, the mineral sperm oil will not be allowed on steamers in this district for burning purposes.

United States Marine Hospital—Port of Louisville, Kentucky.

Dr. Thos. J. Griffiths, Surgeon in Charge of the United States Marine Hospital at this Port, reports the following, as the condition of the hospital under his charge, during the month of May, 1872: No. patients remaining the last day of April, 70; No. patients admitted during the month of May, 54; No. patients treated during the month of May, 124; No. patients discharged during the month of May, 48; No. patients died during the month of May, 2; No. paients remaining on last day of May, 74; No. private patients treated during the month of May, 7; No. out marine patients treated during the month of May, 19.

IMPORTS BY RAIL AND RIVER.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago R. R.

T C Jenkins, 250 bbls flour; D Wallace, 250 do do; Schomaker A co, 400 sks do, 300 bbls do; M M McCullough & co, 5 bbls highwines; L Lindsay & co, 200 bbls flour; S S Walters & co, 5 bbls whisky, 5 do spirits; Wm Kennedy, lot lumber and mdse; C G Hussey & co, 2 bxs copper; Wm Buente, 1 car limestone; H Carson & co, 31 bbls potatoes, 3 do bacon; J O'Brien, 31 bbls potatoes, 1 do bacon, 3 cask do; Hoeveler & co, 1 car bones; N J Braden, 288 boxes cheese. T C Braden, 107 do do; Loh & Cooley, 13 do do; H Riddle, 10 do do; J J Pettit, 29 sks potatoes; W B McLean & co, lot furniture; P Pflaum, 25 sacks hair; McC & Smith, 8 bags rags; J Dunlap, 12 do do, 1 bx copper; J Woodwell, 5 cases handles; P H Laufman & Bro, 1 do do; E & C Maginn, 1 box lemons; J Palmer, 16 pcs o metal castings, 4 pcs o iron; A F Reed, 1 bbl eggs; W P Townsend, 13 kegs nuts, 13 casks nuts; D Dickenbauch, 1 set wheels; Voigt, M & co, 1 car hay; Davis, C & co, 21 sks kegs; H H Edsall, 22 sks rags; Zug & co, 1 bbl s iron, 1 pcs do; F F Kirk, 4 bbls potatoes; Hause, H & co, 6 bdls paper; Wm Flaccus & Son, 46 sks glue stick; Rihn & Herler, 160 sks flour, 25 bbls do; J Mitchell & co, 1 bbl castings; Graff, B & co, 2 cars limestone; Harrison & E, 2 bxs cans; Wm Buente, car s stone; J Underwell & co, 1 bx wedges; Lang & McK, 174 sks oats, 1 car flour; Wm Sumner & co, 2 s machines. Woodworth & D, 1 bbl eggs; Arbuckle & co, 21 bbls sugar; C Hermon & Son, 2 bxs stirrups; J W Thursby, 129 bgs f seed, 1 do bgs; Schnelbaugh & H, 245 bgs oats; Miller & co, 1 car s iron.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

W. McKinney, 1 car junk, 1 do iron; Excelsior Flint Glass co, 1 car pot clay; Henderson, 1 car lime; Martin & W, 600 kgs powder; Harrison A Bro, 1 car stone; Hall & Sperry, 2 cars lumber; Shoenberger & B, 2 cars limestone; Pitts Acid Works, 9 bars lead; J Swineburgh, 3 live calves, 8 sheep; M Schutzen, 1 trunk mdse, 1 bx do; Littell & M, 1 bbl whisky; Geo Hasley, 3 bbls tallow; D Einstein & co, 1 bx g ware; Jos Callery & co, 1 bale c skins, 1 do hides. J Glass, 2 chests, 2 bxs; W Welsh & co, 11 sks bags; O O Rone, 1 tc glass; L & McKillip, 2 sks bagg; C A Kirkpatrick & co 1 bx cheese; Shoenberger & co, 1 caddy tobacco; D Wallace, 3 sks bags; G A Williams, 2 tubs butter, 3 bbls eggs; Wm. Hoffman, lot cattle; Suberg & Berg, 5 doz hides.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway.

Scott & Gisal, 1 car corn; O H Allerton, 1 do hay; Hitchcock, McC & co, 16 tons s stuff; W Welsh & co, 3 cars corn; Schomaker & co, 100 bbls flour; W & D Rinehart, 4 hhds tobacco; J H Parker, 9 do hams; S Hare & Son, 2 dozen ——; Reymer Bros, 3 bbls starch; A Austin, 41 sacks oats; E Moye & co, 5 bbls eggs; G Welsh, 7 sks potatoes; J J Pettitt, 4 firkins butter, 2 coops chickens, 1 barrel eggs; Schnellbach & co, 1 car oats; Black & H, 2 cars corn; Loh & Cooley, 3 bbls eggs; Hood, Carson & co, 18 do, 19 sks rags; A McFadden, 1 car oats; A J Hagen, 1 car hay; McHenry & Head, 111 sks wheat, 17 do corn, 46 do oats, 1 lot potatoes; Marshall, K & co, 88 sks wheat, 140 do oats; Moorhead & C, 250 plates speiter.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Bunton & B, 1 car lumber; W F Richardson, 1 do do; McQuewan & D, 1 do do; Slack & S, 2 do do; South Pittsburgh P M co, 2 do do; J & A Hass, 1 do do; E Vanderhoover, 3 bxs tea; J Biggert & Son, 2 crates cabinet ware; J Kessler, 10 bbls beer; R E Sellers, 1 bx drugs; W Cooper & co, 25 bbls fish; T P Henderson, 102 do lard; F Alden, 7 g stones; W M Stone, 41 bbls s iron; Union P M Co, 1 car lumber; Aubry M Co, 1 car shingles; J O'Brien, 2 bbls g apples; S P Shriver, 1 caddy tobacco; D M Jenkins, 1 lot oat meal; N Whiting, 1 lot furniture; Pitts'bgh Paper Mfg Co, 15 bdls paper; J S Ramsey, 53 bbls oil; Becker & S, 222 sks oats; A J Cubbage, 1 lot s ware; Head, C & co, 1 lot produce; H Rea, jr, 1 bx bacon; McQuewan & D, 1 car lumber; W W Rigdon, 1 do do; W J Hammond, 1 car axles; Fairbanks, M & co, 2 bxs scales; Woodworth & D, 110 jugs syrup; H Evart, 10 bxs wine; Haworth & D, 50 cases tobacco; McCandless, Son & co, 30 do do; R English, 1 keg wine; C A Warmcastle, 100 oil bbls; B D Moore, 300 do do; McBane & A, 200 bxs e corn. McMillan & co, 47 do s corn; Head, C & co, 4 bbls eggs; J A Graff, 2 tubs butter, 1 bbl eggs; J O'Brien, 20 sks potatoes; J W Fairley, 45 bags rye; Voigt, M & co, 7 bbls eggs.

Wheeling.

PER STEAMER CARRIE BROOKS.—John Bernhard, 19 chairs; Meyer & Son, 18 cane chairs; N Whiting & co, 42 pkgs furniture, 343 chairs; W H Lemon, 36 stands, 6 tables, 18 chairs; Henry Berger, 86 cane chairs, 9 stands, 6 tables; Frank Eichenlaub, 90 chairs, 6 tables; Close, Scheoneck & co, 6 stands, 6 cane chairs; Dennis McMullen, 12 chairs; Dauler & Son, 18 chairs; John Kenworthy, 57 chairs; Chas M Fairman, 188 chairs, 2 bxs k d furniture, 120 bales hay, 38 pieces chimney tops, &c; J M Sichel & co, 2 cases cigars; T McMichael, 17 bales hay; J & W Fairley, 149 sacks corn; Godfrey & C, 155 bdls paper; A J Hagan, 45 bales hay; Pitts Paper Mfg co, 53 e casks; McKee & Son, 60 tile; J Cuthbert, 300 do; H Hackmaster, 100 do; Mills & co, 100 feet s pipe; W Hutchison, 8 ch'y tops; J Birmingham, 2 bbls oats; Keil & R, 4 bales hay; W Frank & Son, 23 bales straw; W Duncan, 8 sks oats; W P Marshall, 2 Kentucky horses.

Cincinnati.

PER STEAMER JUNIATA.—A & D H Chambers, 5 m f csks; Cunninghams & I, 50 bales straw; Ortleib & co, 48 chairs; 1 ex table; 2 bxs leaves; 1 wardrobe, 1 bx carvings; W H Lemon, 86 chairs, 1 stool; H Jones, 5 bbs whisky, 1 kg brandy; M. Johnson, 1 bbl whisky, 2 hf bbls do; A Boyce, 1 bbl do; 1 hf bbl do; P Schnieder, 24 chairs; C Espy & Son, 102 do, 15 pa chair stuff; J W Morrison, 2 bxs wood in shape; Keil & Richarts, 66 bales straw; McBane & A, 196 do hay; Chas M. Fairman, 79 do do; W D Cooper & Bro, 5 bbls f cement; J Beggs & co, 3 do do; Lubbe & Bro, 5 do do; I W Brewster, 1 bx do; Sam Musgrove, 5 bbls do; E Hyde Sons, 25 bales batting, bxs wasp, 1 do wine; Henry Berger, 24 chairs, 2 wardrobes; Franz & D, 1 keg and 1 can varnish; Krempel & H, 2 tables, 2 bxs leaves, 90 chairs; Sternbeum, R & co, 48 do; C G Henor & Son, 1 doz chair frames; Pickeringill, L & co, 1 bx wood in shape; Boyd & Murray, 1 do do; L J Brecht, 1 do do; Lemon & W, 36 chairs; Jas collery & co, 2 rolls leather; C L Brennan, 50 bales straw.

Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal, and Ore.

Following are the receipts of metal for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P R. R. CO., LESSEE.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co., m.	6	Brown & Co, o.	2
J Painter & Son, m.	3	Shoenberger B & Co, o.	6
Brown & Co, m.	1	Zug & Co., o.	1
Total			19

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m.	5	J Reamer, m.	13
Moorhead & Co, m.	13	J. A. Caughey, m.	3
J W Porter, m.	7	J Marshall & Co, m.	2
Malin & B, m.	9	Byers, McC & Co, m.	2
Lloyd & B, m.	7		
Total			61

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS R. R.

	Cars.
Nimick & Co., m.	1

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Shoenberger B & Co, o.	6	Lucy Furnace, o.	9
Total			15

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.
McKnight & Co., m.	1

Receipts of Coal per A. V. R. R.

	Cars.		Cars.
Armstrong, D & Co.	33	S M Kier	20
Total			53

FINANCIAL.

Allegheny Valley Railroad BONDS.

We offer for sale $20,000 ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD BONDS, GUARANTEED BY PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, BEARING SEVEN PER CENT. INTEREST, free of all taxation.

N. HOLMES & SONS.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

Odd Fellows' Savings Bank,

No. 63 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

Chartered by Legislature of Pennsylvania, March, 1872.

CAPITAL $100,000
PRIVILEGE .... $500,000.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

Money Loaned on Mortgages, Bonds and other good Securites,

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Books of By-Laws furnished at the Bank.
Collections and Returns promptly made.

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JOHN SEIFERTH, G. W. RANKIN,
H. A. WEAVER.

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Vice President—ANDREW MILLER.
Cashier—W. J. SCULLY.

Open for business from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8.
Board of Directors meets daily at 11 o'clock.

CENTRAL BANK,

No. 35 Bank Block, Pittsburgh.

CAPITAL .... $100,000.

Bank of Discount and Deposit.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

Collections made on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS:

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D. W. C. CARROLL, J. F. DENNISTON,
JAMES H. HOPKINS, GEORGE BINGHAM,
JULIUS ADLER, ABRAM HAYES,
JAMES BOWN, PAUL H. HACKE,
J. H. WALTER, JAMES LYONS.

THOMAS FAWCETT, President.
J. W. DAVITT, Cashier.
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MWF

THE HOMESTEAD BANK

AND

Life Insurance Company,

116 Smithfield Street,

OPPOSITE NEW CITY HALL.

Authorized Capital, - - - - $1,000,000.

Through aracteristic system of business, and its large Capital Stock, this Company affords to Depositors a degree of security and other important advantages never before combined in an other Savings Bank. Deposits received on the most liberal terms.

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R. CURRY, JOSEPH PHILLIPS,
MARTIN BRIGGS, JAS. H. HOPKINS,
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Tradesmen's National Bank,

WOOD STREET, CORNER SECOND

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

MONEY LOANED

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UNITED STATES BONDS COLLATERAL.

ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

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57 MARKET ST., PITTSBURGH.

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Collections made on all the Principal Points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and Other Securities,

BOUGHT AND SOLD

ON COMMISSION.

☞ Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of UNITED STATES SECURITIES. MWF

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

COR. FOURTH AVE. AND WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(Successors to HANNA, HART & CO.)

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FRAZIER, METZGER & CO., Manufacturers and Dealers in Manilla, Coffee, Hardware, Glass, Carpet, Baling, Roofing, Rag and Straw Papers. Office and Warehouse, No. 82 Third venue.

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U. S. MAIL LINE.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET CO.

LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.
LEAVES BROWNSVILLE AT 5 A. M., 4 P. M.

For All Points on the Monongahela River.

STEAMER GENEVA .... CAPT. PHILLIPS.
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For further particulars, inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
No Freights will be received after 4½ o'clock.
A. S. CARLILE, Agent.

MORGANTOWN AND PITTSBURGH.

For all Points on the Monongahela River.

THE NEW AND LIGHT Draught Passenger Steamer

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PETER DONALDSON .... Commander.

Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M., for Morgantown and intermediate ports. Returning, leaves Morgantown for Pittsburgh EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.

For further particulars inquire of
S. R. PATTERSON, Agent.

ZANESVILLE.

For Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville.

Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, 4 P. M.
Leaves Zanesville EVERY FRIDAY, 8 A. M.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID Passenger Steamer

JULIA No. 2,

C. R. STULL .... Commander.

Will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

CINCINNATI PACKETS.

CINCINNATI WEEKLY PACKET.

Leaves on THIS DAY, June 3—12 M.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID Sidewheel Packet

JUNIATA,

C. L. BRENNAN .... Commander

Will leave as announced above.

The JUNIATA will receipt Passengers and Freight through to St. Louis.

For Freight or passage apply on board or to
CHAS. M. FAIRMAN, on Wharfboat, or
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

PARKERSBURG.

For Wheeling, Marietta and Parkersburg.

Leaves every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY—12 M.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID Passenger Steamer

CARRIE BROOKS,

H. DARLINGTON .... Commander
MORRIS DORSEY .... Clerk.

Will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
CHAS. M. FAIRMAN, on Wharfboat, Agent.

CINCINNATI.

For Marietta, Parkersburg, Ironton, Portsmouth and Cincinnati.

FRIDAY—3 P. M.

THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER

GRANITE STATE,

W. H. KERR .... Commander.

Will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

NASHVILLE.

For Evansville and Nashville.

TUESDAY—4 P. M.

THE FINE STEAMER

BRILL,

M. A. COX .... Commander.

Will Leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

ST. LOUIS.

For Cairo and St. Louis.

FIRST WATER.

THE STEAMER

COLLIER AND BARGES.

R. WILLIAMSON .... Captain
CHAS. MATHEWS .... Clerk.

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For Freight or Passage apply on board.

We will give Through Bills of Lading on Steamer Collier to Nashville, Tenn., Memphis, Vicksburg, New Orleans, and to all points on White and Arkansas rivers. Also to Kansas City, St. Joseph, Council Bluff, Omaha, Sioux City, Fort Scott, Lincoln, Humboldt, Emporia, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, and all points made by Western and Southern Transportation Companies from Cairo and St. Louis. Freights put through at lowest rates. Shippers will find it greatly to their interest to ship by this route.

GEO. H. GHRIEST, & CO.,
No. 93 Water street.

NEW ORLEANS.

For Cairo, Memphis and New Orleans.

THIS DAY—4 P. M.

THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER

R. W. SKILLINGER.

CHENEWORTH .... Commander.

Will leave as announced.

The Skillinger will take Cumberland River freight for reshipping.

For freight or passage apply on Board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FORT BENTON.

For Missouri River and Fort Benton.

MONDAY, June 10, 1872.

THE SPLENDID NEW STEAMER

KEY WEST,

J. TODD .... Commander.
N. BUSEN .... Clerk.

Will leave as announced.

For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
EVANS, DALLAS & GILMORE,
Water street.

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CITY OF BRISTOL, CITY OF NEW YORK,
CITY OF BROOKLYN, CITY OF PARIS,
CITY OF BRUSSELS, CITY OF RICHMOND,
CITY OF CHESTER, CITY OF WASHINGTON,

From Pier 45, North River, New York, EVERY THURSDAY AND SATURDAY.

RATES OF PASSAGE:

First Cabin .... $75 00 gold.
Steerage to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow or Derry 30 00
Prepaid Tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow or Derry, through to Pittsburgh .... $41 00 U. S. currency.

Apply to

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WM. BINGHAM, 143 Smithfield street; or
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Where plans of Cabin can be seen and every information given.

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Canst thou not minister to a mind diseased?
Pluck from the memory a rooted sorrow,
Raze out the written troubles of the brain,
And with some sweet oblivious antidote
Cleanse the stuffed bosom of that perilous stuff
Which weighs upon the heart?

TAKE

MEXICAN FLUID EXT. BUCHU!

The Greatest Diuretic Ever Disc'd.

THERE IS NO TONIC LIKE IT!

THE PUREST AND MOST RELIABLE BUCHU PREPARED IS THE

Mexican Fluid Ext. Buchu,

"A positive and specific Remedy" for Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder and Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculous Gravel or Brick Dust Deposit and Mucuous or Milky Discharges, and all Diseases or Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, and Dropsical Swellings existing in men, women or children.

HOLMES & CO.'S

Fluid Extract of Mexican Buchu.

For weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, or abuses attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Dimness of Vision, Wakefulness, Pain in the Back, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Hot Hand, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face and Pallid Countenance.

FEMALES—In many affections peculiar to Females, the EXTRACT BUCHU is unequaled by any other remedy—as in Chlorosis, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Sterility, and for Complaints incident to the Sex, whether arising from indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the Decline or Change of Life. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent Physicians and Midwives, after Confinements, and for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions of both sexes and all ages, attended with any of the above Diseases or Symptoms.

No Family Should be Without It!

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follows Impotency, Fatuity, Epileptic Fits, in one of which the patient may expire. Who can say that these are not frequently followed by those "direful diseases," Insanity and Consumption. Many are aware of the cause of their sufferings, but few will confess. The records of the Insane Asylum, and the melancholy deaths by Consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion. The Constitution once affected with Organic Weakness requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which "Holmes & Co.'s Mexican Fluid Extract Buchu" invariably does.

Retailed by all Druggists at 75 CENTS PER BOTTLE, of 6 ounces, or 8 days medicine, at once placing this valuable compound within the reach of the patient, no matter how poor.

BEWARE of counterfeits. Ask for Mexican Fluid Extract Buchu. Holmes & Co., Proprietors, New York city.

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GEORGE A. KELLY & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS,

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WM. HOLMES .... JAMES IRWIN

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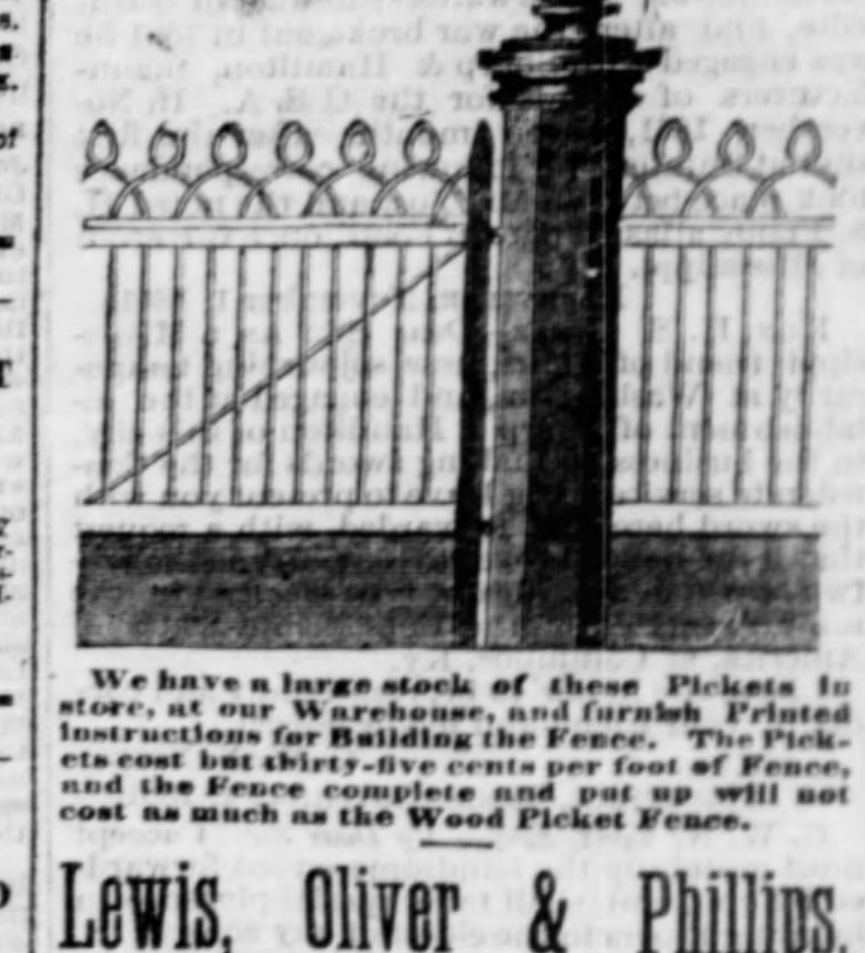

We have a large stock of these Pickets in store, at our Warehouse, and furnish Printed Instructions for Building the Fence. The Pickets cost but thirty-five cents per foot of Fence, and the Fence complete and put up will not cost as much as the Wood Picket Fence.

Lewis, Oliver & Phillips,

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☞ Illustrated Circular and References furnished on application.

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Or for Slate or other Covering, for Depots, Round-houses, Blast Furnaces, Banks, &c.

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Corrugated Iron

FOR ROOFING OR SIDING WOODEN FRAME BUILDINGS.

The demand for CORRUGATED IRON is creases yearly as its merits become known, for Siding, as well as Covering all classes of Manufacturing Establishments where it is desirable to decrease the amount of wood used as a safety from fire.

Carnegie, Kloman & Co.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

BRIDGE IRON, PATENT SOLID ROLLE WROUGHT IRON BEAMS,

Girders, Channel Iron, Angles, Plates, Axles, Post Iron, Splice Bars, Merchant Bar, Forgings, &c.

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☞ Lithograph of Sections furnished on application

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Of acknowledged Superior Quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.

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HASKINS' PATENT DOUBLE SPIRAL PINIONS
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OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Office and Warehouse, 209 Liberty Street.

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ROLLING MILL CASTINGS,

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CHILLED ROLLS,

SHEARS AND PUNCHES.

NAIL MACHINES, Ernest's Patterns.

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OF IMPROVED CONSTRUCTION.

MILLS FOR GRINDING BRICK CLAY.

CASTINGS MADE OUT OF GUN IRON, WHEN ORDERED. ROLLS TURNED.

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Iron and Wooden Bridges,

Wrought Iron Turn-Tables, Roofs, &c.

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Narrow Gauge Railroads,

Contractors' use, Furnaces, Mines and other special service.

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Works corner Fiftieth street and A. V. R. R.

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Engine Builder and Machinist,

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Foundry—On Third avenue, near Market street,
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Janus-Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint & Coffee Mills, Malleable Iron Castings, &c.

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FINISHED IN

Nickel Plate, Black, Gold and Bronze.

Cooking Ranges,

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COOKING STOVES,

Fenders, Parlor Stoves,

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Coal Hole Doors, Oven Doors,

LAUNDRY STOVES, &c., &c.

The Finest Qualities and Largest Assortment of the above Goods, at

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FIERY FURNACE!

NILES' IMPROVED

STAR RANGE,

The Improved Double-Oven

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Columbia Cook Stove.

NEWLY IMPROVED CONFIDENCE COOK STOVES.
HEATING STOVES, GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS.
G. H. McELEVEY'S PATENT PERFECT COMBUSTION FIRE GRATE, &c.

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206 and 208 Liberty Street.

D. De HAVEN & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

The Duquesne Coal Cooking Stove,

AND EVERY VARIETY OF

COOKING,

PARLOR AND

HEATING STOVES,

FOR COAL AND WOOD.

GRATE FRONTS, HOLLOW WARE &c.

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No. 22 Wood Street.

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Foundry, Machine & Boiler Works.

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STEAM ENGINES,

For Oil Wells, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Planing and Rolling Mills. Have on hand and make to order all sizes TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED, CYLINDER and LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, HOUSE FRONTS, COLUMNS, WINDOW HEADS and MACHINE CASTINGS of every description.

Prompt attention given to Repairing.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

MERCHANT BAR IRON,

FISH BARS AND BOLTS,

Patent Hot Hammered Bolts and Nuts,

WASHERS, WOOD SCREWS, CARRIAGE, PLOW, CAR AND BRIDGE BOLTS, RIVETS AND PATCH BOLTS.

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Boiler, Still and Tank Works.

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TUBULAR DOUBLE-FLUED FIRE B AND CYLINDER

Steam Boilers,

Chimneys, Britches, Oil Stills, Oil Tanks,
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☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

AXES, SAWS and SHOVELS

Emerson's Inserted Toothed Saw.

Particular attention paid to the Manufacture of SHOVELS for FURNACES, MILLS and COAL WORKS.

Offices—Lippincott Axe Factory and Pittsburgh Saw Works, Dinwiddie street, near Fifth avenue.

Star Fire Brick Co

Corner Twenty-second and Railroad Sts. PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURE THE CELEBRATED

Clarion Star Brick

FOR ROLLING MILLS, FOUNDRIES, STEEL WORKS, BLAST FURNACES, GLASS WORKS, COKE OVENS, &c.

TILES, STOVE LINING AND FIRE BOX ARCHES, A SPECIALTY.

GRAFF TUBE WORKS.

William Graff & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Plain and Galvanized Wrought

Iron Pipe,

FOR GAS, STEAM AND WATER,

No. 140 FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pipe of any Size, Length or Thickness furnished to order.

THE VERY LATEST.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 2, 1872.

A CHOLERA SENSATION EXPLODED.

Health officer Vanderpool give an explicit contradiction to the statement in the *World* that the French gunboat La Terreur, which came here with the Admiral and another gunboat last week from the West Indies, has been sent to sea again, with orders to keep on the open ocean, having on board out of some 220 men 40 cases of unquestionable cholera. Dr. Vanderpool says no vessel of that name, either in the war or merchant service of France, is now or has been in this port. No vessel with cholera on board has entered the harbor this spring, nor has a case of cholera occurred after so entering. The health officer also explicitly denies upon authority that any cholera exists at Havana and humanely says: "The State has made liberal provision for the care of such diseases, and instead of dooming them to almost certain death by sending them to sea, would remove them as speedily as possible to one of its hospitals, and take thorough measures to cleanse the vessel."

THE BODY OF JAMES GORDON BENNETT

Is to be preserved in ice until the arrival here of his son and daughter from Europe, which will be some time during the present week.

ARRIVAL.

Arrived, the steamer Baltic, from Liverpool.

BASE BALL.

One of the best base ball games on record was played yesterday, between the Mutuals of this city and the Athletics of Philadelphia. About six thousand persons were present. The score at the close was Atletics 2, Mutuals 3.

THE LABOR MOVEMENT.

The bakers met last evening and passed a resolution to work only twelve hours henceforward, and to accept no wages lower than fifteen dollars per week. The sash and blind makers of Brooklyn last evening resolved to demand eight hours to-morrow.

A FAILURE.

The Workingwomen's Home in Elizabeth street is to be closed July first, and the building offered for sale. The house cost about $90,000, and the expenses of furnishing and fitting up from $40,000 to $50,000. This has never been paid, and the institution is mortgaged for the amounts. The income has only been sufficient to pay the running expenses.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Court House Commissioners yesterday discharged all the workmen on the new court house building. It is said the men have not received any pay for nine months.

Leonard Curry, of the tug boat Epsilton, which exploded her boiler on the 27th ultimo, died in Bellevue hospital to-day.

Nine steamers left this port yesterday for Europe—largest number that ever started hence for the old world in one day.

George Lavery, who has been on trial for the murders of officer Lambrecht, was yesterday found guilty of murder in the second degree. Sentence will be pronounced on Monday.

The Brooklyn Committee of Fifty express the opinion that the city has been swindled out of $200,000 in the contract awarded to Kingsley and Keeney for building the Third avenue sewer.

In response to a call for a grand rally of workingmen at Cooper Institute last evening, to put forward the claims of Senator Henry Wilson for the nomination for Vice President, about two hundred persons assembled and were addressed by General O'Beirne. A series of resolutions were passed and will be presented at the Philadelphia Convention.

Dr. L. B. Irish and Mrs. Anderson were arrested in Brooklyn on the strength of the report of Professor Doremus that he found in the exhumed body of Edward O. Anderson sufficient arsenic to have caused death. The arrested parties were some weeks ago charged by the father of the deceased with his murder by poison.

POLITICAL.

Democratic Primary Election in Richland County, O.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MANSFIELD, O., June 2, 1872.

The county Democratic primary election yesterday was hotly contested—more so than any that have been held for years. The returns are not yet complete, but the following is indicted as the successful ticket: Probate Judge, Henry D. Keith; Prosecuting Attorney, R. B. McCreery; Commissioners, Joseph Boals; Infirmary Director, C. Ward; Surveyor, John Newman; Coroner, W. H. Race. The principal interest centered in the struggle between Col. B. Burns and Judge G. W. Geddis for the indorsement of Richland county as Congressional candidate for the Fourteenth district, the contest becoming quite bitter at the close. The result is the probable triumph of Col. Burns by a majority of ten to fifteen in the delegation, and of about two hundred in the popular vote. The summing up seems to show that Col. Burns and the better part of the Democratic party have made a determined and successful fight against the ring that has controlled the nominations for many years. The vote will be counted and declared to-morrow.

Spanish Volunteers Conspire to Rob the Banks in Havana—The Edgar Stuart Lands a Cargo—Traitors in the Insurgent Camp.

KEY WEST, FLA., June 2.—Letters received here from Havana, dated May 31st, say preparations were secretly made by the volunteers to attack and burn the Spanish Bank and exchange offices on Thursday evening, while the procession of Corpus Christi was passing through the streets. Gen. Ceballos having received warning, had a battalion of marines, over five hundred regular officers and their servants, and a company of volunteer cavalry, composed of Cubans, ready to fall on the conspirators should they attempt to carry out their plot. On the morning in question the President of the Spanish Bank issued a proclamation defending the institution from the charge of speculating in foreign exchange and of raising the rate, declaring that the present high price was owing to causes beyond the control of the bank, which really suffered by it. The day passed off without any disturbance. These letters also report that the steamer Edgar Stuart succeeded in landing a cargo of war materials for the interior with safety. Cespedes was near Majari—several Cuban chiefs had been detected in intrigues with Spaniards to sell out and deliver their companies into the hand of the troops. Those of the conspirators who were found guilty were condemned to death, and hanged on trees heads downwards.

Another Defeat of Mexican Revolutionists.

MATTAMORAS, June 2.—Last night at eleven o'clock news was received announcing that General Trevino, finding himself being hemmed in, sent in General Correllas's forces from Comargo attempted to evacuate Monterey, when he was attacked and badly routed, losing a great number of his men and material, escaping himself with a small guard toward the mountains. Bells were rung and troops paraded with music at midnight celebrating the victory. This puts the entire road from the frontier to the city of Mexico in possession of the government, which has sufficient force in all the intervening cities to maintain order. Generals Ceballas and Correllas's armies united, at the most seven thousand, since the fall of Monterey will be used to pursue the revolutionists, dispersed throughout the country in small bands. The mail stage and telegraph will be restored in a short time and communication opend from this city to the capital.

Murderers Discovered After a Year's Search

CHICAGO, June 1.—A Jacksonville, Ill., special says after a year's incessant search and investigation by shrewd detectives for the murderers of Hon. Sharon Tynsdale, Ex-Secretary of State, it is believed that the men who committed the crime have been discovered and evidence found to convict them. Charles Durning and James Kennedy, who were convicted in the Morgan county Circuit Court for swindling an old man in this city out of a comfortable sum of money by a confidence game in 1871, and sent to the penitentiary, where they are now serving their terms, are the persons implicated in Tynsdale's murder, according to evidence collected by the detectives.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

A special dispatch from Tallahassee says the Supreme Court on Saturday decided that W. Blotham, Democrat, was elected Lieutenant Governor of Florida by forty-five votes. S. T. Day, Republican, has hitherto filled the position.

Matamoras, Mexico, special says the revolutionists have forced twenty-four merchants, all wealthy citizens of Monterey, to work in the trenches because they refuse to pay $80,000 demanded of them as a loan.

George F. Clark alias Prof. Fisher, the aeronaut who fell from a balloon at Memphis, died in the hospital.

A terrible thunder storm, accompanied by heavy wind and torrents of rain, passed over Terre Haute last evening, doing considerable damage to trees and crops. The tin roof of the *Gazette* newspaper office was blown off, letting in a great flood of water, which did much damage.

Dr. M. L. Linton, one of the oldest and most noted physicians of St. Louis, died Saturday night.

The Cincinnati tailors have be, successful in their strike. The employers have yielded, and the men will go to work to-day.

Most of the delegates elected at the Democratic primaries in St. Louis Saturday evening are for Greeley and Brown.

At Knightville, Ind., on Saturday, a brakeman named Pritchard was knocked off the track by the cars and dangerously hurt.

Senator Tipton is one of those "Liberal" Reformers who were reddest and hottest and rejoiced loudest over Greeley's nomination. But he, too, has got recent light, and we now have him admitting that the thing is on the down-grade, and that it was "a great mistake to hold the Cincinnati Convention so early. It ought to have been called to meet after the Philadelphia Convention." He admits further that "uncertainty and terrible suspense" have done the business for Greeley.

YOST, THE PARDONED CONVICT.

Some Light on his Antecedents and Loyalty.

[From the Titusville Herald.]

I notice in your issue of the 21st a letter signed H. Marshall, in regard to the loyalty of G. W. N. Yost. The writer of the letter claims to have known Yost in Tennessee during the war and draws certain inferences concerning his motives for staying in the South. Perhaps the following account of Mr. Yost will furnish as good a clue to his motives as is given by Mr. Marshall's account before referred to:

G. W. N. Yost in 1857 was at Holly Springs, Miss., as a general agent for Northern manufacturers, and engaged particularly in selling Cotton plows. Afterwards he was in Nashville, and after the war broke out in 1861 he was engaged with Sharp & Hamilton, manufacturers of swords for the C. S. A. In November, 1861, seven months after the first shot at Sumter, the following correspondence took place between Mr. Yost and the noted H. S. Foote, alias Hangman Foote, once Governor of Mississippi.

NASHVILLE, November 1, 1861.

HON. H. S. FOOTE—Dear Sir: As a Mississippi friend of yours, now sojourning temporarily at Washington, and engaged at the establishment of Sharp & Hamilton of this city, in the business of making swords for the Confederate service, I beg leave to present you with the sword herewith forwarded, with a request that it be handed over to one of your sons—two of whom are, I learn, now engaged in the military service of the Confederate States of America, at Columbus, Ky.

I have the honor to be, respectfully and cordially, your friend and fellow-citizen.

G. W. N. YOST.

NASHVILLE, TENN., November 1, 1861.

G. W. N. YOST, ESQ.—*My Dear Sir*: I accept most gratefully the handsome sword forwarded by you, and shall take special pleasure in handing it over to the eldest of my sons, H. S. Foote, Jr., who is now remaining with me for a day or two. It is particularly gratifying to me to receive this additional testimony of your patriotism and of your friendship for myself personally. Having known you in former days as the inventor and constructor of one of the most valuable plows ever employed in the South, and learning that, for the present, you have relinquished your former profitable occupation with a view to exercising your skill and ingenuity in the fabrication of arms for the use of our citizen soldiery, allow me to express the hope (not as I think wholly unjustified by present indications) that the day may not be far distant when our struggle for independence having terminated successfully, you will be able under the auspices of peace re-established, to perform the agreeable task of converting the sword into the plough-share, and be permitted once more to devote your energies to the development of the agricultural riches of our favored region.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your friend and servant, H. S. FOOTE.

It will be observed that if Mr. Yost had so ardently desired to get away from the South, he had seven months prior to the sword donation to do it in. What "devotion to the old flag!"

Nor is this all the proof this patriot gave of his adherence to the Southern cause. He owned a splendid white horse which he managed to induce General and ex-Governor Clark, of Mississippi, to accept as a mark of his appreciation. General C. commanded a division of General A. S Johnston's army. It is alleged that this is the very horse which Sohnston rode at the battle of Shiloh, and from which he fell mortally wounded on that occasion. Devotion to the old flag is Yost's best hold.

Now take a look at this patriot in a new *role*—that of a Commissary of Subsistence of the C. S. A. By a very natural gravitation he chose to enter service as a purchasing commissary in the division of General John B. Floyd. Everybody knows Floyd. What a model of strict honesty and high-toned morality he was is a matter of history. Mr. Yost in his new role, was charged with the purchase of corn, horses and equipments. His conduct in this capacity was so peculiar. He evidently was so determined that no rebel exchequer should get the best of him in way of accounts, or else he was determined to help *bust* the concern by making things cost them all they would bear, (perhaps herein is shown a deep hidden devotion to the old flag again) that his companions in arms begun to make uncharitable remarks about him, somewhat reflecting on his character, and, in fact, made it "lively for him." But he managed to keep in the good graces of his model, Floyd, and kept with his command till February 16, 1862, when we find him skedaddling across the Tennessee river from Fort Donelson with the troops that gently left with Floyd, marching away to the music of Grant's guns that were closing in around the doomed stronghold. Here Mr. Yost, bids a perhaps, tearful farewell to the C. S. A. What a career he won for the next year or two as an ex-martyr to the rebel cause, how he suffered during the ten months that he had worn the rebel uniform; how in all that time he had striven to get away to his own dear North; how he had thrown dust in the eyes of rebel governors and generals by giving them presents; how he had held on during all those long, weary ten mohths that he might more effectually *weaken* the resources of the C. S. A. Are they not all duly set forth in his late petition to our President for his pardon, wherein his strong point for moving the Executive to clemency was the losses he suffered in the South during the first years of the war, and his entire "devotion to the old flag."

CITY MATTERS.

Letters Held for Postage June 1, 1872.

	Cents.
Mrs. J. A. Reynolds, Steel's Mills, Ill.	1
Sister M. de Sales, Loretto, Pa.	1
Dr. R. G. Reynolds, Coulterville, Ill.	1
J. H. Moore, Memphis, Tenn.	1
J. Ruardgren, Clinton, Pa.	3
William Moreland, Cleveland, Ohio	3
Miss Mercenia Sidley, Parrisville, Ohio	3
Mrs. Sue L. Sinclair, Clarence, Mo.	3
Miss Julia Burns, Parrisville, Ohio	3

JOHN H. STEWART, P. M.

JAIL CALENDAR.

Prisoners in the County Jail to be Tried This Term—Their Crimes.

Following is a list of the prisoners now in the County Jail, and who will be tried at the present term of the Court of Quarter Sessions:

Murder—Wm. Kocher, Peter Lorringer.
Forgery—John McGovern (3 cases), Frederick Henry (3 cases).
Adultery—H. G. Hutchinson.
Highway Robbery—George Shook.
Assault With Intent to Commit Rape—John Chambers.
Felonious Assault and Battery—William Folland, Benjamin Sherrow.
False pretenses—E. L. W. Jones.
Assault and battery—Geo. Clark, James Loughrey.
Larceny—John Maloy, Thos. Connolly, Jas. McNamee, Wm. Marsland, John Carr, Eliza Storey, James Hawkins, Jerry Sweeney, Wm. Price, John Waugh, John Wallace, Michael Malarky, Chas. Hill, Eugene McCauly, John M. Appel, Emma Jackson, John Loomis, Lorenzo Voltz, Philip Ilk.
Arson—Meyers Updegraff.
Larceny and safe breaking—Samuel Crozier, John Forman.
Bigamy—E. R. Williamson.
Surety of the peace—Hugh Quinn, Hamilton Gilchrist, Adam Weiser, John C. Lucas.
Receiving stolen goods—Wm. Burns.
Exposing person—Daniel Sullivan.
The list is not as heavy as usual.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

The regular season at this theater closed on Saturday evening, and at the conclusion of the engagement of the present week the house will be closed for alteration and refitting. This evening the company from the Walnut street theater, Philadelphia, make their first appearance, producing Bulwer's fine comedy entitled "Money." The organization is said to be very strong, both as to numbers and talent, and capable of appearing with credit in either comedy or tragedy. During the week a number of standard plays will be presented.

Varieties Theater.

The female minstrel troupes which appear at this favorite resort are always attractive, and none better than the one engaged for this week could be procured in this country. The great gymnats, Melville and son, Austin and Hess, the skatists, and John Denier and Maggie Willets will also appear. Next Thursday evening, Messrs. Doherty and Murphy have their benefit.

Concerts and Tableaux.

A series of concerts by favorite singers, for the benefit of the Methodist Episcopal Church, on the corner of Elm street and Wylie avenue, will be commenced this evening. In addition to the singing there will be beautiful tableaux. The tickets are put at the low price of twenty-five cents.

Fifth Avenue Opera House.

This evening the Tony Pastor combination troupe gives its last performance. The entertainments last week were witnessed by large and delighted audiences, notwithstanding the counter attractions. To hear one of Tony Pastor's comic songs, or witness the character performances of Miss Ella Wesner, are treats seldom had in this vicinity. The entire troupe is an excellent one, and should have a crowded house at its farewell performance this evening.

Richelieu.

On next Thursday evening, Mr. Sydney Marlowe will repeat, by request, his performance of "Richelieu" at the Pittsburgh Opera House, supported by the Walnut street theater company. As Mr. Marlowe is shortly to leave the city for an extended tour, it behooves all who desire to see this rising young actor to secure seats in time.

Death of Charles F. Porter.

Yesterday morning Charles F. Porter, an old and well-known citizen of Pittsburgh, died at his residence on Third avenue. Mr. Porter had been suffering from asthma for a long time, which disease eventually terminated his existence. Deceased was a son of the late Charles S. Porter, a well known theatrical manager, who was among the first who catered to our play-goers at the "Old Drury." Chas. F. Porter was a Mason of high standing, and for a long time officiated as Grand Tyler for Lodge 45, A. Y. M. Of late the deceased had charge of the new city building. Although almost always suffering, he was present at the primary election in the Second ward, on last Saturday week, where he officiated on the election board as Return Inspector. His large number of friends will regret to hear of his sudden demise. Due notice of the funeral, which will, no doubt, be an extensive one, will appear in the papers.

Found Drowned.

Yesterday the Coroner empanneled a jury in the case of a man found floating in the Monongahela river, opposite the foot of Wood street. It was supposed that deceased had been foully dealt with, but after an examination of the remains had been made by Dr. Donnelly the conclusion arrived at was that deceased had been accidentally drowned. A verdict in accordance was rendered. It is supposed that deceased was one of two men who fell off the tow-boat "Rover" about a couple of months ago. Such was the decomposed state of the body that it had to be buried without being identified.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

Evansville.

EVANSVILLE, June 2.—Cloudy and hot; heavy rain this morning; prospects of more to-night. The river has fallen six inches. Mercury 90 at 4 P. M. Port List: Up—Nick Longworth, H. C. Wilson and Lizbert No. 4, Garret, Petrel No. 2, Henry Probasco. Down—Charles Bodmann, Tarascon, Evansville and Rock Island. Little business to-day.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, June 2.—River stationary, with nine feet in the channel, and two feet in the chute; nine feet is the shallowest to Cairo. Cloudy; mercury ranged from 84 to 87; rained hard last night and signs to-night of rain. Arrived—J. E. Rankin, Minneola, Nashville, Cincinnati; J. S. Neel and barges, Memphis; Lawrence, Nashville; W. H. Brown, Pomeroy; Allegheny Belle and barges, St. Louis. Departed—Nashville, Minneola, Memphis; Allegheny Belle and barges, Lawrence, Cincinnati; J. E. Rankin, J. S. Neal, Pomeroy; Joseph H. Bigley, Pittsburgh.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 2.—Arrived—Jasper, St. Paul; Harry Johnson, Keokuk; Bee, New Orleans; Davenport, Cincinnati; City of Chester, Memphis; H. C. Nutt, Omaha. Departed—Mary Alice, New Orleans; Wilson, Peora; Victory, Dubuque; Dubuque, St. Paul. River falling slowly.

GILES IN LIMBO.

The Long Looked for Caught at Last—How it Was Done.

The much sought for, much written of, and generally mysterious Giles, the Mifflin township bigamist, has been turned up at last. After living in coal mines, jumping out of second story windows, traveling without shoes; now gazing on the beautiful green valleys lining the Perrysville road, and anon skimming over the lofty heights of the South Side—at last to be captured and shut up within the dingy walls of the county jail. How was the arrest affected? asks the reader. Well, detectives are queer fellows, and sometimes resort to odd means to capture their prey. It was well known that Mrs. Giles No. —well some one of them, anyhow, was living on the old homestead in Mifflin. To her a note was written, purporting to come from John Coyle, Esq., who has heretofore acted as Giles' counsel. The missive informed the particular Mrs. Giles addressed that her husband's lawyer had amicably arranged the Giles difficulties, and to come to Mr. Coyle's office on Saturday and bring fifty dollars with him to fix matters up. In response to this forged missive, it can be called nothing else, the unsophisticated Giles did come to the city, and was passing along Fourth avenue when he suddenly found himself in the custody of Detectives Pender and Wilmot. Notwithstanding his entreaties he was closely watched and taken to McKeesport to answer the charge of attempting to commit a rape on his daughter. An effort was made to have the suit, which came up before Justice Berry, withdrawn, but as it was ascertained that it was the girl's mother who desired to withdraw the charge, and not the girl herself, the Justice refused to show any lieniency in the matter, and as a result Giles was sent to jail for trial. Mayor Blackmore then lodged his committments against him on the bigamy charges so that James Giless immediate future will scarcely be spent in a coal mine. As to the method by which Giles was nabbed nothing need be said just now, but it is not likely that Mr. Coyle particularly admires it.

In the McKeesport *Paragon* of Saturday Giles publishes a long letter, vowing in the most solemn manner that whatever he is charged with, he is not guilty of the attack on his daughter. The court, however, will afford Mr. Giles a chance to explain when the proper time comes. Meantime he will scarcely have an opportunity to breath the mountain air again until a jury gives him permission.

Board of Health.

The Board of Health held a regular meeting on Saturday afternoon in their rooms on Fourth avenue. Health officer Gray presented a report showing that 489 nuisances had been abated. Number of small-pox cases reported during the month of May, 6; number removed to hospital, 5; 145 permits were granted during the month. There were 231 births, and 200 deaths.

A number of bills were approved, after which the meeting adjourned.

The Police Committee.

On Saturday evening the Police Committee held a regular meeting. In the absence of the chairman Mr. Friday presided. The purchase of the Black Maria horses was confirmed. The petition in relation to increasing the pay of the police was favorably received. It is probable that an advance of twenty-five per cent. will be recommended to councils by the Committee. The pay roll for the past month was approved and the meeting adjourned.

Found Drowned.

On Saturday morning Coroner West held an inquest on the body of the boy Richard Lightenheld, found floating in the Allegheny river on Friday evening. The boy mysteriously disappeared last Tuesday. No marks of violence were found upon the body. A few witnesses were examined, developing no facts not previously published, and a verdict was rendered of death by drowning.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

THE firemen are having a good rest.

THE Lincoln Club departs for Philadelphia to-night.

NOTHING interesting occurred at the Mayor's matinee yesterday.

Two new building and loan associations were organized on the South Side last week.

THE Allegheny Board of Controllers hold their regular monthly meeting to-morrow evening.

MR. JAMES L. HARRISON, principal of the Thirteenth ward school, is lying seriously ill of fever.

"CONSECRATED LYE" was what an old lady called for at one of the grocery stores Saturday evening.

MESSRS. LOUIS and Charles Garber had quite a large audience at their benefit at the new Opera House.

THE people are complaining of a bad taste in the hydrant water. Can it be possible that the basins need cleansing?

SUPERIOR LODGE, No. 366, Knights of Pythias, was instituted at Manchester on Saturday night by D. D. G. C. Sample.

MRS. JANE G. SWISSHELM will address the Woman Suffrage Association at the anniversary meeting on next Thursday evening.

SOLICITOUS friends can now address their letters of inquiry to "James Giles, care of Warden Scandrett, Allegheny county jail."

BARNUM'S show will exhibit at Wheeling to-day, Steubenville to-morrow, New Castle on Wednesday, and at Sharon on Thursday.

MR. DAVID S. THOMAS, formerly of the New Haven, Conn., *Daily Register*, is one of Barnum's most active and efficient advance agents.

JUSTICE SUTER, of Allentown, yesterday arrested, on view, William Mullhall and John Mullen for playing cards on Sunday. He sent them to jail for ten days each.

HAD NOT the present officers and managers of the S. F. T. P. O. C. T. A. better hand in their commissions and allow some "live men" to take hold of the institution?

THE time in which the Central Board of Education could have reconsidered their action in reference to the change in some of the text books has expired.

COL. WILLIAM RAMSEY, long connected with the press of this city, will leave in a day or two for a tour to the West, extending, possibly, to the Pacific coast. Good luck attend him.

HENRY WILSON, a lad of about ten years, while playing on the roof of a stable in South Pittsburgh, fell to the ground, a distance of ten feet, but escaped with only slight bruises.

ON Wednesday evening next a handsome flag will be presented by a young lady to Lodge No. 247 Order of United American Mechanics. The exercises will take place in Excelsior Hall, Allegheny.

CARNCROSS & DIXEY'S minstrels will be at the Academy of Music, for one week, commencing June 10th. This favorite troupe will be warmly welcomed, and will do a large business during its stay.

MICHAEL DENNIS, a lad about ten years of age, was run over in West Pittsburgh by a milk wagon, Saturday evening, the wheel passing over his arm, breaking it below the elbow. Dr. Richards reduced the fracture.

THE tracks connecting the American works with the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad have been completed. The firm now have a continuous track from their works in Ormsby to their warehouse in Chicago.

JOHN TYSON, a workman in a wagon factory in East Liberty, received a blow on the head from a bar of iron in the hands of a fellow workman, because he refused to do certain work. No information was made.

THE monthly concert of the Ladies' Home Missionary Society was held in Wesley Chapel, corner of Seventeenth street and Liberty avenue yesterday evening. Short addresses were made by Rev. J. C. High, city missionary, J. Vannote and others.

THE Mayor desires it to be understood that he is determined to enforce the ordinance relating to the cleansing of gutters forthwith. Boxes are once more becoming nuisances on the pavements. The war will be renewed if a reform is not made in this particular.

SOME time during Friday night or early Saturday morning, some parties despoiled two of the beautiful shade trees surrounding the Birmingham public school. A reward of twenty-five dollars is offered by the Secretary of the Board of Directors for the apprehension of the scoundrel.

A MEETING of the Board of Trustees of the "Pittsburgh and Tarentum Camp Meeting Association," will be held at "Smithfield Methodist Episcopal Church" this evening to make arrangements for the annual camp meeting. A full attendance is desired.

WILLIAM SCHARFF, who has been in training for a single scull championship contest with young Butler, of Boston, which takes place on the Schuylkill river at Philadelphia, on Friday next, has gone to Philadelphia. James Hamill, who has had young Scharff in training, accompanied his pupil.

THE hearts of the inmates of the various orphan asylums of this city and Allegheny were made glad on Friday by a visit to Barnum's show. Quite a number of them, under the guidance of their teachers, attended the morning performance, and were, like the adults, highly delighted with all they saw.

THE Union Republican Club, of Allegheny, leave this evening at half-past eight o'clock to attend the Philadelphia Convention. So far sixty-four members have signified their intention of going. The Secretary, Mr. Myler, will be at the club rooms all day to receive the names and make arrangements for those who may desire to attend.

DEPUTY MAYOR PHILLIPS committed Lorenz Volz to jail for trial, charged with the larceny of a watch. As usual Mr. Phillips omitted to insert on his commitment the name of the prosecutor. It would pay a lawyer to hover about the jail and secure the release of about one half the prisoners committed by ignorant officials on defective warrants.

DURING the month of May there were four hundred and thirty-two perscriptions issued from the dispensary department of the Homeopathic Hospital, on Second avenue, to the poor of the city and vicinity, free of charge. The Dispensary is open for the treatment of medical and surgical cases every day, except Sunday, from 11 to 12 A. M., and 2 to 5 P. M.

JAMES CLARK, the young man arrested on Thursday evening last, for stabbing two men in Washington Park, Troy Hill, entered bail in the sum of one thousand dollars for a hearing to-day. Hildebrant, one of the parties stabbed, was considerably improved yesterday, and will be able to be about in the course of two or three weeks. Durgey, the other party was only slightly injured and has almost entirely recovered.

AT THE last meeting of Allegheny Councils the Committee on City Property was authorized to purchase the property on Preble avenue, Ninth ward, on which to erect a lock-up. Marshall Woods, the owner of the property, had fixed the price at $4,000, but when the committee offered to purchase it he advanced the price to $4,500. The committee will hold a meeting in a few days to decide whether it will pay the advance or not.

THE Coroner held an inquest on Saturday on the remains of Richard Lightenheld, the lad whose body was found floating in the river at the Mechanics street bridge, Friday evening. The lad had been sent on an errand on Tuesday last by his parents, and nothing was heard of him until he was found as stated. A verdict of found drowned was rendered. The parents of the deceased reside at No. 72 Carpenters alley, Allegheny.

A MAN named Peter Williams narrowly escaped being robbed of $1,300. About one o'clock Friday morning, he was found by the police staggering along Carson street, East Birmingham, in company with a number of his jovial friends, when he was conveyed to the lock-up. This was a fortunate arrest, as his money might have been appropriated by some of his would-be friends. Saturday he paid a light fine and was released.

WILLIAM WEAVER was before Mayor Callow on Saturday on a charge of releasing a prisoner named Graham from the lock-up. Graham had been arrested on Friday for drunkenness, and had only been in his cell a few minutes when Weaver called, and by some means secured the keys, opened the door and released the prisoner. Both parties were arrested in a few hours. On Saturday Graham was fined five dollars and costs, which he paid. His faithful friend, however, was committed four months to the workhouse.

MR. MARTIN LOWRY, who resides on Somers street, met with a severe accident Thursday evening last. While riding home at a late hour on the Central Passenger Railway, the car ran off the track, and Mr. Martin, with the other passengers, got out to assist in righting it. By some chance, one of the wheels of the car passed over his left foot, crushing it terribly. He was conveyed to his home and Dr. J. S. Thorn summoned. It is probable that three of the injured toes will have to be amputated, in order to save the remainder of the foot.

THE Wheeling *Intelligencer*, in referring to a concert given by the "Pittsburgh Vocal Club," says: The club was greeted with about as thin an audience as we ever saw; to be very precise, there were just sixty-four people in the house, ushers and all. As far as the concert was concerned it was far above ordinary, and should have been greeted with a full house, and that it was not does not speak well for Wheeling. Had it been the "Grand Dolly Varden Minstrel Troupe," the hall would have been crowded and the manager's pockets well filled, but being a good troupe, the management found empty seats and experienced the loss of a good many dollars.

ONE of Pittsburgh's notable "characters" is no more. Yesterday the funeral of Mrs. Stenger, known in nearly all parts of the city as "Grossmutter," took place from her residence in the Thirteenth ward. She had reached the great age of ninety-two years, but up to within a few days of her death, which took place very suddenly on Wednesday last, was as nimble as a girl of sixteen. Almost every day she could be seen on the street, nearly always carrying a bundle or basket on her head, being able thus to carry a weight of fifty pounds with apparent ease. Sometimes, but seldom, she would take a ride on a street-car, never troubling the driver to stop when she desired to alight, but hopped off while the vehicle was in motion. Mrs. Stenger was a native of Germany, and although she had been in this country for many years, never learned to speak English. Although very eccentric in her habits, the old lady was a great friend of the children, to whom she would talk in her own quaint manner whenever she met them, often depleting her slender purse in purchasing candies for them.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Common Pleas—Judges Sterrett and Stowe.

In the case of Michael O'Hara et al. vs. Joseph Dilworth and Alex. Chambers, a verdict was rendered by the jury for defendants. The property in dispute, some seventeen acres located on Fifth avenue, was purchased by the defendants at a sale held by assignees in bankruptcy of Mr. O'Hara. The property was purchased by him, he alleges, in trust for his wife, formerly Miss McFarland, at an orphan's Court sale of the McFarland estate. This was in 1866, but it was sold pursuant to a decree of the United States Court to satisfy creditors of O'Hara, which indebtedness had been contracted in 1866 and 1867. The United States Court decided the transfer fraudulent, and afterward the attorneys of defendants, thinking that the title would be made more secure thereby, procured a release from her. The plaintiff failed, however, to prove that he had purchased the tract in trust for his wife, and his case therefore fell through. The amount involved was not less than $100,000.

The following papers were filed:

Petition from citizens of the South Side for a charter to incorporate the South Side Water Company. A preliminary order was granted.

Petition for the charter for the Friendship Building and Loan Association. Preliminary order granted.

Petition of Emma Bailey by her next friend John Wilkenson for a decree of divorce from John Bailey. Ground—personal violence. Subpœna issued.

IN MEMORIAM.

At the close of the session of court, W. D. Moore, Esq., stated that it was his painful duty to announce to the court the decease of Thomas Holland. Mr. Moore did not desire to make an oration on his deceased friend, but that he felt it incumbent on him to give his testimony as to his ability and worth. The gentleman then, in a few brief, feeling remarks, reviewed the character of the deceased and his brief career at the bar.

Hon. Judge Stowe, remarked that he had marked Mr. Holland in his mind as a young man peculiarly fitted for the profession he had chosen, and paid a high tribute to his personal character.

Other members of the bar spoke of deceased in terms of kindness and praise.

Judges Sterrett and Collier highly eulogised the deceased, after which the clerk was ordered to make a note of the proceedings on the Court record.

Adjourned.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

220. (O. L.) Dressel vs. Boggs.
157. (O. L.) Duff vs. Dovington.
1. No. 3, Skiles vs. Skiles.
32. No. 3, O'Keefe et al. vs. Barr et al.
35. No. 3, Miller, Barr and Parkus vs. Lippincott & Bakewell.
36. No. 3, same vs. Thomas Bakewell.
37. Carson & Co. vs. Nolan.
38. Stunn vs. Schrinbarger et al.
40. Geary vs. Stoker.
41. Graebling vs. Huffert et al.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

Upon the recommendation of Chief Justice Chase, N. W. Schaffer, Esq., of this city, has been appointed Register in Bankruptcy for the Twenty third District. He appeared in Court, filed his bond and took the oath of office.

United States Circuit Court—Judge McKennan.

Andrew W. Wilson, an attorney of Washington, whose conviction on the charge of forging pension papers has been previously reported, was sentenced by Judge McCandless, on Saturday, to two months of hard labor in the Western Penitentiary. The light sentence was in consideration of past imprisonment and the circumstances of the case.

J. W. Over, on motion of David Reed, Esq., was admitted to practice in this Court.

John D. Etzweiler, who was convicted a short time ago of dealing in counterfeit money, was sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars and undergo an imprisonment of five years, at hard labor in the Western penitentiary.

In the case of the United States vs the Dollar Savings bank, a special verdict was taken by consent, and some questions of law reserved for future consideration.

The court adjourned until to-day, when the argument list will be taken up.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

Present—Chief Justice Thompson, Justices Agnew, Sharswood and Williams.

In this court (now sitting in Harrisburg) the following decisions were arrived at on Friday:

W. W. Brown et ux vs. Jas. Brisbin—error to common pleas, Centre county, No. 40 May term, 1872. Continuance stricken off and judgment of non pros. entered. Per curiam.

Commonwealth sug. Hite vs. Swank—S. C., quo warranto; No. 383, January term, 1872. Sur motion to quash and demurer to answer respondent. Argued. D. M'Laughlin, Esq., for respondent; P. L. Johnson, Esq., and W. D. Moore, Esq., for relator.

Northern Central Railway Company vs. Commonwealth—error to Common Pleas, Dauphin county, No. 15, May term, 1872. Submitted.

Warren and Venango Railroad Company's Appeal—S. C. (E. D.), No. 52, January term, 1872. Argued. Henry M. Phillips and R. Brown, Esq., for appellants; S. G. Thompson and W. A. Porter, Esq., for appellees.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe

This morning the June term of this Court will be inaugurated. In the Criminal Court the following will be the

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

Commonwealth vs.

Peter Loringer, (murder),
John Frank,
Michael Quinn,
Howell E. Jones,
John Lynch,
Louis Rabel,
Samuel McKee,
Andrew Miller,
Gorman & Crozier.

List of Patents

Issued from the United States Patent Office to Western Pennsylvania inventors, for the week ending May 28, 1872, and each bearing that date:

Air engine, W. Alworth, Scranton; washing machine, G. S. Walker and F. F. Adams, Erie, said Walker assignor to said Adams; hopper for blast furnaces, D. Bauman, Parryville; bread slicing machine, A. Iske and J. O. Steinheisser, Lancaster; washing machine, J. P. Packer, Flemington; butter worker, J. Roman, Holmsville; turn bridge, G. R. Winkler, Williamsport, assignor to B. Berndt and Maria Winkler, same place; governor for steam engines, J. S. Camac, Shickshinny, assignor of one-third his right to S. A. Terrey, Washington, D. C.; combined rake and tedder, R. H. Russell, Lima, assignor to J. G. Scott, Thornbury; automatic steam trap, J. K. Stayman, Carlisle; swing bridge, re-issue, G. R. Winkler, Williamsport, assignor to B. Berndt and Maria Winkler, same place.

LAST evening a man named Edward O'Hara, who was under the influence of liquor, fell out of his buggy while proceeding along Second avenue, by which he sustained a severe gash over his left eye. His horse was caught soon after.

FOR indigestion, dyspepsia, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms, also as a preventive against fever and ague, and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., of New York, and sold by all druggists, is the best tonic, and as a tonic for patients recovering from fever or other sickness it has no equal. MW*

Doing An Immense Business.

We had occasion a short time since to pass the extensive furniture warerooms of Messrs. J. Meyer & Son, Nos. 412 and 414 Penn avenue, east of the railroad crossing. Our attention was attracted by the large number of wagons and drays which we observed loading and unloading in front of that establishment for which we could in nowise account. Upon inquiry we learned that there was nothing unusual in the matter as the firm named are doing such an immense business as to require the constant use of several teams in bringing furniture from their factory to the warerooms to receive the finishing touches and to be exposed for sale and to carry it away after being disposed of. The firm are undoubtedly doing an immense business, which is, however, but the natural outgrowth of their long earned reputation for producing nothing but the most superior work. They particularly excel in fine parlor and office sets and are constantly in receipt of heavy orders for furniture of this kind. Messrs. Meyer & Son are truly in the full tide of business prosperity.

St. Peter's Church Property, Corner Anderson Street and Church Avenue, Allegheny City, by Auction.

See McIlwain's auction advertisement for particulars of this important property, to be sold on the premises, to-morrow afternoon. It is over 74 by 111 feet, in one of the most prominent corner situations in the Fourth ward. The improvement is the large and very substantial church building, which can easily be adapted to any extensive manufacturing or other business, with facilities for operation. This location cannot be surpassed for such a use, and the excellent large improvement is at once available.

Sozodont.

So sweet, so pure,
So safe, so sure,
So suited to each dental want,
The Fragrant SOZODONT. M TH.

A Favorite Sewing Machine.

Our readers have already been advised of the fact that the Keystone sewing machine ranks among the very best standard machines in the market. It has attained in a very short time a popularity second to none. This arises from the fact that it is the most perfect, simple and reliable family sewing machine ever invented. It will hem, fell, braid, tuck, cord, gather, bind, etc., in the most perfect manner. It sews the heaviest and lightest fabrics with equal facility. It has more space under the arm than any other family sewing machine, thus admitting large pieces of work without inconvenience to the operator. Call and see its matchless mechanism and witness its perfect operation at the office of Mr. F. B. Kenner, No. 24 Fifth avenue, second story.

Fine, Large and Attractive Assortment.

One of the finest, largest and most attractive assortments of carriages, buggies, barouches, jagger wagons, buck wagons, etc., ever exhibited in this city may be found at all times at the repository of Messrs. Workman & Davis, Nos. 167, 169 and 171 Penn street. They are prepared to suit all customers, and as none but superior work is ever turned out at their manufactory, all vehicles purchased at their establishment are guaranteed to give entire satisfaction. If you are about to buy a carriage or wagon, call an examine the large and elegant stock to which we have invited your attention, ascertain for yourself the prices, and you will be satisfied that you can do no better than to leave your order.

Saratoga Geyser Water.

By a new enterprise just started by Messrs. McClarran & McKennan persons living in this city can obtain all the benefits arising from the use of the celebrated Geyser Spring Saratoga Water just as well by remaining at home as by visiting the springs. This firm have perfected arrangements by which they receive a barrel of this water per day fresh, and with all its remarkable mineral constituents held in suspense in block tin lined packages, and which they propose keeping on draught at their drug stores, corner of Smithfield street and Fifth avenue, and No. 85 Market street. The medicinal properties of the water render it of great value in the curing of many complaints, and all who are subject to biliousness, nervous affections or cutaneous diseases could use it with great benefit.

Arandale House, Bedford Springs, Alsip & Smith Proprietors.

This delighful summer resort is situated near the Bedford mineral springs, and is within ten or fifteen minutes walk of Bedford or the springs. The building is commodious and conveniently arranged. The rooms are large, airy and neatly furnished. The house will comfortably accommodate one hundred guests. The grounds have been laid off handsomely, a ten pin alley is connected with the property—the "Bedford mineral water" is kept in the house fresh from the spring. The table is supplied with the best the market affords, careful and accommodating servants are in attendance. Comfortable hacks, run to and from the house every few minutes and it affords all the conveniences and comforts necessary to make it a desirable summer home.

How Beautiful

Your little feet look, darling, with those handsome Croquet Slippers! Mamma buys them, and pays only 75 and 90 cents to $1 per pair, at No. 28 Fifth avenue. W. G. Hoover, successor to W. B. Clapp & Co.

THE LABOR STRIKE.

Agitation for the Eight-Hour System—The Mechanics Act Independently.

A dispatch from New York published some days ago announced that several of the trade organizations in that city city had struck work and would not again resume operations until the eight-hour law was recognized. This cannot be wondered at, when the current of legislature is considered. The mechanics in the Fort Wayne Railroad shops, early this week, held a meeting and also transacted important business. They did not indorse the eight-hour movement, nor did they make any arrangements for a strike; but they did transact business which cannot fail to be of public interest. They constituted a committee, consisting of nine members, to whom was delegated the authority to visit the various sewing machine establishments, and, as mechanics report upon the merits of the various candidates for popular favor. In compliance with these orders, the members of the committee visited all the sewing machine offices and tested the various machines. The result of a careful examination led to the verdict that the Domestic Sewing Machine was the best and most complete in the market. The decision of this committee has already been indorsed by hundreds of our citizens, who have visited No. 20 Sixth street, and seen the machine in operation.

Assorted Crates

White stone and common ware, suitable for country trade, at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

The Trade Supplied

With matches at manufacturer's prices, at J. D. Thompson & Co.'s, 240 Liberty street.

Carriages and Wagons.

If you want a carriage, top or open buggy, a barouche, a buck wagon, a phaeton, a jagger wagon, or any other sort of vehicle, you can be suited by calling on Messrs. McCallen, Cochran & Co., of the Diamond Carriage Works, Nos. 52 and 53 West Diamond street, Allegheny City. This firm are prepared to suit all customers, and whether you want a moderately cheap or the most fashionable and expensive style of vehicle they will suit you at the most reasonable prices. Visit their place, examine their assortment on exhibition, and ascertain their prices, and we are very much mistaken if you do not favor them with an order in preference to buying elsewhere.

Matches,

Warranted good and cheap, at J. D. Thompson & Co.'s, 240 Liberty street.

Blue Top Matches Cheap,

At J. W. Thompson & Co's, 240 Liberty street.

Carriages, Harness and Horses at Auction.

On Wednesday morning at ten o'clock will be sold at McKelvey's Carriage Bazaar, Diamond street, near Liberty, a family carriage, barouche, spring wagon, set of fine double harness and a fine span of family horses belonging to the Ihmsen estate. The above property is all desirable and parties who may want any of the articles enumerated should avail themselves of the opportunity of attending this sale. Our readers are referred to the advertisement, which will be found in another column this morning.

The Boston One Price

Clothing house, at No. 95 Smithfield street, has opened up a great opportunity for our citizens to dress well at a very trifling expense. This house has a stock of goods that cannot be surpassed for extent or variety. The goods are all entirely new, every garment having been made this season. They are made in the most fashionable and durable manner and of the best materials, and are in all sizes for both gentlemen and boys. The proprietors have opened this store with a determination to give satisfaction to all who call, both as to the quality and fit of the garments, and the prices at which they are sold. It may confidently be expected that they will offer the choicest bargains, and all in need of clothing of any kind for themselves or their boys, would do well to call and examine. Linen coats, pants and vests, excellent quality and latest styles are being sold at $1 each, or suits from $2 50 to $3 50. Stylish and well made cloth and cassimere business suits at $10 and upward. Fine dress suits as low as $15. The Boston one price clothing house has also one of the largest stocks of gentlemen's furnishing goods in the city. Give them a call.

Matches

Of all kinds cheap at J. D. Thompson & Co.'s, 240 Liberty street.

The Philadelphia Convention.

The Republican Nationa Convention meets in Philadelphia this week, and a large delegation of Pittsburghers, including the Lincoln club, propose attending it. Many of them in making their preparations provided themselves with trunks, valises and traveling bags purchased at the mammoth trunk store of Capt. Joe Lieber, No. 104 Wood street. The reason they preferred to buy from Liebler, is because he makes the best and sells the cheapest trunk offered in the city. Call at No. 104 Wood street or No. 131 Federal street Allegheny. See his assortment and ascertain his prices.

Machines a Coudre Elliptiques en Vente.

A la Bureau, Numerr Dix Neuf Cinquieme avenue. Eaton & Freves, General Agents.

Stylish Spring and Summer Clothing.

All the latest and most fashionable styles of spring and summer clothing have just been received by Mr. J. Hannach, the popular clothier, formerly of Fifth avenue and Market street, but now at No. 5 Sixth street (late St. Clair.) Mr. Hannach has one of the finest and most complete stocks of ready made clothing in the city. His goods cannot be surpassed in make, style or price. Give him a call and examine the goods. tf

For Sale by Auction,

Of the Iron City Agricultural Works, Nos. 49 and 51 Ferry street, Pittsburgh, on Wednesday, June 5th, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., the entire machinery and manufactured goods on hand. Machinery consisting of one steam engine and boilers complete, five drill presses, two iron lathes, one center lathe, two screw cutting machines, one wood turning lathe, one morticing machine, one tenant machine, one boring machine, one key machine, one Daniel planer, one Woodruff planer, one shaping machine, saw tables, grind stones, iron vises, shafting, pulleys, and all kinds of material for repairing, mowing, reaping and thrashing machines, horse powers, and knives and sections for mowing and reaping machines, &c., &c. Cider mills, churn powers, bee hives, cutting boxes, spring bed bottoms, broom machines, grain drills, mowing and reaping machines, wool rollers, wood vises, office furniture, and a good lot of dry ash lumber, and the entire lot of patterns. The works are open and at private sale until the day of auction. A credit of ninety days will be given to all bills over $20, with approved security. A. Leggate, Auctioneer.

New China

Being received daily at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, No. 100 Wood street.

DIED.

SCOTT—On Saturday, June 1st, 1872, at 9 o'clock A. M., ELIZA SCOTT, aged 22 years, 10 months and 3 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her father, William Scott, No. 687 Penn street, on MONDAY, June 3d, at 2 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

MUSGRAVE—On Sabbath morning, June 2d, LOUISA D., wife of Simpson Musgrave, aged 21 years and 4 months.

The funeral will take place THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her father, James Davis, Esq., Crescent township. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

HERRON—On Saturday morning, June 1st, 1872, at 7 o'clock, Mrs. CLARISSA HERRON, widow of the late John Herron, aged 75 years.

Funeral from her late residence, Fort Herron, Thirteenth ward, on TUESDAY, June 4th, at 3 o'clock P. M. Carriages will leave Fairman & Samson's office, Seventh avenue, at 2 o'clock.

BROWN—On Sabbath, June 2d, at 10:30 A. M., JOHN BROWN, SR., in the seventy-third year of his age.

Funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 72 Carroll street, Allegheny, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

GEALY—At 5 A. M., Sunday, June 2d, J. AUGUSTUS GEALY, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Watt Gealy.

Funeral from the residence of James A. Fortune, No. 71 Liberty street, at 3 P. M., MONDAY, 3d inst. Friends of the family are respectfully invited.

CARRIAGES $3. HEARSE $5.

RODY PATTERSON, Jr., UNDERTAKER, 117 FOURTH AVENUE.

Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms cash.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America

ASSETS, $6,337,489 83.

Ins. Co. of North America

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Losses adjusted and paid by WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth ave.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,

Iron Founders, Manufacturers Light Grey Iron

CASTINGS.

(Light Cast Goods our Specialty.)

Joint Butts, Shutter and Gate Hinges, Latches, Pulleys, and other articles of Builders' Hardware on hand. Office and Works near Outer Depot, Allegheny City. P. O. address, Lock Box 302, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT—Scurvey and Diseases of the Skin—Fever, restless sleep, foul stomach, tainted breath, languor, depression of spirits, always attendant on the worst cases of cutaneous eruptions, are speedily and radically removed by these medicines. The Ointment cleanses the skin, and the Pills purify the blood, stimulate the liver, and promote digestion. 25 cents a box or pot. MWF&*

Fairbank's Standard

SCALES,

Of all kinds. Be careful to buy only the genuine.

Scales Repaired promptly.

Also, Baggage Barrows, Warehouse Trucks, Improved Money Drawer, &c.

FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., 102 Second avenue, Pittsburgh.

Never Use the Knife.

DRS. KLINE AND LINDLEY, 931 Arch street, Philadelphia, and DR. BOERAND, at Franklin, Venango county, Pa., are making unparalleled cures of CANCERS, TUMORS and ULCERS.

No Knife, No Caustic, No Blood, Little Pain.

GREAT CANCER ANTIDOTES.

For particulars address either of the above. MWF

GET THE BEST.

Howe Standard and Sampson Standard

SCALES.

Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Tucker's Patent Alarm Till, Grocers' Fixtures. Scales repaired.

SCUDER & McCLURG, 63 Wood street.

STRAWBERRIES,

CHERRIES, BEANS, CABBAGE, GREEN PEAS, CUCUMBERS, ONIONS, &c., &c.

Receiving the above daily from the Southern markets.

HENRY REA, JR., 305 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

AMUSEMENTS.

New Pittsburgh Opera House

ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD.......Lessees and Managers.

ONE WEEK ONLY.

The entire STAR COMPANY from the WALNUT STREET THEATER, PHILADELPHIA.

MONDAY EVENING, June 3, 1872, will be presented Bulwer's great Comedy of

MONEY.

Embracing in the cast all the principal Comedians of the Walnut Street Company, for which be sure and see the Daily Star Programme.

Saturday afternoon a Grand Comedy Matinee.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.

FRED. AIMS..........Manager.
FITZ SIMMONS..........Stage Manager.

THE GREAT SENSATION FEMALE MINSTRELS.

12 Beautiful Young Ladies.

Also, John Denier, Maggie Willett, Melville and son, Charley Gardner, Austen and Hess, J. S. Edwards, Alfred McDowell.

Wednesday and Saturday Matinee.

Doherty and Murphy's Benefit, 6th.

Fifth Avenue Opera House.

TONY PASTOR'S TROUPE.

POSITIVELY LAST PERFORMANCE

MONDAY, JUNE 3,

NEW ACTS,

NEW FEATURES,

NEW SONGS.

JENNIE ENGEL, in new Serio-Comic Songs.
ELLA WESNER, in new Character Songs.
KITTY O'NEIL'S Challenge Jig.
HARRIGAN and HART in new Dutch Specialties.
BILLY CARTER, and his new Banjo Solo.
KERNS and GIRARD in new Negro Acts.

TONY PASTOR'S NEW COMIC SONGS.

Positively the Last Performance.

Grand Concert and Tableaux,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

M. E. Church, Corner Elm and Wylie Avenue,

Commencing MONDAY EVENING, June 3, 1872, and continue five nights. Change of programme each evening. Tickets 25 cents; Children 15 cents. For sale at the door. MWF

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

ONE WEEK ONLY,

COMMENCING

MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 10,

Carncross & Dixey's Minstrels

The Star Troupe of the World, direct from their Opera House Philadelphia, will give SIX of their Grand Ethiopian Soirees together with the great artists, EUGENE and UNSWORTH, in their Burlesque Operas. The best combination ever brought to Pittsburgh by Carncross & Dixey.

Prices of Admission as usual. Due notice will be given of the opening of the Box Sheet.

FRED. A. DUBOIS, Agent.

IN ALLEGHENY CITY.

EXCELSIOR HALL—FREE.

BY PROF. O. S. FOWLER.

MONDAY EVENING, June 3d, at 8, on LIFE, HEALTH AND SELF CULTURE, as taught by Phrenology.

TUESDAY EVENING—LOVE, COURTSHIP AND A HAPPY MARRIAGE.

Seats 25 Cents.

Phrenological Consultations and Advice as to your own and children's best business, management, &c., at the Allegheny Central Hotel every day and evening until Tuesday, June 11th, at 6 P. M.

Reduced rates to clubs and families.

LAST DAY OF

PROF. O. S. FOWLER.

Consultation and Advice as to your own and Children's Phrenology, Best Business, Improvement, &c., at the MONONGAHELA HOUSE, absolutely closes MONDAY, June 3d, at 6 P. M.

Grand Concert

AT

CITY HALL,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

July 4, 1872.

$30,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY TO BE GIVEN AWAY.

300 Beautiful Building Lots

AT

OAKDALE STATION

TICKETS $1 00.

At conclusion of the Concert the Manager will distribute 300 BUILDING LOTS to the ticket holders in the usual manner, but HONESTLY and IMPARTIALLY.

These Lots belong to Mr. S. GILLILAND, of Pittsburgh, Pa., whose title to the same is indisputable, and being situated convenient to the city, will make excellent and pleasant homes for the working man and mechanic. These Lots are increasing in value daily. A rich six foot vein of Bituminous Coal underlies this property. A coal bank is open and in good working order. This bank, which gives full access to the coal underneath, will be given away with the Lot on which it is situated. The coal, valued at 1½ cents per bushel, is worth $10,000. A neat Frame Cottage House is also situated on this property, and with the Outbuildings will be given away with the lot on which it is built. Oakdale is a well known, thriving and prosperous town, and at present contains an Academy, Female College, Malt House, Postoffice, Express Office, and a large number of handsome Dwelling Houses, and taken altogether is a desirable place for industrious working men to settle.

CLUB PRIZES.—To the getter up of a club of thirty a handsome Silver Watch will be given. To the getter up of a club of twenty, Five Tickets will be given. To the getter up of a club of ten, two Tickets will be given. To the getter up of a club of six, one Ticket will be given.

The following named gentlemen, well known and prominent citizens of Pittsburgh and Allegheny cities, have permitted us to refer to them. They will vouch for the honesty and integrity of the enterprise: Hon. James Blackmore, Mayor of Pittsburgh, and President of the Mechanics Savings Bank; Benjamin Singerly, State Printer; R. Munson Purcell, Editor and Publisher of the Weekly Mirror, Allegheny City, Pa.; Col. Samuel Kilgore, County Treasurer. As to title to said property, refer to H. S. Floyd, Attorney-at-Law, 89 Grant street, Pittsburgh.

GEORGE H. SHANAFELT, GENERAL MANAGER.

To whom all communications must be addressed. General Office, 73 Third Avenue, Pittsburgh.

Persons remitting money must send by Registered Letter, or P. O. Order.

From the Earliest Ages

Scrofula has been the bane and, as it were, the curse of mankind. In those days the disease was called Leprosy, but later it got the title of King's Evil, and still later it was called Scrofula, which is a term given to a mild form, or where the disease descends from one generation to another. Moses, in the 13th chapter of Leviticus, lays down very explicit rules for distinguishing between those spots which are proofs of the actual existence of Leprosy, and those spots which arise from other impurities of the blood, so terrible and loathsome that had it been considered then that a person known to be infected with it would not be allowed to mix with society. The Jews regarded it as a divine infliction, and believed there was no cure for it. [illegible] Happily in our day, the science of medicine has been developed, [illegible] the use of the SAMARITAN'S ROOT AND HERB JUICES, and the victim of Scrofula, Ulcers, Sores, Pimples, Blotches, Tetter, &c., can be restored to sound health in a few weeks. [illegible] Many now fail to find a cure as well as they did then. To all such the Samaritan's Root and Herb Juices will prove a happy boon, eradicating all impurities from the blood, and making the complexion bright and healthy. A few bottles will remove pimples or blotches, thereby doing away with cosmetics and powders. ROOT AND HERB JUICES, $1 25 per bottle. Sent by Express to any address.

JOSEPH FLEMING, 84 Market street. Agent for Pittsburgh.

HOTELS.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE,

AT

CRESSON SPRINGS,

CAMBRIA COUNTY, PENN'A.,

Will open for the reception of guests June 15th. Applications for Rooms, Cottages, or other information, may be made or addressed to the ST. CLOUD HOTEL, Philadelphia, or MOUNTAIN HOUSE, Cresson.

All Trains stop during the season.

GEO. W. MULLIN, Proprietor.

JAS. L. SELFRIDGE..........E. W. DAVIS.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

ATLANTIC CITY.

SELFRIDGE & DAVIS, Proprietors.

This celebrated Hotel, which has recently been refurnished throughout, will be opened for the reception of guests, on WEDNESDAY, June 26. The Cooking Department of the Hotel will be under the directions of Augustine, the popular Philadelphia caterer. Prof. Aledo, with his celebrated Band, has been engaged for the season; and no pains will be spared to make every thing agreeable. TWO DRAWING-ROOM COACHES will be run on every express train during the season. Persons wishing to engage Rooms can apply to E. W. DAVIS, before 10:30 A. M., at 1419 N. Sixteenth street, between 12 and 2 P. M., at 144 South Sixth st. MWF

THE GRAND UNION HOTEL,

AT SARATOGA SPRINGS,

Will open for the reception of guests June 1. Applications for Rooms can be addressed to Saratoga Springs, or at the Gilsey House, New York, where diagram of Rooms can be seen.

BRESLIN, GARDNER & CO., Proprietors.

ARLINGTON HOTEL

Formerly NIXON HOUSE,

ALLIANCE, OHIO.

First-class SAMPLE ROOM for Commercial Travelors.

FRANK M. KERR,

PROPRIETOR.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

193 LIBERTY ST.,

FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF

Marbleized Mantels,

Of Various Designs, Sizes and Colors.

HOT AIR FURNACES, for Burning Anthracite or Bituminous Coal or Coke.

COOKING RANGES, New and Desirable Patterns.

CHEAPEST FIRE GRATE, saving 30 to 40 Per Cent. of Coal.

STOVES—Cooking, Parlor and Office Stoves, good assortment. HOT AIR REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS, FRONTS, GRATES AND FENDERS.

Wholesale and Retail Prices Low. Give us a call.

JAMES OLD.

COREY & CO., COAL AND COKE DEALERS.

Are prepared to furnish a Superior Article of

PITTSBURGH COKE,

Either in Cars for Western Orders or to the City Trade Wholesale or Retail.

Office—362 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—

SEEDS.

140 bags strictly prime Ohio Timothy Seed;
34 bags strictly prime Ohio Clover Seed;
10 tons ground Corn and Oats.

A pure article, the best and cheapest Feed for Horses and Cattle in the market.

HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

AUCTION SALES.

A. McILWAINE, 106 SMITHFIELD STREET.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH STOCK, CITIZENS' NATIONAL, ALLEGHENY GAS, CITY INSURANCE COMPANY, &c.—TUESDAY EVENING, June 4, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on the second floor of McIlwaine's Auction Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,

16 shares Bank of Pittsburgh;
16 shares Citizens' National Bank;
10 shares Allegheny Gas Company;
10 shares City Insurance Co.;
10 shares South Side Savings Bank.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

100 Lots by Auction,

Monday Morning, June 3,

ON THE PREMISES,

In Sixteenth Ward, Pittsburgh,

Between Penn and Liberty Avenues, Immediately Opposite Arsenal Grounds.

A Free Excursion of Twenty Cars

Will leave the Citizens' Passenger Depot, corner of Penn avenue and Sixth (late old St. Clair) street, at 9 o'clock on Morning of Sale, accompanied by

THE GREAT WESTERN BAND.

Free Lunch will be Served on the Grounds throughout the Day.

These Lots, situate between Thirty-ninth and Fortieth streets, and Penn and Liberty avenues, are the only large subdivision of valuable Property for sale in the central part of the city. Cast your eye over the map of Pittsburgh, and you see that the Sixteenth Ward is the center of the great Iron City, commanding all its important thoroughfares, and making these Lots the most desirable to purchase, with a certainty of their immediate greatly enhanced value. No property which is now, or can be, placed on the market, equals it in the advantages of combined location, beauty, surrounding public and private improvements, facility of access, and convenience to all parts of Pittsburgh. One Thousand Six Hundred Maps of the City, exhibiting the relative situation of these Lots to all the great points of Pittsburgh, are now on free distribution at the office of the undersigned.

TERMS—One-fourth cash, balance in three equal annual payments, with interest. $20 of the cash payment on each Lot at time of sale.

G. STOY, 62 Fourth Avenue.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

St. Peter's Church

PROPERTY,

Corner Anderson Street and Church Avenue,

FOURTH WARD, ALLEGHENY CITY.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, June 4th, at 2 o'clock, on the premises, in Fourth ward, Allegheny City, will be sold the valuable property of St. Peter's Church, corner of Anderson street and Church avenue, being 74 feet 1 inch front on Anderson street, and 111 feet 7½ inches in depth along Church avenue. The improvement is the large and very substantial Church Building which can easily be adapted to any extensive manufacturing or other business, with facilities for operation. This location cannot be surpassed for such use, and the excellent large improvement is at once available.

TERMS—One-third cash, balance in two equal annual payments, with interest. A discount of 4 per cent. allowed for cash on deferred payments. Possession given 1st of July next, or sooner, if desired.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

38 ACRES—Thirty eight Acres at Turtle Creek Station on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, 12 miles from Pittsburgh. The improvements are a large three-story Brick House, containing 15 Rooms and spacious Halls, with convenient Outbuildings, large Frame Stable, &c. Also a new two-story Frame House, containing 8 Rooms and all the modern conveniences. Price moderate; terms easy.

100 ACRES—One Hundred Acres one mile from Turtle Creek Station, on Pennsylvania Railroad, with good improvements. Price $250 per acre. Easy payments.

112 ACRES—One Hundred and Twelve Acres, two miles from Turtle Creek Station, on Pennsylvania Railroad. Improvements moderate. Price $100 per acre.

3,000 ACRES—Three Thousand Acres of Coal and Iron Lands in Somerset county, on Connellsville Railroad. Price $60 per acre on long time.

Elegant Residence in Allegheny City, convenient to the Western Park. Price $22,000, four years time.

Fine Residence at Shady Side, Pennsylvania Railroad. Price $9,000, four or five years time.

INQUIRE OF

John A. Carothers,

108 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

BEDS AND BEDDING AT AUCTION,

On THURSDAY, June 6th, at 2 P. M.,

Will be sold at the VIGILANT ENGINE HOUSE, Third avenue, between Wood and Market street, six fine highly ornamented Bedsteads and a quantity of good Bedding.

By order of the FIRE COMMISSION.

For Sale or Lease,

A Two-story Frame Building,

100x120, with good Engine and Full Line of Shafting and Good Foundry.

WOULD MAKE

A Splendid Machine Shop or Wood Working Factory.

Will Sell or Lease on very reasonable terms. Possession given immediately. Inquire or address

121 Liberty St., Pittsburgh.

JOHN H. STEWART..........ROBT. H. PATTERSON

Robt. H. Patterson & Co.

LIVERY, SALE

AND

COMMISSION STABLES,

Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Auction Sale Saturday, 10 O'clock A. M.

ROOFING.

W. B. LUPTON & Co.,

GRAVEL ROOFERS.

Work done with promptness and warranted.
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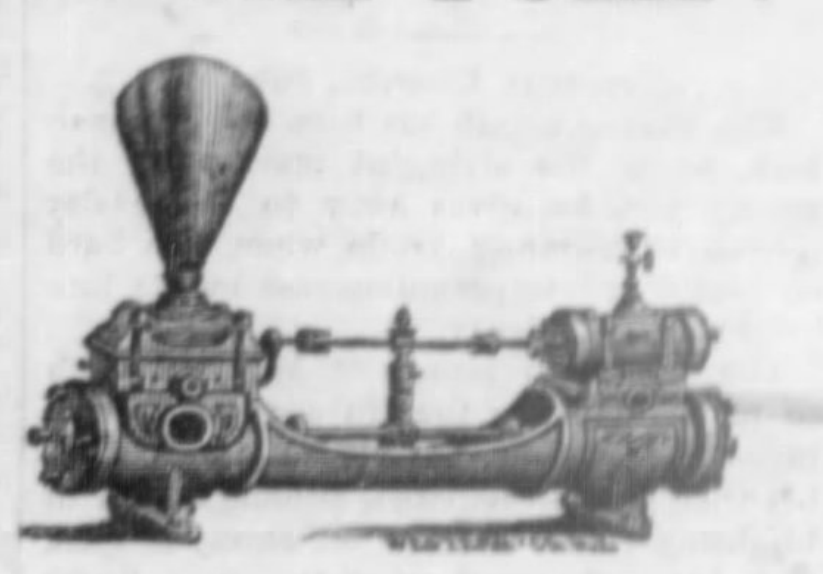

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